



CNA Financial Corporation First Quarter 2025 Results

May 5, 2025



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Reconciliation of GAAP Measures to Non-GAAP Measures

This earnings presentation contains financial measures that are not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Management utilizes these financial measures to monitor the Company's insurance operations and investment portfolio. The Company believes the presentation of these measures provides investors with a better understanding of the significant factors that comprise the Company's operating performance. Reconciliations of these measures to the most comparable GAAP measures can be found in the Appendix to this presentation. For additional information, please refer to CNA's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, available at www.cna.com

Available Information and Risk Factors

CNA files annual, quarterly and current reports and other information with the SEC. The SEC filings are available on the CNA website (www.cna.com) and at the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). These filings describe some of the more material risks we face and how these risks could lead to events or circumstances that may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. You should review these filings as they contain important information about CNA and its business.

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First Quarter Overview

- Net income of \$274 million versus \$338 million in the prior year quarter; core income of \$281 million versus \$355 million in the prior year quarter.
- P&C core income of \$311 million versus \$372 million, reflects lower underwriting results partially offset by higher net investment income.
- Life & Group results largely consistent with the prior year quarter.
- Corporate & Other core loss of \$36 million versus \$22 million in the prior year quarter. The current year quarter includes a \$17 million after-tax charge related to unfavorable prior period development associated with legacy mass tort claims.
- Net investment income of \$604 million pretax, reflects a \$14 million decrease from limited partnerships and common stock to \$54 million, partially offset by a \$9 million increase from fixed income securities and other investments to \$550 million.
- P&C combined ratio of 98.4%, compared with 94.6% in the prior year quarter, including 3.8 points of catastrophe loss impact in both quarters. The current year quarter also includes an unfavorable impact of 2.5 points from net prior period development driven by commercial auto in accident year 2024, compared to a favorable impact of 0.2 points in the prior year quarter.
- Catastrophe losses of \$97 million pretax, includes \$53 million for the California wildfires, versus \$88 million in the prior year quarter.
- P&C underlying combined ratio was 92.1%, compared with 91.0% in the prior year quarter. P&C underlying loss ratio was 61.5% and the expense ratio was 30.2%.
- P&C segments, excluding third party captives, generated gross written premium growth of 7% and net written premium growth of 9%. Excluding currency fluctuations, gross written premiums grew 8% and net written premiums grew 10%. P&C renewal premium change of +6%, with written rate of +4% and exposure change of +2%.
- Book value per share of \$37.98; book value per share excluding AOCI of \$44.58, a 2% increase from year-end 2024 adjusting for \$2.46 of dividends per share paid.
- Board of Directors declares regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.46 per share



Financial Performance

Solid core income despite actions to strengthen commercial auto underlying loss ratio and prior accident year reserves, and elevated industry catastrophe losses

(In millions, except ratios and per share data)

	First Quarter		
	2025	2024	Change
Revenues	\$3,627	\$3,444	5 %
Core income	281	355	(21)%
Net income	274	338	(19)%
Diluted earnings per common share:			
Core income	\$1.03	\$1.30	(21)%
Net income	1.00	1.24	(19)%
Core ROE	9.2 %	11.5 %	(2.3) pts



Property & Casualty Operations

Continued strong premium growth and underlying combined ratio

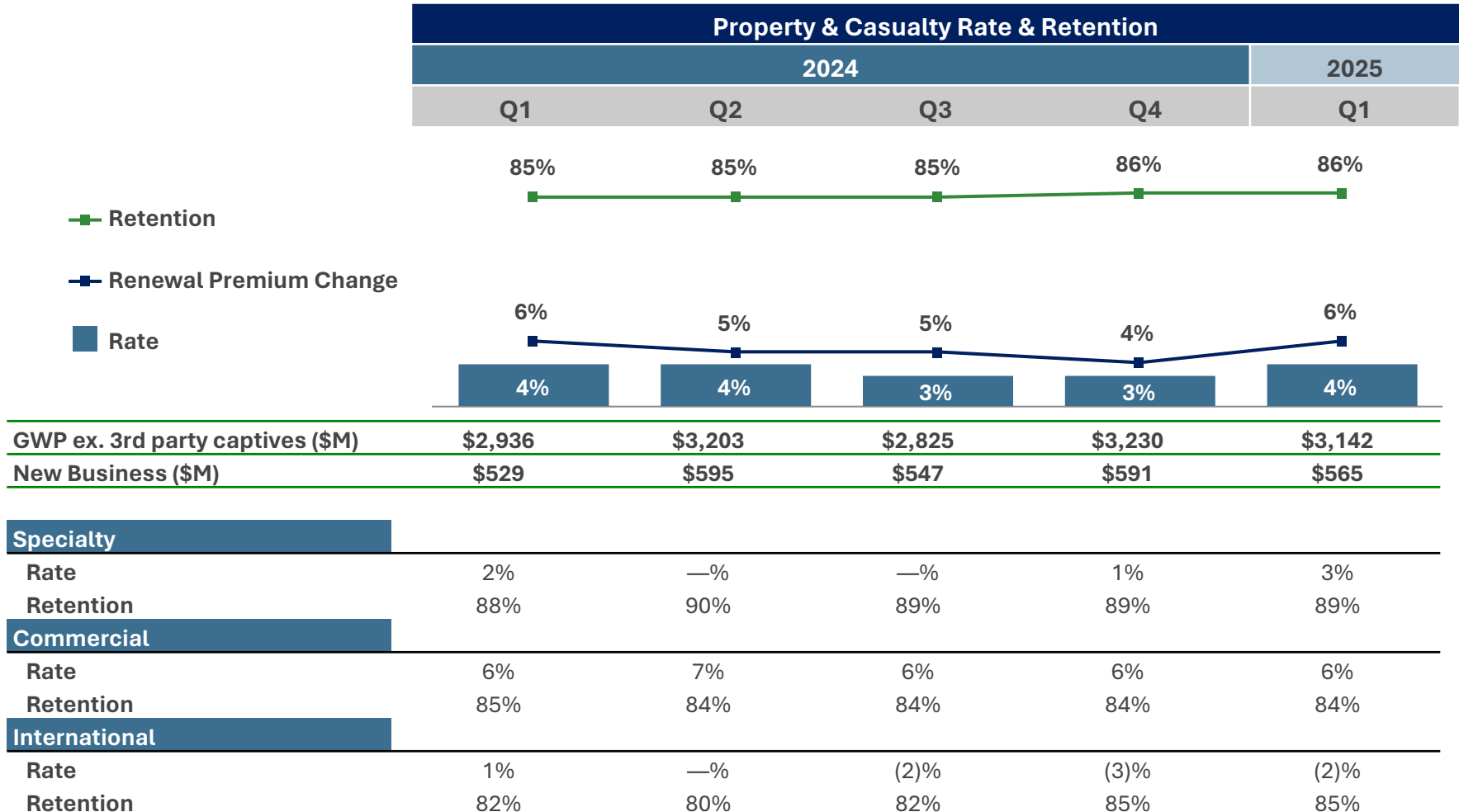
(In millions, except ratios)

	First Quarter	
	2025	2024
GWP ex. 3 rd party captives	\$3,142	\$2,936
<i>GWP change (% year over year)</i>	7 %	
Net written premium	\$2,606	\$2,390
<i>NWP change (% year over year)</i>	9 %	
Net earned premium	\$2,520	\$2,331
<i>NEP change (% year over year)</i>	8 %	
Underwriting gain	\$40	\$126
Loss ratio	67.8 %	64.1 %
Less: Effect of catastrophes impacts	3.8 %	3.8 %
Less: Effect of unfavorable (favorable) development-related items	2.5 %	(0.2)%
Underlying loss ratio	61.5 %	60.5 %
Expense ratio	30.2 %	30.1 %
Combined ratio	98.4 %	94.6 %
Underlying combined ratio	92.1 %	91.0 %



Property & Casualty Production Metrics

Improved rate and renewal premium change, and stable retention





Specialty

Highest quarterly growth in 11 quarters

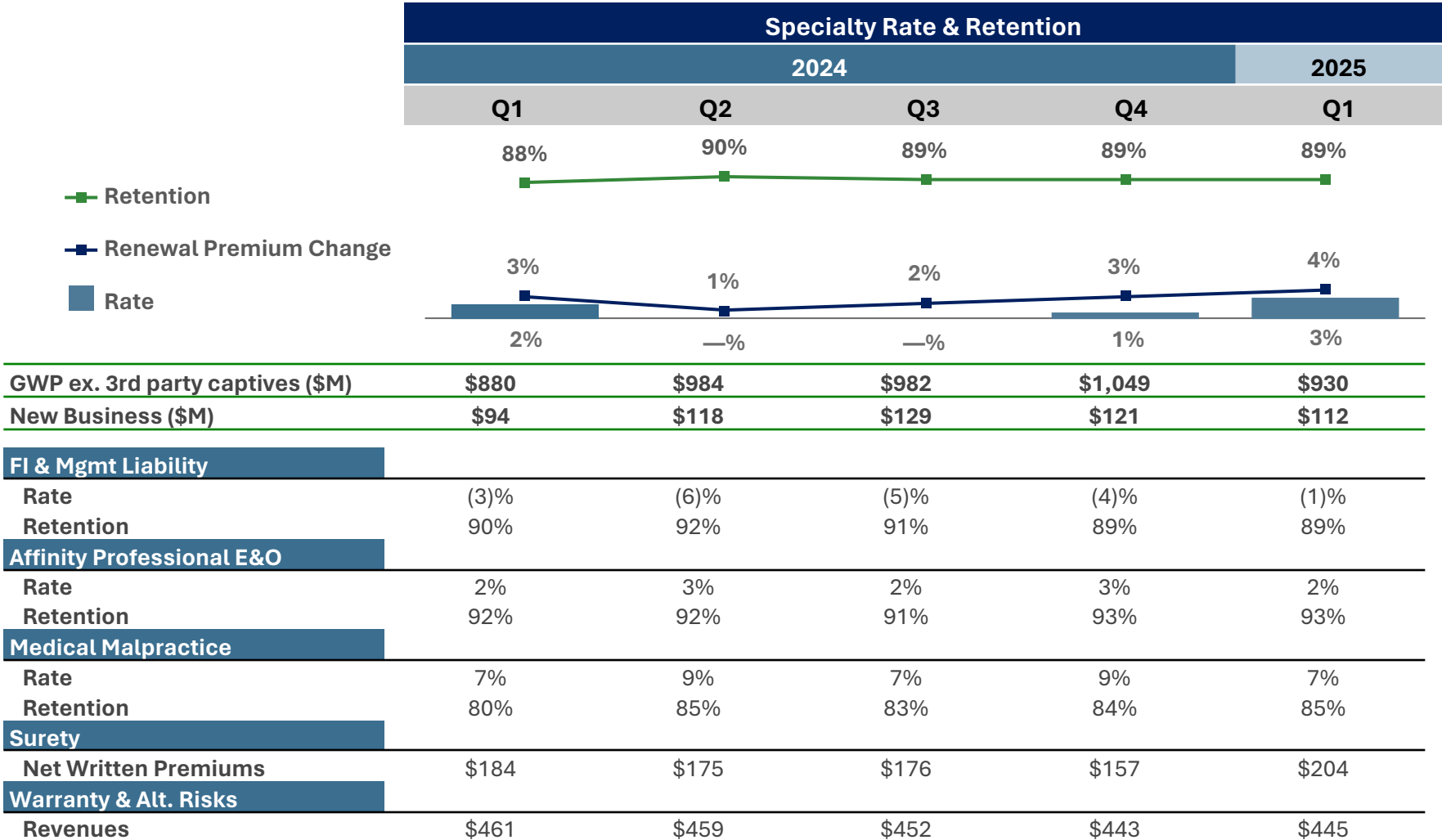
(In millions, except ratios)

	First Quarter	
	2025	2024
GWP ex. 3 rd party captives	\$930	\$880
<i>GWP change (% year over year)</i>	6 %	
Net written premium	\$842	\$792
<i>NWP change (% year over year)</i>	6 %	
Net earned premium	\$830	\$814
<i>NEP change (% year over year)</i>	2 %	
Underwriting gain	\$42	\$76
Loss ratio	61.4 %	58.6 %
Less: Effect of catastrophes impacts	— %	— %
Less: Effect of unfavorable (favorable) development-related items	1.3 %	(0.6)%
Underlying loss ratio	60.1 %	59.2 %
Expense ratio	33.4 %	31.8 %
Combined ratio	95.1 %	90.7 %
Underlying combined ratio	93.8 %	91.3 %



Specialty Production Metrics

Maintaining strong retention with improvement in rate





Commercial

Double-digit NWP growth and excellent underlying results

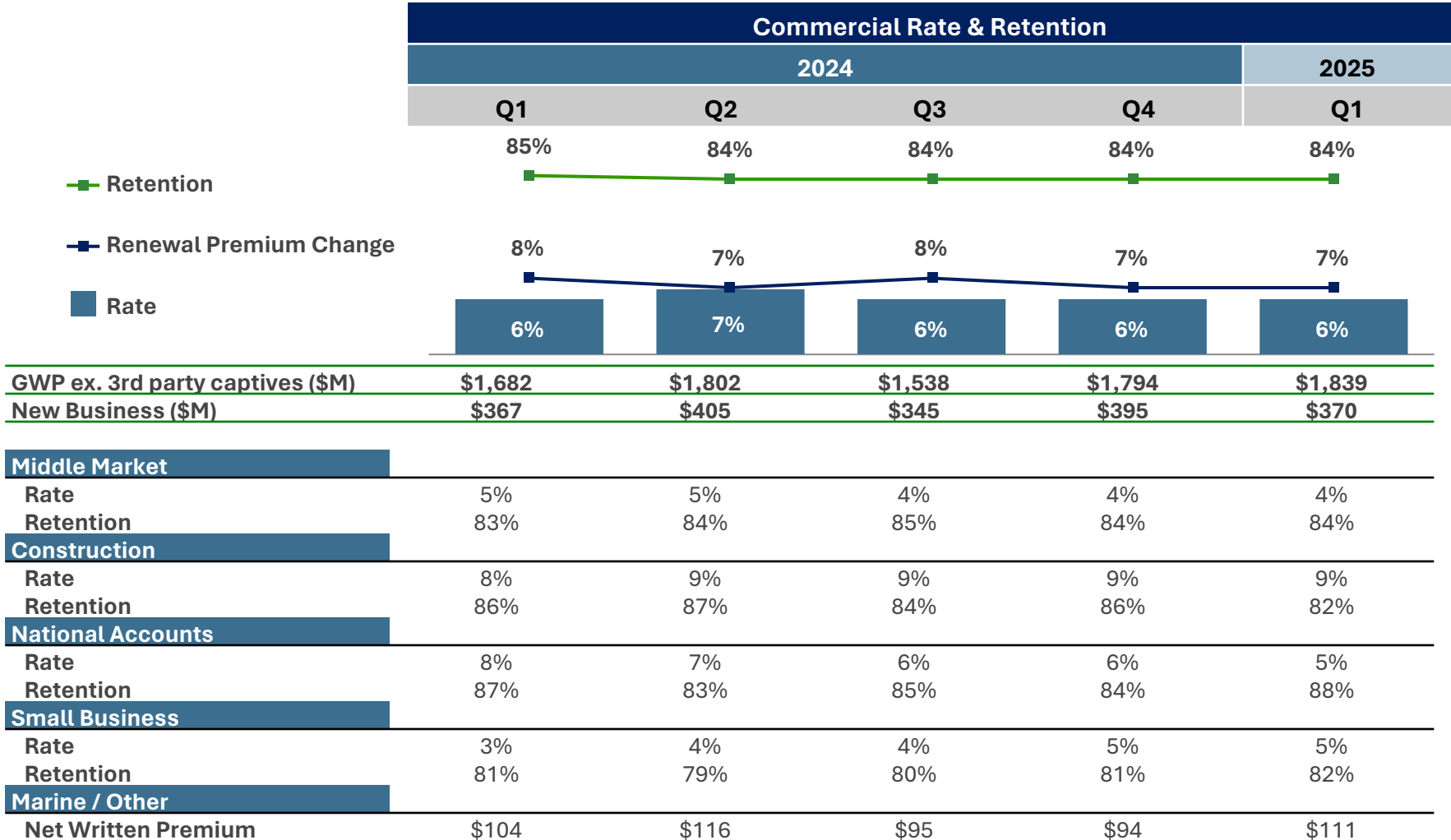
(In millions, except ratios)

	First Quarter	
	2025	2024
GWP ex. 3 rd party captives	\$1,839	\$1,682
<i>GWP change (% year over year)</i>	9 %	
Net written premium	\$1,498	\$1,338
<i>NWP change (% year over year)</i>	12 %	
Net earned premium	\$1,380	\$1,202
<i>NEP change (% year over year)</i>	15 %	
Underwriting (loss) gain	(\$17)	\$29
Loss ratio	73.0 %	68.8 %
Less: Effect of catastrophes impacts	6.3 %	6.8 %
Less: Effect of unfavorable development-related items	3.8 %	— %
Underlying loss ratio	62.9 %	62.0 %
Expense ratio	27.6 %	28.2 %
Combined ratio	101.1 %	97.6 %
Underlying combined ratio	91.0 %	90.8 %



Commercial Production Metrics

Stable rate, retention and renewal premium change



NWP growth ex. currency fluctuations up 7% with consistently profitable results

(In millions, except ratios)

	First Quarter	
	2025	2024
Gross written premium	\$373	\$374
<i>GWP change (% year over year)¹</i>	— %	
Net written premium	\$266	\$260
<i>NWP change (% year over year)¹</i>	2 %	
Net earned premium	\$310	\$315
<i>NEP change (% year over year)</i>	(2)%	
Underwriting gain	\$15	\$21
Loss ratio	62.1 %	60.1 %
Less: Effect of catastrophes impacts	3.6 %	2.0 %
Less: Effect of (favorable) unfavorable development-related items	— %	— %
Underlying loss ratio	58.5 %	58.1 %
Expense ratio	33.3 %	33.2 %
Combined ratio	95.4 %	93.3 %
Combined ratio excl. catastrophes and development	91.8 %	91.3 %

¹ Excluding currency fluctuations, GWP grew 4% and NWP grew 7% for the first quarter of 2025.



Life & Group

Current quarter reflects favorable persistency partially offset by lower investment income from LPs

(In millions)

Net earned premiums
Total claims, benefits and expenses

Net investment income

Core income before income tax
Income tax benefit
Core income

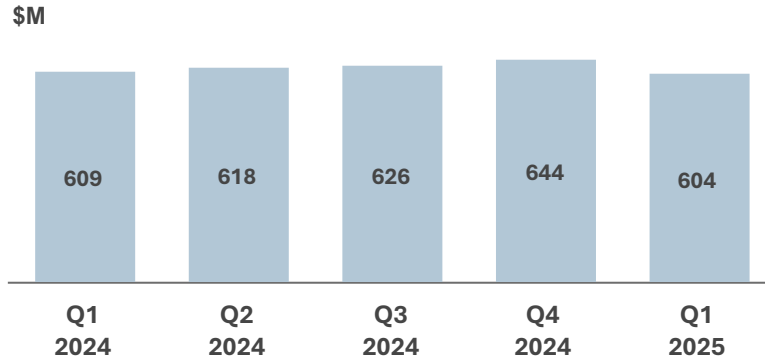
First Quarter	
2025	2024
\$106	\$110
330	341
226	231
2	—
4	5
\$6	\$5



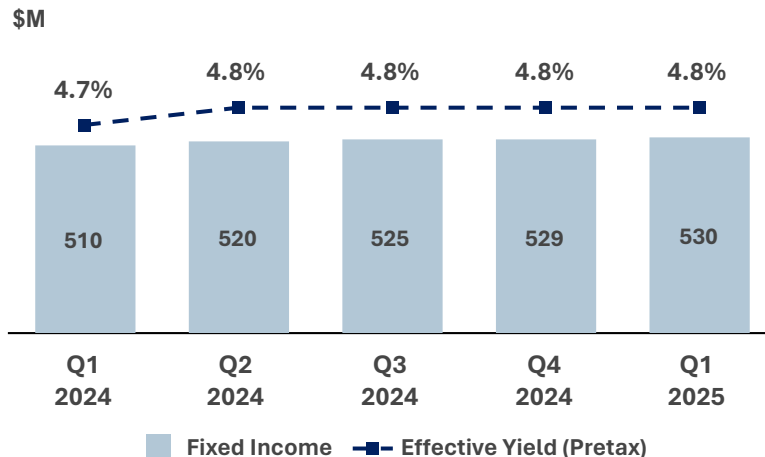
Pretax Net Investment Income

Strong contributions from fixed income and limited partnerships

Total CNAF



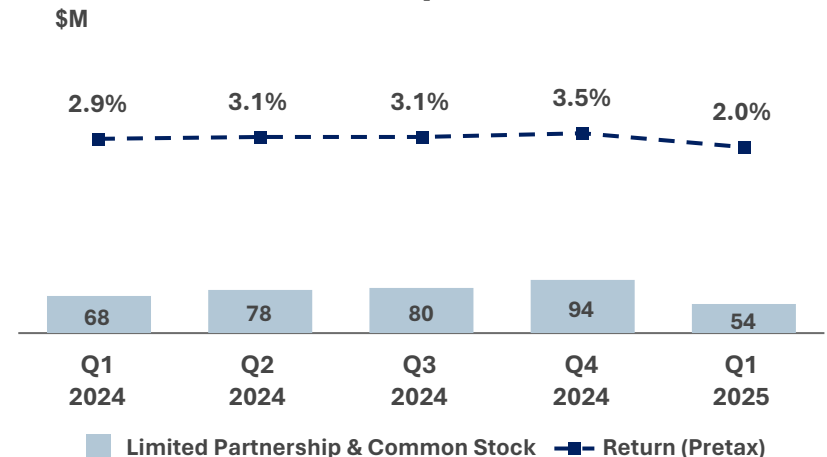
Fixed Income Securities



Highlights

- Net investment income from fixed income is up 4% year-over-year
- Fixed income benefited from strong operating cash flows and the continued impact of favorable reinvestment rates
- Solid limited partnership and common stock returns in the quarter; trailing twelve month return of 12%

Limited Partnership & Common Stock

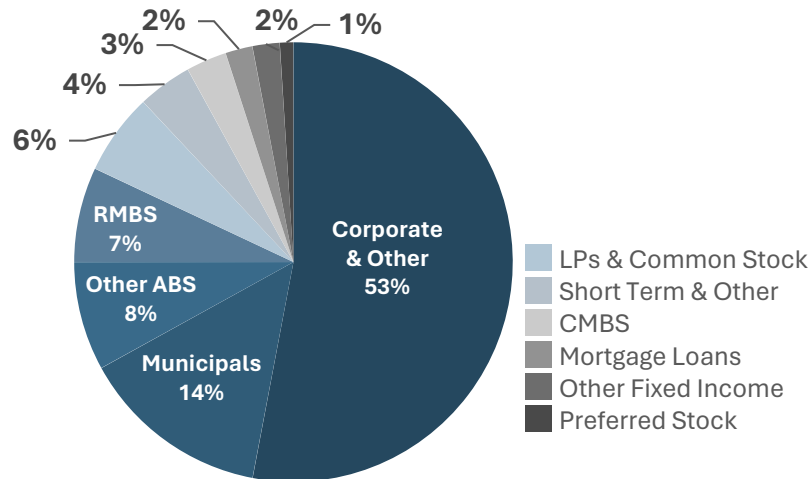




Investment Portfolio

High quality, diversified and liquid investment portfolio

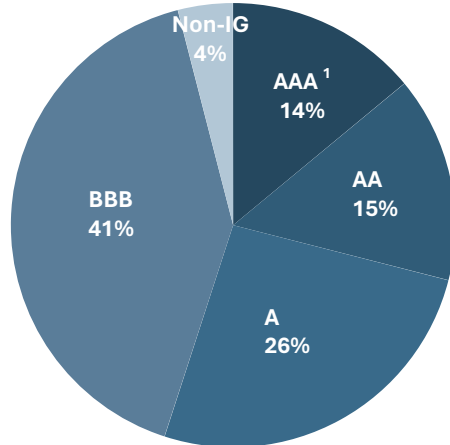
Portfolio Composition



Highlights

- 89% of total invested assets are in fixed income securities
- High-quality portfolio with an average credit rating of "A"
- Duration well matched with insurance liabilities
- Net unrealized loss improved from year-end driven by lower risk-free rates

Fixed Maturities by Rating



Effective Portfolio Duration

Life & Group	9.8 yrs
P&C and Corporate	4.4 yrs
Total	6.3 yrs

¹ AAA includes obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises.



Financial Strength

Conservative capital and debt profile support business objectives

(In millions, except per share data)

	Mar 31, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Debt	\$2,974	\$2,973
Stockholders' equity	10,279	10,513
Total capital	\$13,253	\$13,486
AOCI	(1,785)	(1,991)
Capital ex. AOCI	\$ 15,038	\$ 15,477
BVPS ex. AOCI	\$44.58	\$46.16
Dividends per share (YTD)	\$2.46	\$3.76
Debt-to-capital	22.4%	22.0%
Debt-to-capital ex. AOCI	19.8%	19.2%
Statutory surplus	10,952	\$11,165
Holding company liquidity ¹	\$816	\$1,207

Capital

- Financial strength ratings from all four rating agencies were affirmed in the past year
- Moody's and AM Best maintain positive outlooks; S&P and Fitch maintain stable outlooks
- Statutory surplus remains very strong
- Adjusting for dividends, book value per share ex. AOCI increased 2%

Leverage

- Debt maturity schedule is termed out to effectively manage refinancing
- Next debt maturity of \$500M in the first quarter of 2026

Liquidity

- Ample liquidity at both holding and operating company levels to meet obligations

¹ Includes \$250 million available under credit facility



APPENDIX



Reconciliation of GAAP Measures to Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Core Income (Loss)

Core income (loss) is calculated by excluding from net income (loss) the after-tax effects of net investment gains or losses and gains or losses resulting from pension settlement transactions. Net investment gains or losses are excluded from the calculation of core income (loss) because they are generally driven by economic factors that are not necessarily reflective of our primary operations. The calculation of core income (loss) excludes gains or losses resulting from pension settlement transactions as they result from decisions regarding our defined benefit pension plans which are unrelated to our primary operations. Management monitors core income (loss) for each business segment to assess segment performance. Presentation of consolidated core income (loss) is deemed to be a non-GAAP financial measure and management believes some investors may find this measure useful to evaluate our primary operations.

Net income
Less: Net investment losses
Core income

Results for the Three Months Ended March 31	
2025	2024
\$274	\$338
(7)	(17)
<u>\$281</u>	<u>\$355</u>

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) per Diluted Share to Core Income (Loss) per Diluted Share

Core income (loss) per diluted share provides management and investors with a valuable measure of the Company's operating performance for the same reasons applicable to its underlying measure, core income (loss). Core income (loss) per diluted share is core income (loss) on a per diluted share basis.

Net income per diluted share
Less: Net investment losses
Core income per diluted share

Results for the Three Months Ended March 31	
2025	2024
\$1.00	\$1.24
(0.03)	(0.06)
<u>\$1.03</u>	<u>\$1.30</u>



Reconciliation of GAAP Measures to Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of Net Income to Underwriting Gain (Loss) and Underlying Underwriting Gain (Loss)

Underwriting gain (loss) is deemed to be a non-GAAP financial measure and is calculated pretax as net earned premiums less total insurance expenses, which includes insurance claims and policyholders' benefits, amortization of deferred acquisition costs and insurance related administrative expenses. Net income (loss) is the most directly comparable GAAP measure. Management believes some investors may find this measure useful to evaluate the profitability, before tax, derived from our underwriting activities which are managed separately from our investing activities.

Underlying underwriting gain (loss) is also deemed to be a non-GAAP financial measure, and represents pretax underwriting results excluding catastrophe losses and development-related items. Management believes some investors may find this measure useful to evaluate the profitability, before tax, derived from our underwriting activities, excluding the impact of catastrophe losses, which are unpredictable as to timing and amount, and development-related items as they are not indicative of our current year underwriting performance.

(In millions)

Net income

Net investment losses (gains), after tax

Core income

Less:

Net investment income

Non-insurance warranty revenue (expense)

Other revenue (expense), including interest expense

Income tax expense on core income

Underwriting gain (loss)

Effect of catastrophe losses

Effect of unfavorable development-related items

Underlying underwriting gain

Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2025				
Specialty	Commercial	International	Property & Casualty	
\$ 149	\$ 124	\$ 38	\$ 311	
1	—	(1)	—	
\$ 150	\$ 124	\$ 37	\$ 311	
151	177	34	362	
12	—	—	12	
(14)	(2)	1	(15)	
(41)	(34)	(13)	(88)	
42	(17)	15	40	
—	86	11	97	
10	53	—	63	
\$ 52	\$ 122	\$ 26	\$ 200	



Reconciliation of GAAP Measures to Non-GAAP Measures

(In millions)

Net income

Net investment losses, after tax

Core income

Less:

Net investment income

Non-insurance warranty revenue (expense)

Other revenue (expense), including interest expense

Income tax expense on core income

Underwriting gain

Effect of catastrophe losses

Effect of favorable development-related items

Underlying underwriting gain

Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
Specialty	Commercial	International	Property & Casualty	
\$ 167	\$ 144	\$ 37	\$ 348	
10	14	—	24	
\$ 177	\$ 158	\$ 37	\$ 372	
150	176	31	357	
13	—	—	13	
(14)	(4)	(2)	(20)	
(48)	(43)	(13)	(104)	
76	29	21	126	
—	82	6	88	
(5)	—	—	(5)	
\$ 71	\$ 111	\$ 27	\$ 209	

Components to reconcile the combined ratio and loss ratio to the underlying combined ratio and underlying loss ratio

The **underlying loss ratio** excludes the impact of catastrophe losses and development-related items from the loss ratio. The **underlying combined ratio** is the sum of the underlying loss ratio, the expense ratio and the dividend ratio. The underlying loss ratio and the underlying combined ratio are deemed to be non-GAAP financial measures, and management believes some investors may find these ratios useful to evaluate our underwriting performance since they remove the impact of catastrophe losses, which are unpredictable as to timing and amount, and development-related items as they are not indicative of our current year underwriting performance. The components to reconcile the combined ratio and loss ratio to the underlying combined ratio and underlying loss ratio for Property & Casualty, Specialty, Commercial and International segments are set forth on pages 6, 8, 10 and 12, respectively.



Reconciliation of GAAP Measures to Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of Book Value per Share to Book Value per Share Excluding AOCI

Book value per share excluding AOCI allows management and investors to analyze the amount of the Company's net worth primarily attributable to the Company's business operations. The Company believes this measurement is useful as it reduces the effect of items that can fluctuate significantly from period to period, primarily based on changes in interest rates.

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Book value per share	\$37.98	\$38.82
Less: Per share impact of AOCI	(6.60)	(7.34)
Book value per share excluding AOCI	<u>\$44.58</u>	<u>\$46.16</u>

Calculation of Return on Equity and Core Return on Equity

Core return on equity provides management and investors with a measure of how effectively the Company is investing the portion of the Company's net worth that is primarily attributable to its business operations.

(\$ millions)

Annualized net income

Average stockholders' equity including AOCI ^(a)

Return on equity

Annualized core income

Average stockholders' equity excluding AOCI ^(a)

Core return on equity

Results for the Three Months Ended March 31	
2025	2024
\$1,096	\$1,351
10,396	9,778
<u>10.5 %</u>	<u>13.8 %</u>
\$1,125	\$1,420
12,284	12,400
<u>9.2 %</u>	<u>11.5 %</u>

^a Average stockholders' equity is calculated using a simple average of the beginning and ending balances for the period.