NYSE: DHX

Q1 2024 Investor Presentation

May 8, 2024



Forward looking statements

This presentation and oral statements made from time to time by our representatives contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. You should not place undue reliance on those statements because they are subject to numerous uncertainties and factors relating to our operations and business environment, all of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control. Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, information concerning our possible or assumed future financial condition, liquidity and results of operations, including expectations (financial or otherwise), our strategy, plans, objectives, expectations (financial or otherwise) and intentions, growth potential, and statements regarding our 2024 financial outlook. These statements often include words such as "may," "will," "should," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "estimate" or similar expressions. These statements are based on assumptions that we have made in light of our experience in the industry as well as our perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. Although we believe that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, you should be aware that many factors could affect our actual financial results or results of operations and could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, our ability to execute our tech-focused strategy, competition from existing and future competitors in the highly competitive markets in which we operate, failure to adapt our business model to keep pace with rapid changes in the recruiting and career services business, failure to maintain and develop our reputation and brand recognition, failure to increase or maintain the number of customers who purchase recruitment packages, cyclicality or downturns in the economy or industries we serve, uncertainty in respect to the regulation of data protection and data privacy, failure to attract qualified professionals to our websites or grow the number of qualified professionals who use our websites, failure to successfully identify or integrate acquisitions, U.S. and foreign government regulation of the Internet and taxation, our ability to borrow funds under our revolving credit facility or refinance our indebtedness and restrictions on our current and future operations under such indebtedness. These factors and others are discussed in more detail in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, all of which are available on the Investors page of our website at www.dhigroupinc.com, including the Company's most recently filed reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q and subsequent filings under the headings "Risk Factors," "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." You should keep in mind that any forward-looking statement made by the Company or its representatives herein, or elsewhere, speaks only as of the date on which it is made. New risks and uncertainties come up from time to time, and it is impossible to predict these events or how they may affect us. We have no obligation to update any forward-looking statements after the date hereof, except as required by applicable federal securities laws.

Our vision is to create indispensable career marketplaces to match the highest quality candidates with the right client career opportunities.

DHI company overview

Listed
NYSE: DHX (2007)

HQ
Denver, CO Est. 1990

Employees
460

Subscription clients
7,282

Candidate focus
Technology Professionals

Total Members
8.4M



Q1 2024 financial results (ended March 31, 2024)

Revenue
$36.0M down 7% YoY

Bookings[1]
$48.8M down 9% YoY

Adjusted EBITDA[2]
$8.6M

Adjusted EBITDA Margin[2]
24%

Operating Cash Flow
$2.1M

Capex
$4.4M

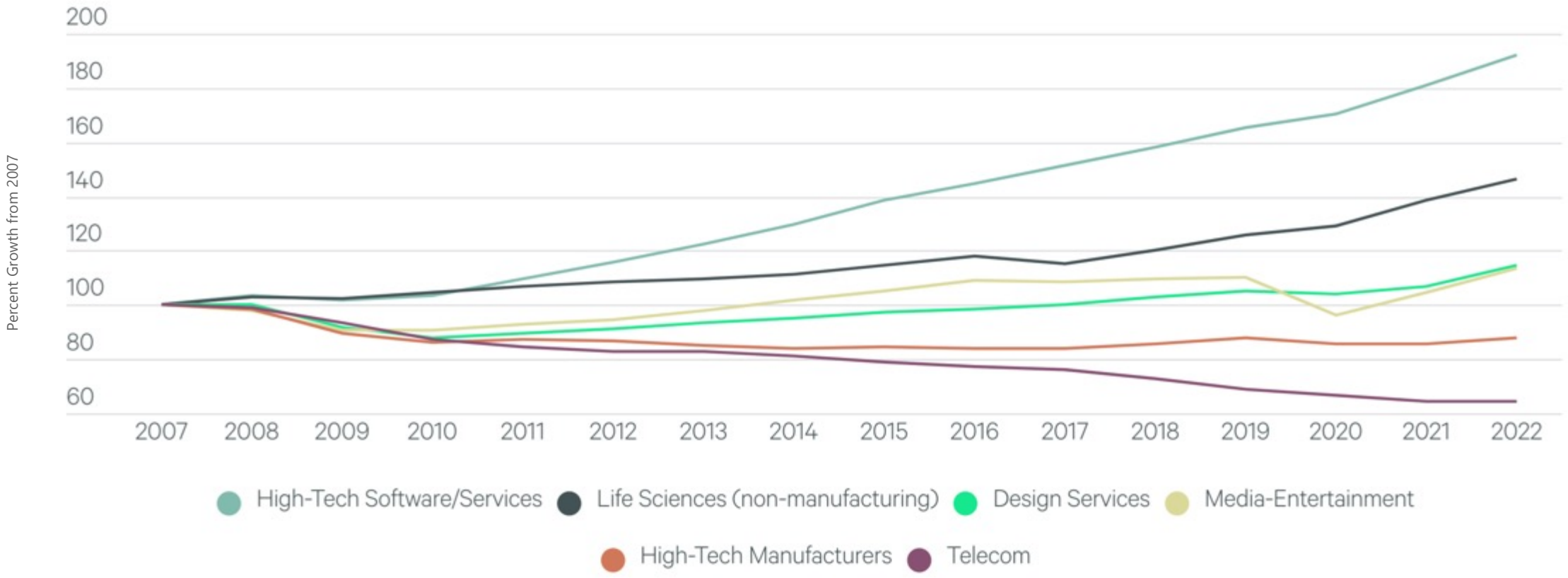
Debt
$41M

Net Loss/Net Loss Margin
$1.5M/4%

1 See definition of bookings later in this document.
2 Notes regarding the use of Non-GAAP financial measures and GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation at end of document.

Technologists fueled the digitization of the US economy

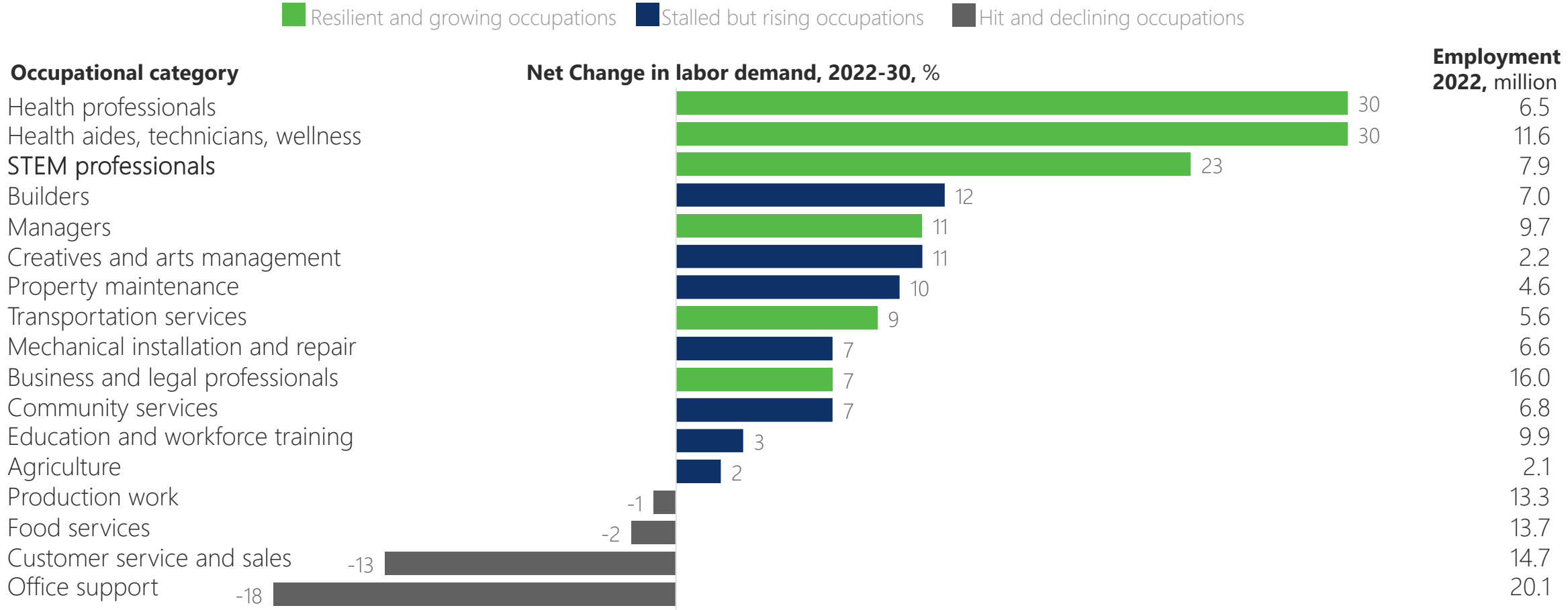
U.S. job growth for high-tech and creative industries



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and CBRE Research, August 2022

And tech workers will continue to fuel it in the decade to come

Midpoint automation scenario, with generative AI acceleration



Jobs in STEM fields are estimated to grow by 23 percent by 2030

STEM professionals are necessary to enact digital projects including the implementation of A.I.

Source: McKinsey Global Institute, "Generative AI and the future of work in America", July 2023

DHI business model elements

Clients
Fee for jobs, profiles views & employer branding

Over 90%
subscription based revenue

65%
of annual contracts paid upfront

87%
revenue renewal rate

Candidates
Free access to platforms



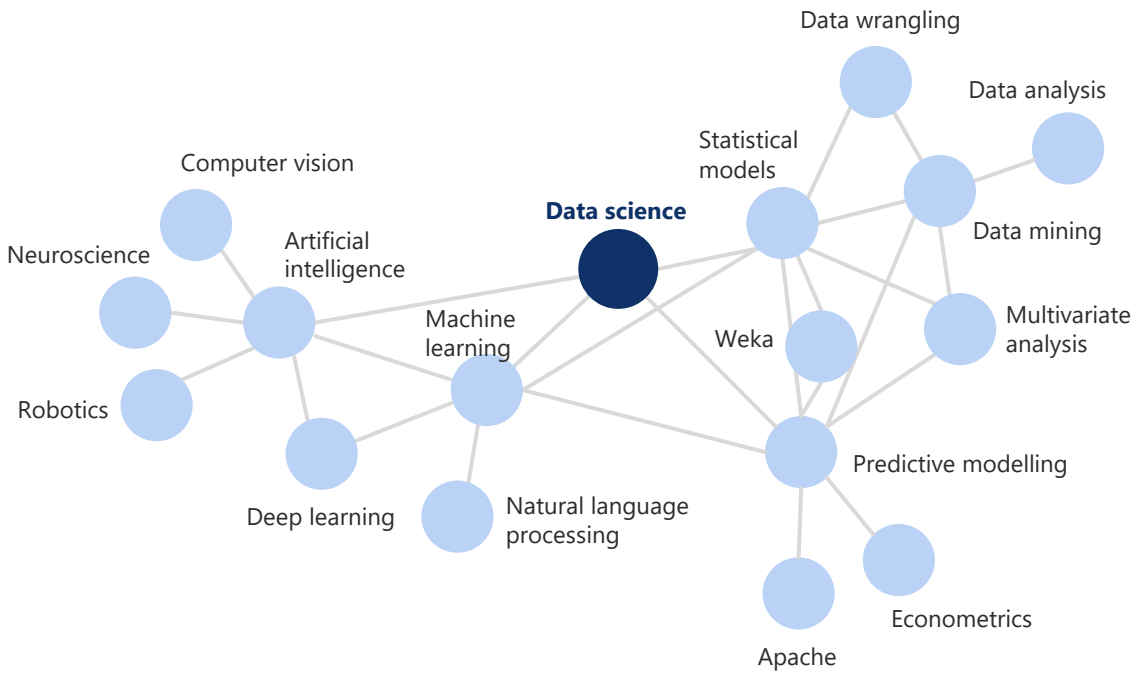
 Metrics are Q1 2024 for combined Dice and ClearanceJobs

Our Marketplace Evolution

Job Board PAST	Marketplace PRESENT
Primary Audience Active Job Seekers	**Primary Audience** Passive Candidates
Focus Transactions	**Focus** Lead Gen
Communication One-Way	**Communication** Two-Way

A Job Board mimics the newspaper classified ad while a Marketplace creates two-way communication

DHI skills mapping finds the best candidate



Tech recruiting is all about the unique skills required by a position and the candidate profile

DHI has spent 10+ years creating a data model that captures the relationship between 100,000+ tech skills

Machine Learning allows DHI to constantly improve its skill search capabilities with IntelliSearch

No competitor brings this same depth of expertise of Match and Quality for technology candidates

Clients hire technologists for their skills

20-30 skills indicated in each job posting

Senior Software Engineer

Education, Experience

- Bachelor's degree in MIS, Computer Science, Computer Engineering or related discipline or equivalent work experience
- 5+ years experience analyzing, designing, coding, building, testing and deploying application systems in a business environment and several of the following:
  - Extensive experience building RESTful Web API's and integration systems with Python, Java, Node.js)
  - Experience with serverless function based architectures (i.e AWS Lambda in Python, Java, Node.js)
  - Excellent understanding of SQL and NoSQL Databases Databases (Postgres and Dynamo preferred)
  - Experience building large scale APIs, web applications and asynchronous services
  - Experience with event-driven microservice architectures and domain-driven design
  - Experience with Git (Bitbucket a plus)
  - Experience mentoring and providing technical leadership within an Agile environment
- Preferred experience to set you apart from the crowd
  - Experience with CI/CD tools (AWS Code*, Jenkins, Automated Testing, etc.)
  - Experience with AWS (Lambda, EC2, DynamoDB, AppSync, API Gateway, CloudWatch, SQS, SNS)
  - Experience with infrastructure as code tools, such as CloudFormation or Terraform
  - Experience with Node.js preferably with TypeScript
  - Experience with Stencil, Angular or Front-end frameworks
  - Demonstrable open-source work and contributions

Dice

Tech Candidate Marketplace

2023 Revenue

$103M

Subscription clients[1]

5,250

Growth opportunity

80,000+
Commercial accounts

18,000
Staffing, Recruiting, Consulting Firms

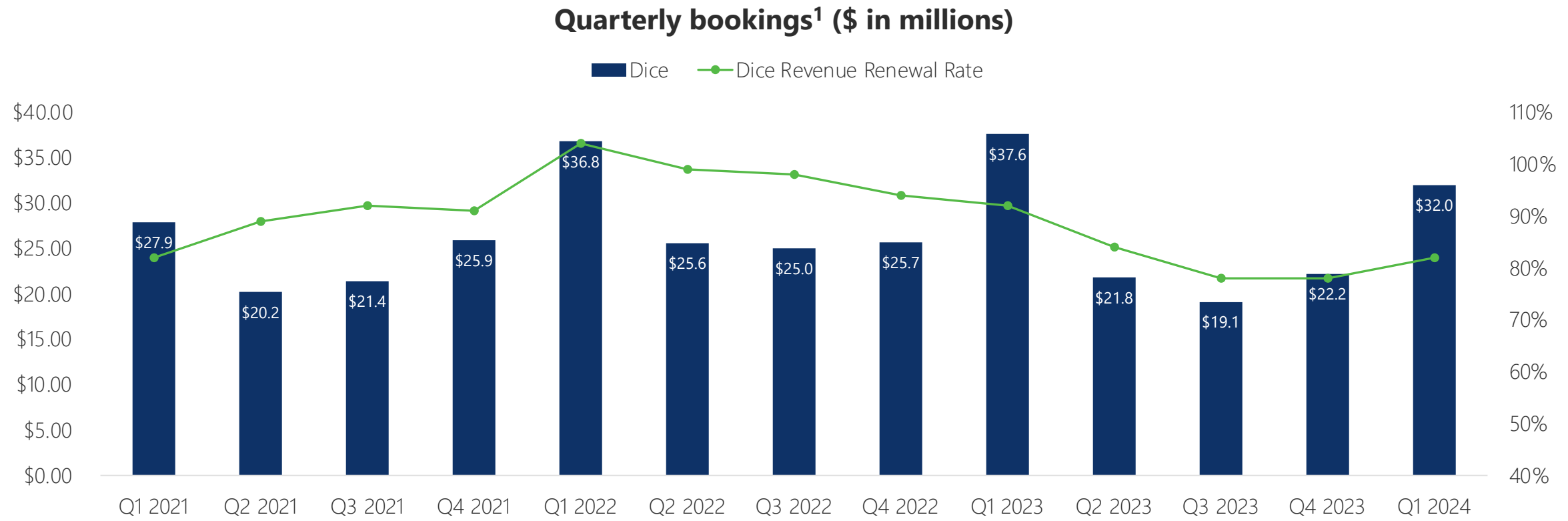
CISCO · SCHOLASTIC · WESTERN UNION · TEKsystems · dish · Coca-Cola

Deloitte. · leidos · BANK OF AMERICA · ASGN Incorporated · Disney · KFORCE · NORTHROP GRUMMAN

MATLEN SILVER · CapitalOne · Judge · Adecco · rh Robert Half

[1]As of March 31, 2024

Dice bookings



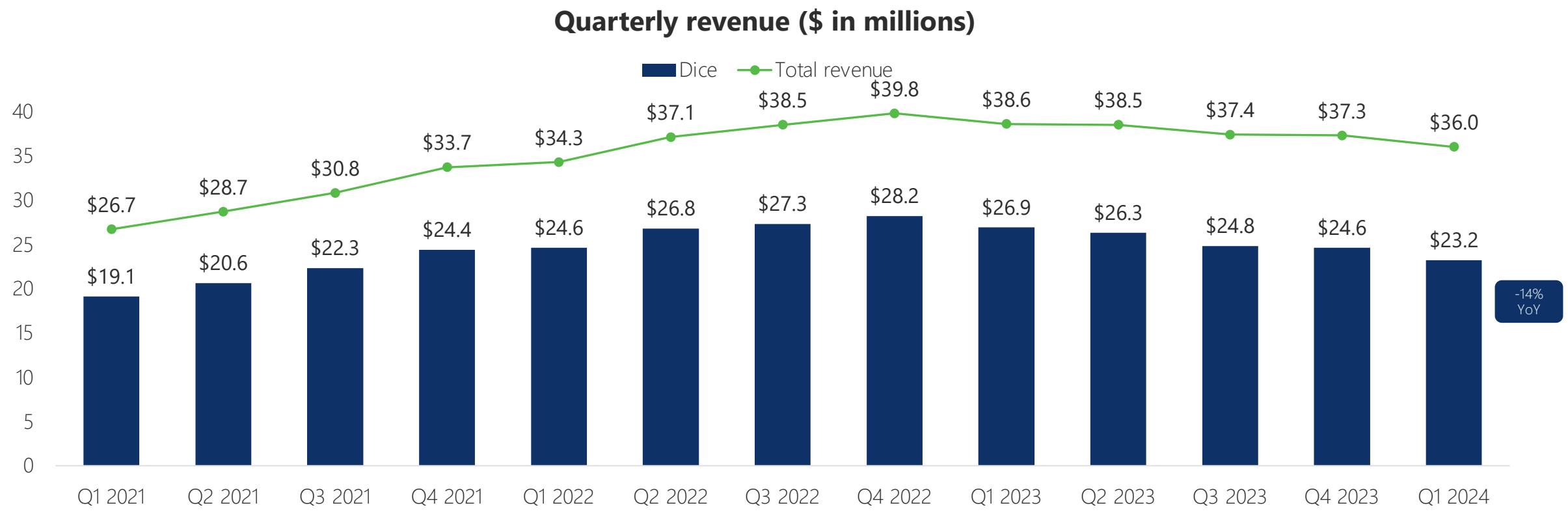
Dice 3 Year Bookings' CAGR 5%

Q1 2024 Dice bookings' down $5.6M, or 15% YoY

Q1 2024 revenue renewal rate for Dice at 82%

[1] See definition of bookings later in this document.

Dice revenue



Dice revenue down 14% YoY in Q1 2024

Total revenue down 7% YoY in Q1 2024

ClearanceJobs®

Cleared Professionals Marketplace

2023 Revenue

$49M

Subscription clients[1]

2,032

Growth opportunity

10,000+
Cleared employers

100+
Government agencies

NORTHROP GRUMMAN | ManTech | SAIC | GENERAL DYNAMICS | Raytheon | Booz | Allen | Hamilton

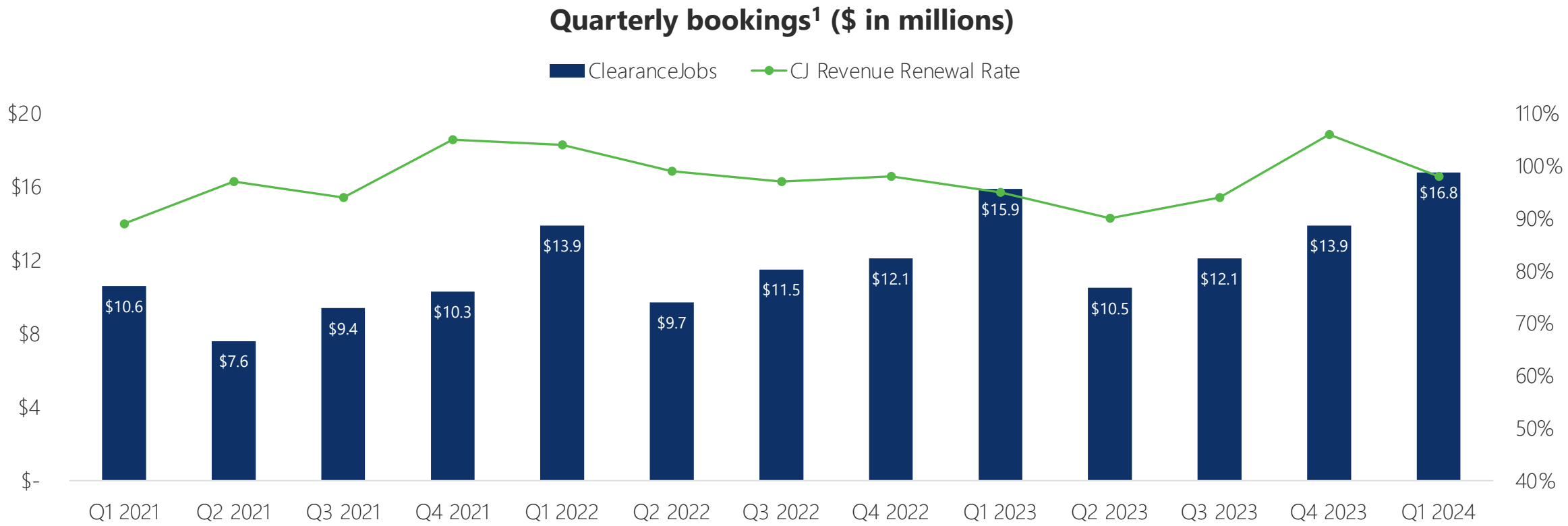
TELEDYNE | CACI | ROCKETLAB | ACCENTURE FEDERAL SERVICES | BAE SYSTEMS | LOCKHEED MARTIN

leidos | BOEING | Peraton | CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD

[1]As of March 31, 2024

DHI

ClearanceJobs bookings



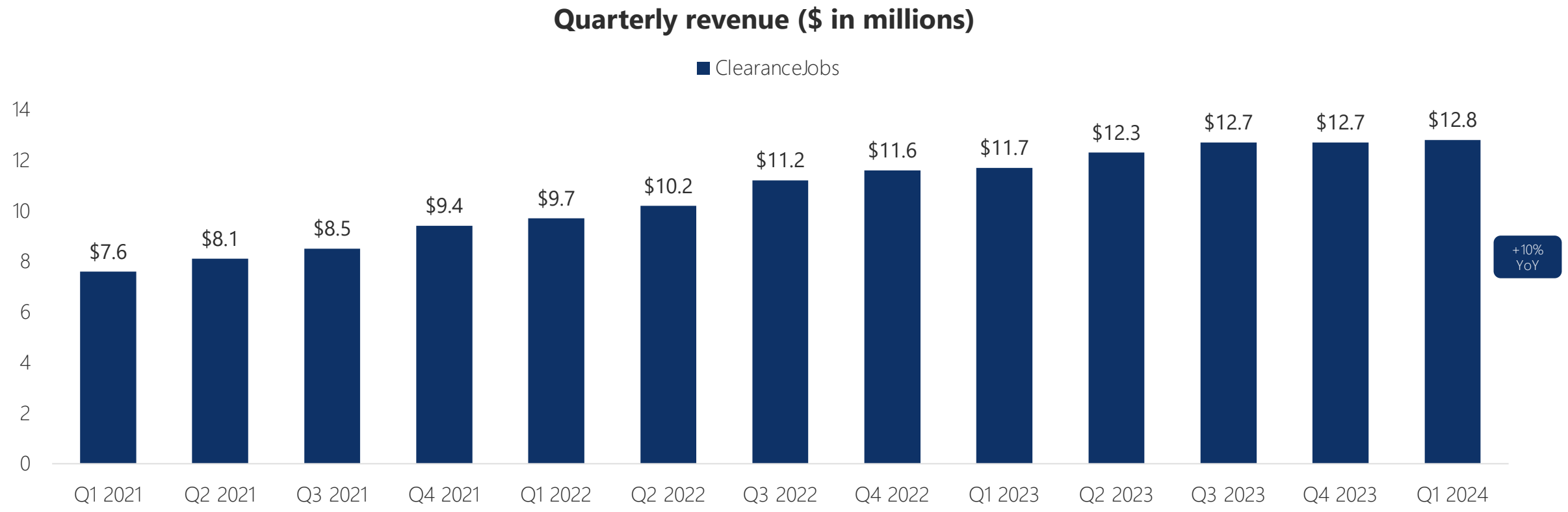
CJ 3 Year Bookings' CAGR 17%

Q1 2024 Bookings' for ClearanceJobs increased 5% YoY

Q1 2024 revenue renewal rate for ClearanceJobs at 98%

[1] See definition of bookings later in this document.

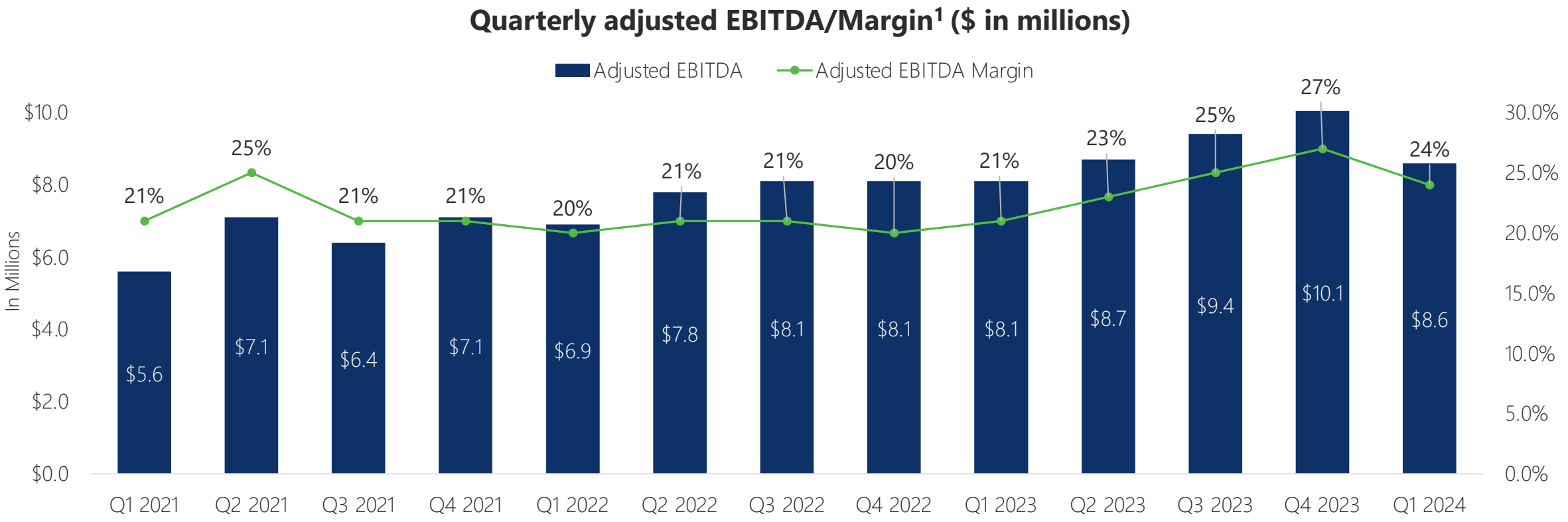
ClearanceJobs revenue



ClearanceJobs Q1 2024 revenue increased 10% YoY

ClearanceJobs revenue through Q3 2023 increased 10%+ YoY each quarter since Q3 2014 and 9%+ the last two quarters

DHI Group Profitability



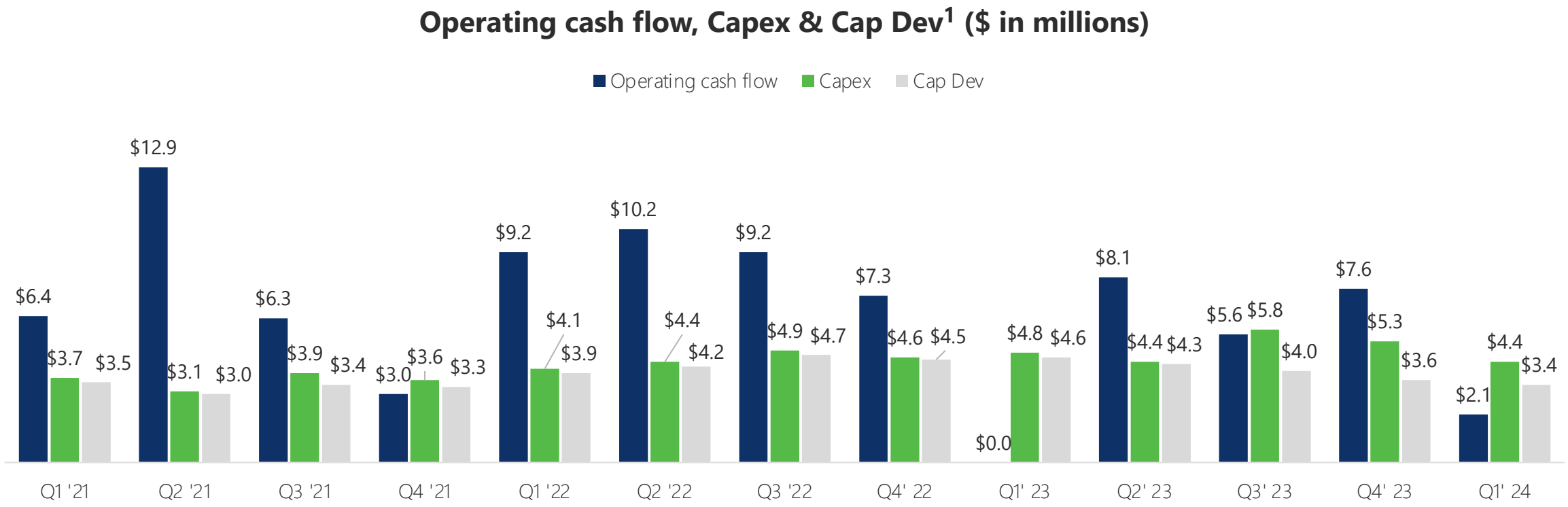
Business Outlook

Adjusted EBITDA margin in Q1 2024 at 24%

Targeting Adjusted EBITDA margin of 24% for FY 2024, flat to FY 2023

[1] Notes regarding the use of Non-GAAP financial measures and GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation at end of document.

DHI Group Liquidity

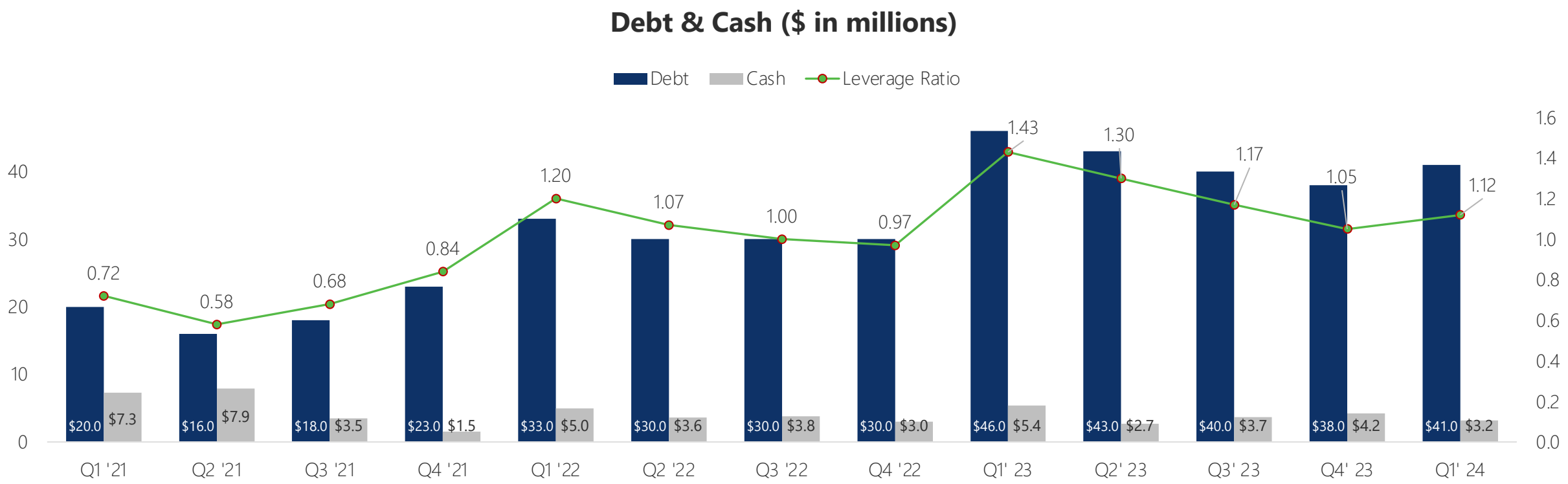


Operating cash flows in Q1 2024 were $2.1M compared to $0.0M in the prior year quarter

Capitalized development costs comprise greater than 80% of capex

[1] Cap Dev refers to capitalized development costs from both internal labor and external vendors incurred from building new products and features on the Company's platforms. Cap dev is included in capex.

DHI Group Liquidity

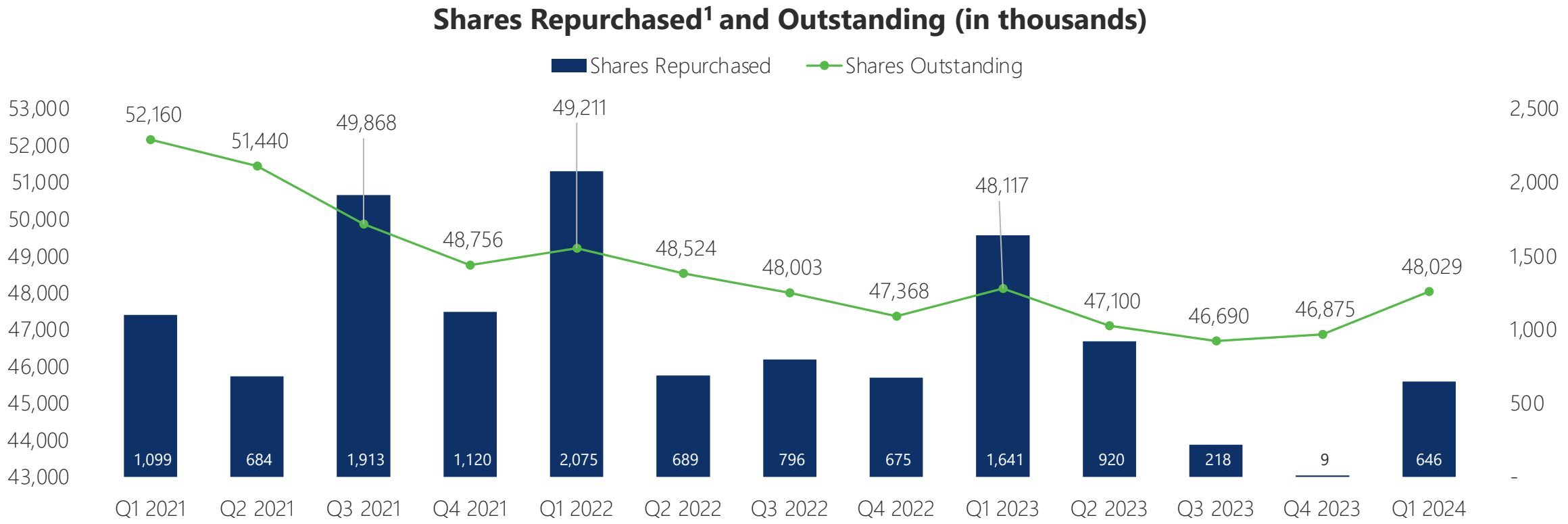


Cash of **$3.2M** and debt of **$41M,** which is up $3M from Q4 2023

$59M available[1] on **$100M** revolving credit facility, maturing June 2027

[1] Subject to certain availability limits, as defined in our credit agreement.

DHI Group Buyback History



Shares outstanding generally decreasing from share repurchase programs

No shares repurchased in H2 2023 and Q1 2024; previous stock repurchase plan expired in Q1 2024

Shares repurchased since the beginning of 2021 outpacing equity grants to employees and directors, offsetting dilution

[1] Includes shares repurchased under an approved stock repurchase plan and shares repurchased pursuant to our equity award plan as shares withheld for employee tax from the vesting of employee restricted stock or performance-based restricted stock units.

Why DHX



Tech sector employment is anticipated to grow by double digit rates this decade

Millions of candidate profiles amassed over 30+ years

Our unique candidate matching tool is a must for recruiters

Continued demand for tech professionals drives long-term growth

DHI Group, Inc.

Supplemental data - customer data (unaudited)

Dice	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Q1 2024
Bookings[1] (in millions)	$ 27.9	$ 20.2	$ 21.4	$ 25.9	$ 36.8	$ 25.6	$ 25.0	$ 25.7	$ 37.6	$ 21.8	$ 19.1	$ 22.2	$ 32.0
Recruitment Package Customers	5,200	5,441	5,770	6,004	6,249	6,386	6,409	6,311	6,171	6,007	5,752	5,492	5,250
Average Annual Revenue Per Recruitment Package Customer[2]	$ 13,536	$ 13,488	$ 13,656	$ 13,920	$ 14,112	$ 14,304	$ 14,868	$ 15,384	$ 15,672	$ 15,534	$ 15,531	$ 15,788	$ 15,997
Revenue Renewal Rate	82 %	89 %	92 %	91 %	104 %	99 %	98 %	94 %	92 %	84 %	78 %	78 %	82 %
Customer Renewal Rate	71 %	81 %	83 %	86 %	86 %	85 %	84 %	83 %	82 %	79 %	73 %	71 %	74 %

ClearanceJobs	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Q1 2024
Bookings[1] (in millions)	$ 10.6	$ 7.6	$ 9.4	$ 10.3	$ 13.9	$ 9.7	$ 11.5	$ 12.1	$ 15.9	$ 10.5	$ 12.1	$ 13.9	$ 16.8
Recruitment Package Customers	1,753	1,784	1,816	1,878	1,928	1,976	2,030	2,064	2,078	2,069	2,054	2,055	2,032
Average Annual Revenue Per Recruitment Package Customer[2]	$ 16,476	$ 16,728	$ 17,052	$ 17,832	$ 18,408	$ 18,708	$ 19,308	$ 19,872	$ 20,520	$ 20,842	$ 21,422	$ 21,872	$ 23,050
Revenue Renewal Rate	89 %	97 %	94 %	105 %	104 %	99 %	97 %	98 %	95 %	90 %	94 %	96 %	98 %
Customer Renewal Rate	82 %	84 %	87 %	88 %	87 %	84 %	84 %	80 %	83 %	81 %	81 %	78 %	78 %

[1]Bookings represent the value of all contractually committed services in which the contract start date is during the period and will be recognized as revenue within 12 months of the contract start date. For contracts that extend beyond 12 months, the value of those contracts beyond 12 months is recognized as bookings on each annual anniversary of each contract start date valued as the amount of revenue that will be recognized within 12 months of the respective anniversary date.

[2]Calculated by dividing recruitment package customer revenue by the daily average count of recruitment package customers during each month, adjusted to reflect a thirty day month. The simple average of each month is used to derive the amount for each period and then annualized to reflect twelve months.

Notes regarding the use of non-GAAP financial measures and guidance

Notes Regarding the Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company has provided certain non-GAAP financial information as additional information for its operating results. These measures are not in accordance with, or alternatives to, measures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") and may be different from similarly titled non-GAAP measures reported by other companies. The Company believes that its presentation of non-GAAP measures, such as Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, and non-GAAP Earnings Per Share provides useful information to management and investors regarding certain financial and business trends relating to the Company's financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the Company's management uses these measures for reviewing the financial results of the Company and for budgeting and planning purposes. Non-GAAP results exclude the impact of items that management believes affect the comparability or underlying business trends in our condensed consolidated financial statements in the periods presented. The non-GAAP measures apply to consolidated results or other measures as shown within this document. The Company has provided required reconciliations to the most comparable GAAP measures elsewhere in the document.

Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share (Previously titled Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share)

Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share is a non-GAAP performance measure that management believes is useful to investors and management in understanding our ongoing operations and in the analysis of operating trends. Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share is computed as diluted earnings per share plus or minus the impacts of certain non-cash and other items, including non-cash stock-based compensation, impairments, costs related to reorganizing the Company, including severance and related costs, gains or losses on investments, restructuring charges, and discrete tax items. Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share is not a measurement of our financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to diluted earnings per share, net income, or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP as a measure of our profitability. The Company revised its definition of non-GAAP Earnings Per Share beginning with the first quarter of 2024 to exclude the impact of non-cash stock-based compensation in an effort to provide a more transparent and comparable view of its financial performance. Accordingly, all prior periods presented have been recast to reflect the current definition.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP measures used by management to measure operating performance. Management uses Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin as performance measures for internal monitoring and planning, including preparation of annual budgets, analyzing investment decisions and evaluating profitability and performance comparisons between us and our competitors. The Company also uses these measures to calculate amounts of performance-based compensation under the senior management incentive bonus program. Adjusted EBITDA represents net income plus (to the extent deducted in calculating such net income) interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, and items such as non-cash stock-based compensation, losses resulting from certain dispositions outside the ordinary course of business including prior negative operating results of those divested businesses, certain write-offs in connection with indebtedness, impairment charges with respect to long-lived assets, expenses incurred in connection with an equity offering or any other offering of securities by the Company, extraordinary or non-recurring non-cash expenses or losses, losses from equity method investments, transaction costs in connection with the credit agreement, deferred revenue written off in connection with acquisition purchase accounting adjustments, write-off of non-cash stock-based compensation expense, severance and retention costs related to dispositions and reorganizations of the Company, impairment of investment, restructuring charges and losses related to legal claims and fees that are unusual in nature or infrequent, minus (to the extent included in calculating such net income) non-cash income or gains, including income from equity method investments, interest income, business interruption insurance proceeds, and gains related to legal claims that are unusual in nature or infrequent. Adjusted EBITDA Margin is computed as Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue. We also consider Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin, as defined above, to be important indicators to investors because they provide information related to our ability to provide cash flows to meet future debt service, capital expenditures, and working capital requirements, and to fund future growth. We present Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin as supplemental performance measures because we believe that these measures provide our board of directors, management and investors with additional information to measure our performance, provide comparisons from period to period by excluding potential differences caused by variations in capital structures (affecting interest expense) and tax positions (such as the impact on periods or companies of changes in effective tax rates or net operating losses), and to estimate our value. We understand that although Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are frequently used by securities analysts, lenders and others in their evaluation of companies, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our liquidity or results as reported under GAAP. Some limitations are: Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not reflect our cash expenditures, or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments; Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs; Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not reflect interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on our debt; Although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized often will have to be replaced in the future, and Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements; and Other companies in our industry may calculate Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures. To compensate for these limitations, management evaluates our liquidity by considering the economic effect of excluded expense items independently, as well as in connection with its analysis of cash flows from operations and through the use of other financial measures, such as capital expenditure budget variances, investment spending levels and return on capital analysis. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are not measurements of our financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to revenue, operating income, net income, net income margin, cash provided by operating activities, or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP as a measure of our profitability or liquidity.

Guidance

Earlier in this presentation, the Company provided guidance for Adjusted EBITDA margin, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. We are unable to reconcile expected Adjusted EBITDA margin to its nearest GAAP measure without unreasonable efforts because we are unable to predict with a reasonable degree of certainty the actual impact of items such as non-cash stock-based compensation, impairments, income tax expense, gains or losses from equity method investments, severance and retention costs, restructuring charges and legal claims and fees. By their very nature, these items are difficult to anticipate with precision because they are generally associated with unexpected and unplanned events that impact our company and its financial results. Therefore, we are unable to provide a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure without unreasonable efforts.

DHI Group, Inc.

Supplemental data - non-GAAP (unaudited)

(Dollars in millions)	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Full Year 2021[1]	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Full Year 2022[1]	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Full Year 2023[1]	Q1 2024
Reconciliation of Net Income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA																
Net Income (loss)	$ 2.7	$(30.2)	$ (2.4)	$ 0.2	$(29.7)	$ 1.3	$ 1.5	$ (0.9)	$ 2.4	$ 4.2	$ 0.5	$ (0.1)	$ 1.0	$ 2.1	$ 3.5	$ (1.5)
Interest Expense	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.6	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	3.5	0.9
Income tax expense (benefit)	0.1	(0.1)	(0.6)	(0.1)	(0.6)	(0.8)	(0.2)	—	0.4	(0.6)	(0.5)	(0.7)	0.8	0.6	0.1	2.3
Depreciation	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.3	16.3	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.9	17.5	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	16.9	4.5
Non-cash stock based compensation	1.6	1.8	2.2	2.1	7.7	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.3	9.5	2.9	2.4	2.0	2.2	9.5	2.1
Income from equity method investment	—	—	—	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.6)	(0.5)	(1.6)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.1)
Proceeds from settlement	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2.1)	(2.1)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Impairment of intangible assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Impairment of goodwill	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Impairment of investment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.3	—	2.3	—	—	0.3	—	0.3	0.4
Impairment of right-of-use asset	—	—	1.9	—	1.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Loss (gain) on investments	(2.5)	0.7	0.6	—	(1.2)	—	(0.3)	—	—	(0.3)	—	—	(0.6)	—	(0.6)	—
Restructuring	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.1	0.3	—	2.4	—
Severance and related costs	0.6	0.7	0.1	0.5	2.0	0.1	0.2	—	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.1	1.2	—
Loss (income) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.7)	30.0	—	—	29.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—	0.1	—	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	(0.1)	0.1	—	—	—
Adjusted EBITDA	$ 5.6	$ 7.1	$ 6.4	$ 7.1	$26.2	$ 6.9	$ 7.8	$ 8.1	$ 8.1	$31.0	$ 8.1	$ 8.7	$ 9.4	$10.1	$36.3	$ 8.6
Reconciliation of Net Income (loss) Margin to Adjusted EBITDA Margin																
Revenue	$26.7	$28.7	$30.8	$33.7	$119.9	$34.3	$37.1	$38.5	$39.8	$149.7	$38.6	$38.5	$37.4	$37.3	$151.9	$36.0
Net Income (loss) Margin[2]	10 %	(105)%	(8)%	1 %	(25)%	4 %	4 %	(2)%	6 %	3 %	1 %	— %	3 %	6 %	2 %	(4)%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin[2]	21 %	25 %	21 %	21 %	22 %	20 %	21 %	21 %	20 %	21 %	21 %	23 %	25 %	27 %	24 %	24 %

(1) The sum of the quarters may not equal the full year amount.

(2) Net income (loss) margin and Adjusted EBITDA margin are calculated by dividing the respective measure by that period's revenues.

DHI Group, Inc.

Supplemental data - non-GAAP (unaudited)

	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Full Year 2023[1]	Q1 2024
Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings (loss) Per Share to non-GAAP Earnings Per Share:						
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	**$ 0.01**	**$ —**	**$ 0.02**	**$ 0.05**	**$ 0.08**	**$ (0.03)**
Non-cash stock-based compensation[2]	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.16	0.04
Impairments, net of tax	—	—	0.01	—	0.01	0.01
Severance and related costs	0.01	—	0.01	—	0.02	—
Loss (gain) on investments	—	—	(0.02)	—	(0.02)	—
Restructuring	—	0.04	0.01	—	0.04	—
Discrete tax items	(0.01)	(0.01)	—	(0.01)	(0.02)	0.05
Other[3]	(0.01)	(0.01)	—	—	(0.01)	(0.02)
Non-GAAP earnings per share	$ 0.05	$ 0.06	$ 0.06	$ 0.08	$ 0.26	$ 0.05
Weighted average shares outstanding used in computing diluted errnings (loss) per share (in thousands)	45,240	43,460	44,324	44,612	44,496	44,210
Weighted average shares outstanding used in computing non-GAAP earnings per share (in thousands)	45,240	44,159	44,324	44,612	44,496	44,835

(1) The sum of each quareter may not equal the full year due to rounding.

(2) The Company revised its definition of non-GAAP earnings per share beginning with the first quarter of 2024 to exclude the impact of non-cash stock-based compensation expense. All prior periods have been recast to conform with the revised definition. See "Notes Regarding the Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" elsewhere in the document.

(3) Adjusts, as applicable, for the share impact of common stock equivalents, where dilutive and for the impacts of rounding.