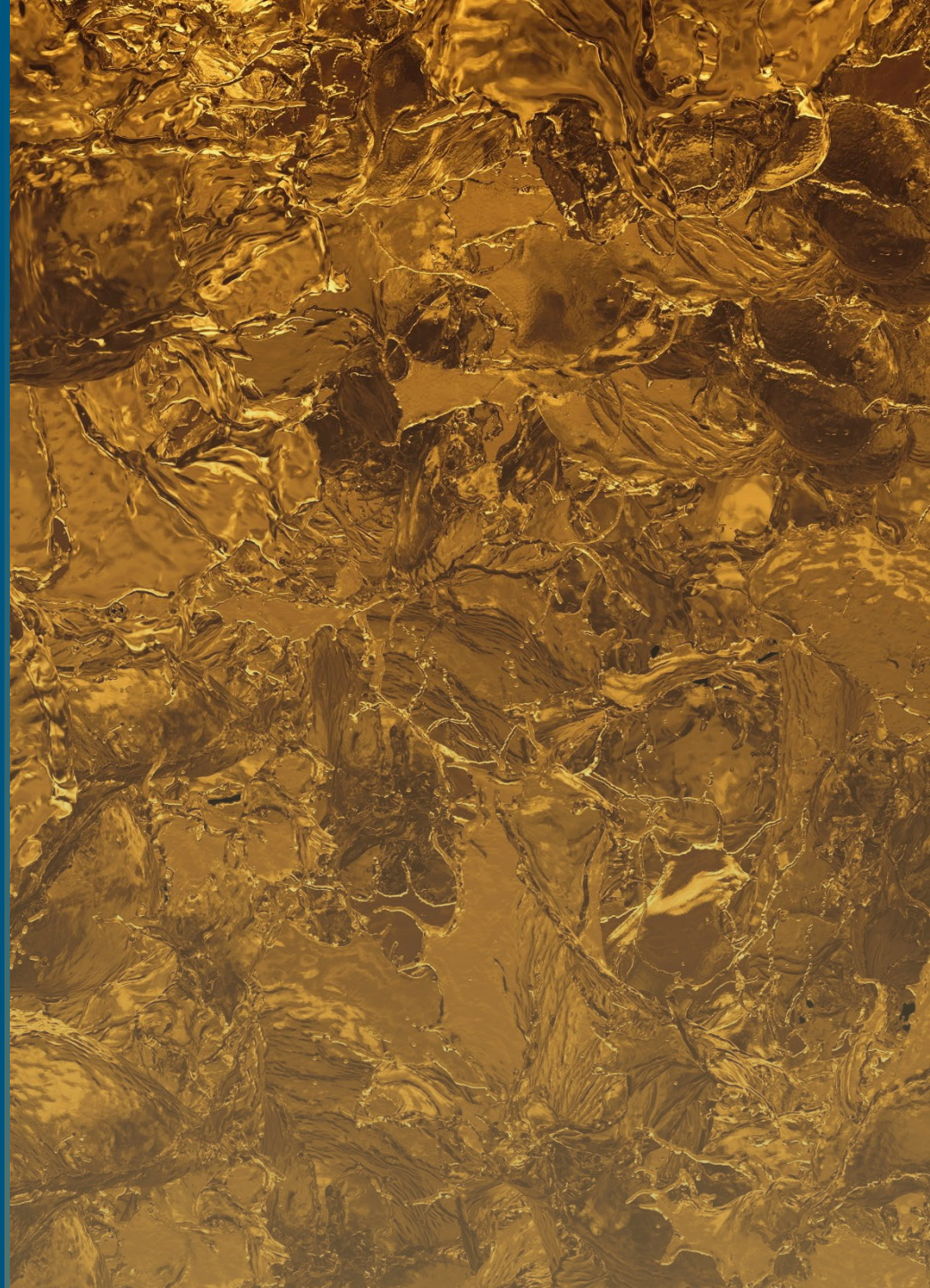
BARRICK

Q3 2026 Results

November 9, 2026



Agenda

1. Priorities and Q3 Review
2. Operational Performance: North America and Barrick International
3. Financial Highlights and Capital Allocation Framework
4. Guidance

Today's Speakers



Mark Hill
President and CEO



Seb Bock
CEO, Barrick International



Helen Cai
Senior EVP and CFO

Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Information

Certain information contained or incorporated by reference in this presentation, including any information as to our strategy, projects, plans or future financial or operating performance, constitutes "forward-looking statements". All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. The words "expect", "target", "plan", "guidance", "ramp up", "on track", "project", "growth", "expected", "progress", "advance", "continue", "potential", "focus", "budget", "ongoing", "scheduled", "will", "can", "could", "positioned", and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. In particular, this presentation contains forward-looking statements including, without limitation, with respect to: Barrick's forward-looking production guidance, anticipated production growth from Barrick's organic project pipeline and reserve replacement; estimates of future costs and projected future cash flows, capital, operating and exploration expenditures and mine life and production rates; our ability to convert resources into reserves and replace reserves net of depletion from production; mine life and production rates; our plans and expected completion and benefits of our growth projects, including the anticipated timing and cost of the Lumwana Super Pit Expansion and the anticipated timing for commencement of mill installation and first copper production and the expected increase in copper production from the expansion, the Fourmile project, and the Pueblo Viejo plant expansion and mine life extension project and related flotation improvement work, including the path forward to improved operational stability and recovery; ongoing project review of Reko Diq and anticipated changes in the previously disclosed capital estimate; growth and optimization opportunities at Nevada Gold Mines, including drilling at Cortez, the Goldrush ramp-up, the focus on greater Leeville and the optimization of processing capacity at Carlin, and the potential to extend open pit mine life at Nevada Gold Mines beyond 2050; potential mineralization and metal or mineral recoveries; joint ventures and partnerships; Barrick's strategy, plans, targets, goals and expected benefits in respect of environmental, social and governance issues, including health and safety and resettlement initiatives; Barrick's intention to pursue and the expected timing for and potential benefits of an initial public offering ("IPO") of its North American gold assets; Barrick's dividend policy, share buyback program and expected returns to shareholders; and expectations regarding future price assumptions, financial performance and other outlook or guidance.

Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions including material estimates and assumptions related to the factors set forth below that, while considered reasonable by the Company as at the date of this presentation in light of management's experience and perception of current conditions and expected developments, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. Known and unknown factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements and information. Such factors include, but are not limited to: fluctuations in the spot and forward price of gold, copper or certain other commodities (such as silver, diesel fuel, natural gas and electricity); risks associated with projects in the early stages of evaluation and for which additional engineering and other analysis is required; risks related to the possibility that future exploration results will not be consistent with the Company's expectations, that quantities or grades of reserves will be diminished, and that resources may not be converted to reserves; risks associated with the fact that certain of the initiatives described in this presentation are still in the early stages and may not materialize; changes in mineral production performance, exploitation and exploration successes; risks that exploration data may be incomplete and considerable additional work may be required to complete further evaluation, including but not limited to drilling, engineering and socioeconomic studies and investment; the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development; lack of certainty with respect to foreign legal systems, corruption and other factors that are inconsistent with the rule of law; disruption of supply routes which may cause delays in construction and mining activities, including disruptions in the supply of key mining inputs due to the invasion of Ukraine by Russia and conflicts in the Middle East; risk of loss due to acts of war, terrorism, sabotage and civil disturbances; risks associated with artisanal and illegal mining; changes in national and local government legislation, taxation, controls or regulations and/or changes in the administration of laws, policies and practices; expropriation or nationalization of property and political or economic developments in Canada, the United States or other countries in which Barrick does or may carry on business in the future; risks relating to the proposed IPO of an entity that will hold Barrick's North American assets; risks relating to political instability in certain of the jurisdictions in which Barrick operates; timing of receipt of, or failure to comply with, necessary permits and approvals; non-renewal of key licenses by, or failure to obtain key licenses from governmental authorities; failure to comply with environmental and health and safety laws and regulations; increased costs and physical and transition risks related to climate change, including extreme weather events, resource shortages, emerging policies and increased regulations relating to greenhouse gas ("GHG") emission levels, energy efficiency and reporting of risks; Barrick's ability to achieve its sustainability goals, including its climate related goals and GHG emissions reduction targets; contests over title to properties, particularly title to undeveloped properties, or over access to water, power and other required infrastructure; the liability associated with risks and hazards in the mining industry, and the ability to maintain insurance to cover such losses; damage to the Company's reputation due to the actual or perceived occurrence of any number of events, including negative publicity with respect to the Company's handling of environmental matters or dealings with community groups, whether true or not; risks related to operations near communities that may regard Barrick's operations as being detrimental to them; litigation and legal and administrative proceedings; operating or technical difficulties in connection with mining or development activities, including geotechnical challenges, tailings dam and storage facilities failures, and disruptions in the maintenance or provision of required infrastructure and information technology systems; increased costs, delays, suspensions and technical challenges associated with the construction of capital projects; risks associated with working with partners in jointly controlled assets; risks associated with Barrick's infrastructure, information technology systems and the implementation of Barrick's technological initiatives, including risks related to cybersecurity incidents, including those caused by computer viruses, malware, ransomware and other cyberattacks, or similar information technology system failures, delays and/or disruptions; the impact of global liquidity and credit availability on the timing of cash flows and the values of assets and liabilities based on projected future cash flows; the impact of inflation, including global inflationary pressures driven by ongoing global supply chain disruptions, global energy cost increases following the invasion of Ukraine by Russia and country-specific political and economic factors in Argentina and uncertainty related to Venezuela; adverse changes in our credit ratings; fluctuations in the currency markets; changes in U.S. dollar interest rates; changes in U.S. trade, tariff and other controls on imports and exports, tax, immigration or other policies that may impact relations with foreign countries, result in retaliatory policies, lead to increased costs for raw materials and components, or impact Barrick's existing operations and material growth projects; risks arising from holding derivative instruments (such as credit risk, market liquidity risk and mark to-market risk); risks related to the demands placed on the Company's management, the ability of management to implement its business strategy and enhanced political risk in certain jurisdictions; uncertainty whether some or all of Barrick's targeted investments and projects will meet the Company's capital allocation objectives and internal hurdle rate; whether benefits expected from recent transactions are realized; business opportunities that may be presented to, or pursued by, the Company; our ability to successfully integrate acquisitions or complete divestitures; risks related to competition in the mining industry; employee relations including loss of key employees; availability of and increased costs associated with mining inputs and labor; risks associated with diseases, epidemics and pandemics; risks related to the failure of internal controls; and risks related to the impairment of the Company's goodwill and assets. In addition, there are risks and hazards associated with the business of mineral exploration, development and mining, including environmental hazards, industrial accidents, unusual or unexpected formations, pressures, cave-ins, flooding and gold bullion, copper cathode or gold or copper concentrate losses (and the risk of inadequate insurance, or inability to obtain insurance, to cover these risks).

Many of these uncertainties and contingencies can affect our actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, us. Readers are cautioned that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. All of the forward-looking statements made in this presentation are qualified by these cautionary statements. Specific reference is made to the most recent Form 40-F/Annual Information Form on file with the SEC and Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities for a more detailed discussion of some of the factors underlying forward-looking statements and the risks that may affect Barrick's ability to achieve the expectations set forth in the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation.

Barrick disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

2026 Priorities for Delivering Value

On track to achieve full year 2026 production and cost guidance

1	**Safety**	Continue to improve safety performance
2	**Operational Delivery**	Consistently deliver production and cost guidance
3	**Growth**	Advance projects at Pueblo Viejo, Lumwana, and NGM
4	**Complete the IPO**	Execute the North American Barrick IPO by 2026/early 2027[i]

i. Subject to market conditions and regulatory review

Safety

Safety is and will always be our number one priority

JOURNEY TO ZERO

LEADERSHIP IN THE FIELD

24,000+ Critical Control Verifications (CCVs) completed in Q3, with leaders actively engaged at point of risk

ELIMINATING HAZARDS

25% of CCVs identified at-risk conditions; 79% were resolved directly in the field, preventing escalation to serious incidents

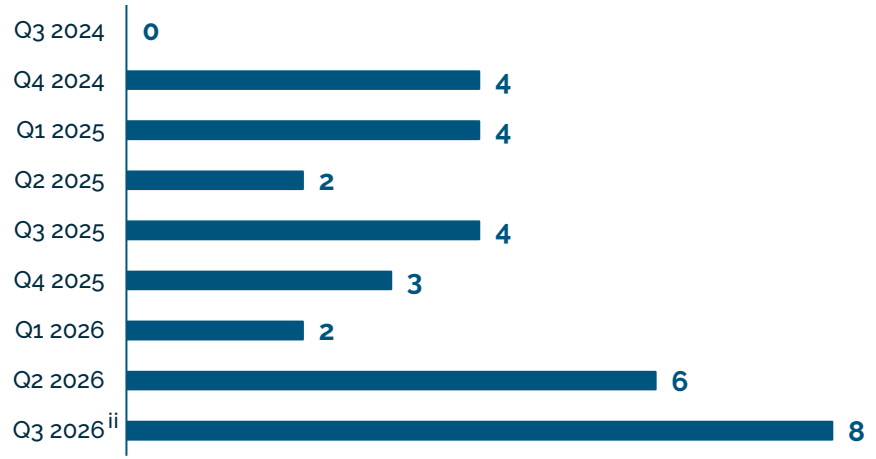
INVESTING IN TECHNOLOGY

Investing $90 million in safety technology this year—equipment automation, dashcams, reporting software, and AI analytics

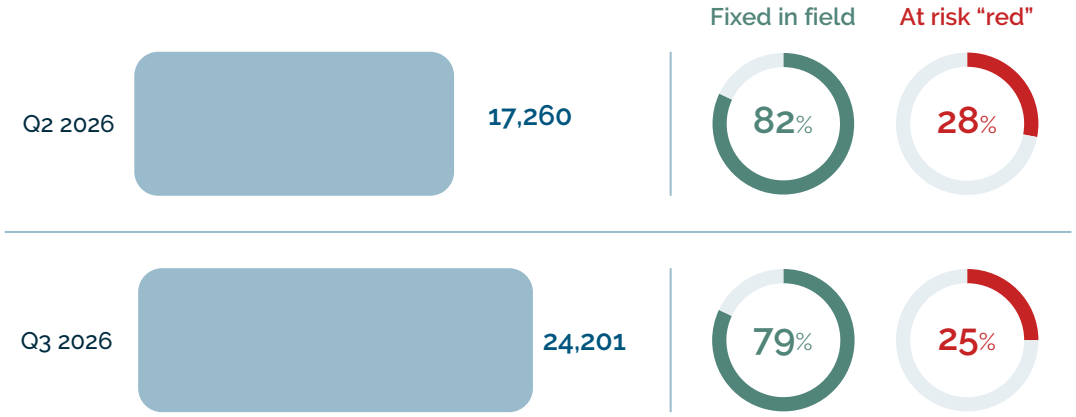
FOCUS ON SEVERITY, NOT JUST FREQUENCY

TRIFR[i] improved again in Q3—from 0.77 to 0.71—but eight lost-time injuries[ii] reinforce that reducing frequency isn't enough; we must also reduce severity

LOST-TIME INJURIES



CRITICAL CONTROL VERIFICATIONS



i. See endnote 1 on slide 21
ii. Majority being classified as not high potential

Q3 2026 Highlights

Fourth consecutive quarter of strong operational execution

- Fourth consecutive quarter of strong operational execution
- On track to achieve full year production and cost guidance
- Record year-to-date shareholder returns of $3.2 billion[i]
- Managing costs despite continued pressures from fuel, consumables and FX

816 koz	**Attributable Gold Production[ii]** ↑6% year-on-year
$1.32 B	**Net Earnings[iii]** ↑1% year-on-year
$1.35 B	**Adjusted Net Earnings[iv]** ↑37% year-on-year
$0.82	**Adjusted Net Earnings per Share[iv]** ↑41% year-on-year
$2.47 B	**Attributable Adjusted EBITDA[iv]** ↑22% year-on-year

i. Includes both dividends and share buybacks.
ii. Gold production from continuing operations (excludes ounces from Hemlo and Tongon)
iii. Net earnings represents net earnings attributable to the equity holders of the Company.
iv. Further information on these non-GAAP financial measures, including detailed reconciliations, is included in the appendix of this presentation

Q3 2026 North America Performance[i]

Another quarter of production improvement, with costs well within guidance expectations

Q3 2026	NGM	Pueblo Viejo	North America[iv]
Gold production[i]	400Koz	97Koz	497Koz
COS/oz[ii]	$1,908	$1,668	$1,860
TCC/oz[iii]	$1,340	$1,004	$1,273
AISC/oz[iii]	$1,792	$1,486	$1,731
Att. Adjusted EBITDA[iii]	$1,168M	$296M	$1,305M
Att. Adjusted EBITDA Margin[iii]	67%	72%	61%

North America on track to meet 2026 guidance

- **Carlin:** New quarterly record for throughput at the Gold Quarry roaster
- **Cortez:** Goldrush ramp-up drives Cortez production growth
- **Turquoise Ridge:** Turquoise Ridge underground delivered record quarterly tonnes mined
- **Pueblo Viejo:** Advanced engineering, defining a path forward to improved operational stability and recovery

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i. On an attributable basis ii. See endnote 2 on slide 21
iii. Further information on these non-GAAP financial measures, including detailed reconciliations, is included in the appendix of this presentation iv. Totals may not sum due to rounding. North America attributable adjusted EBITDA includes total company-wide corporate administrative costs not included within the individual operations

North America Growth

Nevada Gold Mines

- **Processing capacity:** Assessing options to optimize NGM infrastructure
- **Cortez:** Advancing drilling along one of the most prospective corridors in Nevada
- **Carlin:** Focusing on greater Leeville and optimization of processing capacity
- **Open pit growth:** Potential to extend open pit mine life beyond 2050[i]

Pueblo Viejo

- **Flotation improvement:** Progressing studies through the PFS stage
- **Resettlement project:** Total package acceptance now at 99%





i. Refer to the Technical Report on the Carlin Complex, Eureka and Elko County, Nevada, USA, dated December 31, 2024, and filed on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and EDGAR at www.sec.gov on March 14, 2025.

Q3 2026 Barrick International: Gold Production[i]

Another quarter of increased production, with strong operational performance offsetting extreme weather impacts

Q3 2026	Africa & Middle East	South America & Asia Pacific	Barrick International Total[iv]
Gold production[i]	277Koz	42Koz	319Koz
COS/oz[ii]	$2,041	$2,363	$2,087
TCC/oz[iii]	$1,571	$1,480	$1,558
AISC/oz[iii]	$1,993	$1,908	$1,981
Att. Adjusted EBITDA[iii]	$730M	$82M	$812M
Att. Adjusted EBITDA Margin[iii]	62%	41%	59%

Strong production – up 6% to 319koz vs Q2[i]

- **Loulo-Gounkoto:** Strong operational delivery, ramp-up progressing ahead of schedule
- **Kibali:** Delivered its highest quarterly production since Q4 2023 as improved mining flexibility produces benefits
- **Veladero and Porgera:** Extreme weather in Argentina and PNG impacted production

Att. Adjusted EBITDA margin[iii] 59%, despite cost pressures

- Higher fuel prices, increased royalties from higher prices and consumables continue to drive cost pressure

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i. On an attributable basis. ii. See endnote 2 on slide 21
iii. Further information on these non-GAAP financial measures, including detailed reconciliations, is included in the appendix of this presentation
iv. Totals may not sum due to rounding. Barrick International total is the sum of Africa & Middle East and South America & Asia Pacific.

Q3 2026 Barrick International: Copper Production[i]

Copper production on track to meet 2026 guidance

Q3 2026	Barrick International Total[iv]
Copper production[i]	50Kt
COS/lb[ii]	$3.65
C1 cash costs/lb[iii]	$2.76
AISC/lb[iii]	$4.52
Att. Adjusted EBITDA[iii]	$358M
Att. Adjusted EBITDA Margin[iii]	53%

Production progressing to 2026 guidance

- **Lumwana:** Planned mill reline in Q3.
- **Other:** Flat quarter-on-quarter. Higher grades at Jabal Sayid offset lower throughput and grade at Zaldivar.

Copper costs

- Cost pressure remains in Q3 due to higher diesel prices and strengthening of local currency in Zambia.
- Likely to be at the top of cost guidance

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i. On an attributable basis. ii. See endnote 2 on slide 21.
iii. Further information on these non-GAAP financial measures, including detailed reconciliations, is included in the appendix of this presentation.
iv. Barrick International total is the sum of Africa & Middle East and South America & Asia Pacific.

Near-Term Copper Growth: Lumwana[i]

Construction progressing to schedule

- Completed all major long-lead items
- Mill building set to be complete in Q4
- Tailings expansion works starting in Q4
- Commissioning new shovel and trucks for expanded mining operations

Project capex remains on budget

- Since inception, $795 million capital spent to date[ii].
- Total expected project capital remains on target at $2 billion.

240Kt

Doubling production from 117Kt

30years

Life of mine at expanded production levels

$2B

Total estimated capital – low capital intensity and on target



[i] Refer to the Technical Report on the Lumwana Expansion Project, Republic of Zambia, dated February 19, 2025, and filed on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and EDGAR at www.sec.gov on February 19, 2025.
ii. Excludes capitalized stripping and capitalized interest and includes $38 million on Feasibility study.

Q3 2026 Financial Highlights

Strong improvement in earnings, driven by robust operational execution and resilient price environment

- **Strong operational execution, gold and copper prices more than offset cost pressures - benefitting adjusted net earnings[i]**
- **Strong operating cash flow enables continued investment in the business including growth projects**
- **Net cash[iii] position further improved to $0.9B**
- **Positioned to delivered record shareholder returns**

	Q3 2026	Change (YoY)
Net earnings[i] ($ million)	**1,317**	1%
Adjusted net earnings[ii] ($ million)	**1,347**	37%
Attributable adjusted EBITDA[ii] ($ million)	**2,475**	22%
Adjusted net earnings (basic) per share[ii] ($/share)	**0.82**	41%
Operating cash flow ($ million)	**2,489**	3%
Free cash flow[ii] ($ million)	**1,167**	(21)%
Debt, net of cash ($ million)	**(909)**	Increase from (323)

i. Net earnings represents net earnings attributable to the equity holders of the Company
ii. Further information on these non-GAAP financial measures, including detailed reconciliations, is included in the endnotes to this presentation
iii. Cash, net of debt

Capital Allocation Framework

A disciplined approach to balance sheet strength, sustaining capital, growth and shareholder returns

Capital Allocation Priorities

BALANCE SHEET STRENGTH

$0.9 billion of net cash[i]; Undrawn $3 billion revolving credit facility; No meaningful debt due until 2033.

INVESTMENT IN EARNINGS-ACCRETIVE GROWTH

Pueblo Viejo and Lumwana expansions in execution. Fourmile and NGM optimization advancing. Reko Diq under review.

CASH RETURNS TO SHAREHOLDERS

Dividends

Maintain quarterly base dividend of 17.5 cents per share.

Commit to a total payout of 50% of attributable free cash flow with a performance top-up at each year-end.[ii]

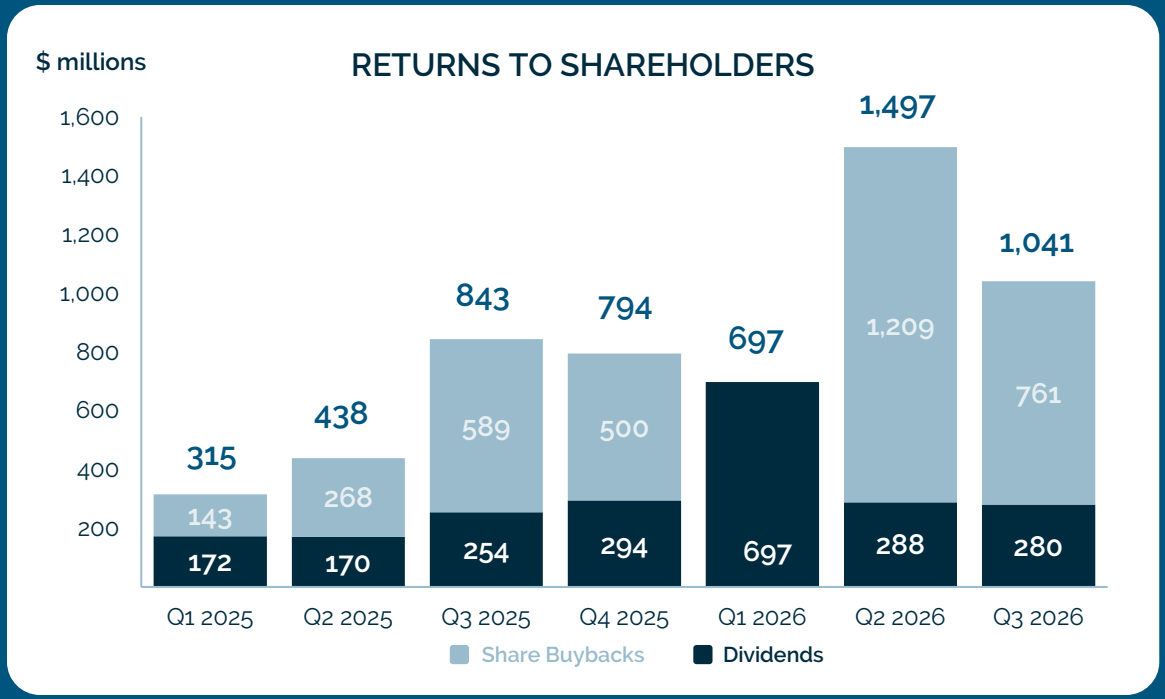
Share Buybacks

$761 million in Q3 2026 and ~$2.0 billion since the $3.0 billion program was initiated in May 2026.

New dividend policy adopted in February 2026[ii]

$3 billion buyback approved in May 2026

>$4 billion returned to shareholders in the four quarters since new leadership began in October 2025



i. Cash, net of debt

ii. The declaration and payment of dividends is at the discretion of the Board of Directors, and will depend on the Company's financial results, cash requirements, future prospects, the number of outstanding common shares, and other factors deemed relevant by the Board

On Track to Achieve Guidance

2026 production and cost guidance on track

Gold Production

On track to achieve 2026 guidance

Fourth quarter production expected to be slightly higher than the third quarter

Copper Production

On track to achieve 2026 guidance

Copper production to continue to be in line with the third quarter

	2026 Guidance[i]
Gold	
= **Gold production** (Moz)	2.90 – 3.25
= **COS**[ii] ($/oz)	1,870 – 2,070
= **TCC**[iii] ($/oz)	1,330 – 1,470
= **AISC**[iii] ($/oz)	1,760 – 1,950
Copper	
= **Copper production** (Kt)	190 – 220
= **COS**[ii] ($/lb)	3.05 – 3.35
= **C1 cash costs**[iii] ($/lb)	2.20 – 2.45
= **AISC**[iii] ($/lb)	3.45 – 3.75
Financial ($ millions)	
= **Exploration and project expenses**	450 – 500
= **G&A**	~180
= **Finance costs**	230 – 250
= **Total attributable capex**	3,800 – 4,200

i. On an attributable basis. Refer to Appendix A for the complete list of Barrick's outlook assumptions
ii. See endnote 2 on slide 21
iii. Further information on these non-GAAP financial measures, including detailed reconciliations, is included in the appendix of this presentation

2026 Priorities for Delivering Value

On track to achieve full year 2026 production and cost guidance

1	**Safety**	Continue to improve safety performance
2	**Operational Delivery**	Consistently deliver production and cost guidance
3	**Growth**	Advance projects at Pueblo Viejo, Lumwana, and NGM
4	**Complete the IPO**	Execute the North American Barrick IPO by 2026/early 2027[i]

i. Subject to market conditions and regulatory review

Q&A




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Appendix



Financial Highlights

Higher gold price translating to cash flow

	Q3 2026	Q3 2025	Change
Gold production from continuing operations[i] (thousands of ounces)	**816**	770	6%
Gold production from divested operations[ii] (thousands of ounces)	**n/a**	59	n/a
Total gold production[i] (thousands of ounces)	**816**	829	(2%)
Total copper production[i] (thousands of tonnes)	**50**	55	(9%)
Realized gold price[iii] ($/oz)	**4,243**	3,457	23%
Net Earnings ($ millions)	**1,317**	1,302	1%
Adjusted Net Earnings[iii] ($ millions)	**1,347**	982	37%
Consolidated adjusted EBITDA[iii] ($ millions)	**3,464**	2,856	21%
Attributable adjusted EBITDA[iii] ($ millions)	**2,475**	2,022	22%
Total consolidated capital expenditures[iv] ($ millions)	**1,322**	943	40%
Total attributable capital expenditures[v] ($ millions)	**1,157**	757	53%
Operating cash flow ($ millions)	**2,489**	2,422	3%
Attributable operating cash flow[v] ($ millions)	**1,799**	1,911	(6%)
Free cash flow[v] ($ millions)	**1,167**	1,479	(21%)
Attributable free cash flow[v] ($ millions)	**642**	1,154	(44%)
Net earnings per share (basic and diluted)	**0.80**	0.76	5%
Adjusted net earnings (basic)[v] per share	**0.82**	0.58	41%
Debt, net of cash ($ millions)	**(909)**	(323)	181%

i. On an attributable basis ii. Divested operations come from the ounces produced by Hemlo and Tongon in 2025 iii Further information on these non-GAAP financial measures, including detailed reconciliations, is included in the appendix of this presentation iv. Includes capitalized interest v. Amounts presented on the same basis as our guidance

Appendix A

Outlook Assumptions/Sensitivity

	2026 guidance assumption	Hypothetical change	Impact on Consolidated EBITDA[i] (millions)	Impact on Attributable EBITDA[i] (millions)	Impact on Attributable TCC and AISC[i]
Gold price sensitivity	$4,500/oz	+/- $100/oz	+/- $390	+/- $270	+/- $5/oz
Copper price sensitivity	$5.50/lb	+/- $0.25/lb	+/- $110	+/- $110	+/- $0.01/lb
Oil prices	$70/bbl WTI & $75/bbl Brent	+/- $10/bbl	+/- $61	+/- $56	+/- $12/oz

Key Outlook Assumptions	2026
Gold price ($/oz)	4,500
Copper price ($/lb)	5.50
Oil price (WTI) ($/barrel)	70
Oil price (Brent) ($/barrel)	75
AUD exchange rate (AUD:USD)	0.75
ARS exchange rate (USD:ARS)	1,513
CAD exchange rate (USD:CAD)	1.30
CLP exchange rate (USD:CLP)	900
EUR exchange rate (EUR:USD)	1.10

i. Further information on these non-GAAP financial measures, including detailed reconciliations, is included in the appendix of this presentation

Technical Information

The scientific and technical information contained in this MD&A has been reviewed and approved by Richard Peattie, MPhil, FAusIMM, Chief Technical Officer; Javier Ortuzar, FAusIMM, Senior Vice President, Exploration; Sam Baldwin, Vice President Geology, MSc, MAIG; Joel Holliday, FAusIMM, Executive Vice President, Exploration; and Russell Owen, FAusIMM, Vice President, Technical Services —each a "Qualified Person" as defined in National Instrument 43-101 – *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects*.

Endnote 1

Total reportable incident frequency rate ("TRIFR") is a ratio calculated as follows: number of reportable injuries x 1,000,000 hours divided by the total number of hours worked. Reportable injuries include fatalities, lost time injuries, restricted duty injuries, and medically treated injuries.

Endnote 2

Gold cost of sales per ounce is calculated as cost of sales across our gold operations (excluding sites in closure or care and maintenance) divided by ounces sold (both on an attributable basis using Barrick's ownership share). Copper cost of sales per pound is calculated as cost of sales across our copper operations divided by pounds sold (both on an attributable basis using Barrick's ownership share).

Non-GAAP Reconciliations



Adjusted net earnings and adjusted net earnings per share

"Adjusted net earnings" and "adjusted net earnings per share" are non-GAAP financial measures. Adjusted net earnings excludes the following from net earnings: impairment charges (reversals) related to intangibles, goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and investments; acquisition/disposition gains/losses; foreign currency translation gains/losses; significant tax adjustments; other items that are not indicative of the underlying operating performance of our core mining business; and tax effect and non-controlling interest of the above items. Management uses this measure internally to evaluate our underlying operating performance for the reporting periods presented and to assist with the planning and forecasting of future operating results. Management believes that adjusted net earnings is a useful measure of our performance because impairment charges, acquisition/disposition gains/losses and significant tax adjustments do not reflect the underlying operating performance of our core mining business and are not necessarily indicative of future operating results. Furthermore, foreign currency translation gains/losses are not necessarily reflective of the underlying operating results for the reporting periods presented. The tax effect and non-controlling interest of the adjusting items are also excluded to reconcile the amounts to Barrick's shares on a post-tax basis, consistent with net earnings. Adjusted net earnings and adjusted net earnings per share are intended to provide additional information only and do not have standardized definitions under IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. The measures are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under IFRS. Other companies may calculate these measures differently. The following table reconciles these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure. Further details on these non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the MD&A accompanying Barrick's financial statements filed from time to time on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov.

Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Net Earnings per Share, Adjusted Net Earnings and Adjusted Net Earnings per Share

($ millions, except per share amounts in dollars)	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
	9/30/26	6/30/26	9/30/25	**9/30/26**	9/30/25
Net earnings attributable to equity holders of the Company	**1,317**	1,217	1,302	**4,136**	2,587
Impairment (reversals) charges related to intangibles, goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and investments[a]	**(1)**	(1)	3	**(2)**	7
Acquisition/disposition (gains) losses[b]	**(102)**	(10)	(250)	**(111)**	39
(Gain) loss on currency translation	**1**	14	(3)	**35**	(3)
Significant tax adjustments[c]	**31**	(6)	(119)	**60**	(169)
Other expense adjustments[d]	**104**	236	47	**358**	264
Non-controlling interest	**(2)**	(77)	0	**(87)**	(15)
Tax effect[e]	**(1)**	(10)	2	**(31)**	(325)
Adjusted net earnings	**1,347**	1,363	982	**4,358**	2,385
Net earnings per share[f]	**0.80**	0.73	0.76	**2.49**	1.51
Adjusted net earnings per share[f]	**0.82**	0.82	0.58	**2.62**	1.39

a. There were no significant impairment charges or reversals in the current period or prior periods.

b. Acquisition/disposition (gains) losses for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 mainly relate to the sale of our share in the Bambadji project in Senegal. For Q3 2025, acquisition/disposition (gains) losses mainly relate to the $250 million revaluation of our 80% equity investment in Loulo-Gounkoto, following its deconsolidation and recognition as an investment at fair value in Q2 2025. For YTD 2025, this was combined with the $1,035 million loss recognized on the deconsolidation of Loulo-Gounkoto in Q2 2025 and a gain of $745 million on the sale of our 50% interest in the Donlin Gold project.

c. Significant tax adjustments for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 primarily include adjustments in respect of prior years, the re-measurement of current and deferred tax balances and the impact of uncertain tax positions. Significant tax adjustments for Q3 2025 and YTD 2025 include the re-measurement of deferred tax balances and adjustments in respect of prior years.

d. Other expense adjustments for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 periods mainly relate to additional royalties, penalties and interest related to the retrospective application of the 2023 Mining Code to Loulo-Gounkoto for 2024 and 2025 and the remobilization costs at Loulo-Gounkoto. YTD 2026 was further impacted by the gold inventory fair value adjustment after regaining control of Loulo-Gounkoto, and costs associated with our North America IPO project which were expensed in H1 2026, partially offset by income related to the revaluation of the Hemlo contingent consideration. Other expense adjustments for the 2025 periods mainly relate to reduced operations costs at Loulo-Gounkoto, and costs related to the signing of agreements to settle legacy legal matters in the Philippines related to Placer Dome Inc.

e. Tax effect for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 mainly relates to other expense adjustments. For Q3 2025 and YTD 2025 tax effect primarily relates to acquisition/disposition losses (gains).

f. Calculated using weighted average number of shares outstanding under the basic method of earnings per share.

EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, attributable adjusted EBITDA, attributable adjusted EBITDA margin, and net leverage

EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure, which excludes the following from net earnings: income tax expense; finance costs; finance income; and depreciation. Management believes that EBITDA is a valuable indicator of our ability to generate liquidity by producing operating cash flow to fund working capital needs, service debt obligations, and fund capital expenditures. Management uses EBITDA for this purpose. Adjusted EBITDA removes the effect of impairment charges; acquisition/disposition gains/losses; foreign currency translation gains/losses; and other expense adjustments. Barrick also removes the impact of the income tax expense, finance costs, finance income and depreciation incurred in our equity method accounted investments. Attributable Adjusted EBITDA further removes the non-controlling interest portion. Barrick believes these items provide a greater level of consistency with the adjusting items included in our adjusted net earnings reconciliation, with the exception that these amounts are adjusted to remove any impact on finance costs/income, income tax expense and/or depreciation as they do not affect EBITDA. Barrick believes this additional information will assist analysts, investors and other stakeholders of Barrick in better understanding our ability to generate liquidity from our attributable business, including equity method investments, by excluding these amounts from the calculation as they are not indicative of the performance of our core mining business and do not necessarily reflect the underlying operating results for the periods presented. Additionally, it is aligned with how Barrick presents our forward-looking guidance on gold ounces and copper pounds produced. Attributable adjusted EBITDA margin is calculated as attributable adjusted EBITDA divided by revenues - as adjusted. Barrick believes this ratio will assist analysts, investors and other stakeholders of Barrick to better understand the relationship between revenues and EBITDA or operating profit. Net leverage is calculated as debt, net of cash divided by the sum of adjusted EBITDA of the last four consecutive quarters. Barrick believes this ratio will assist analysts, investors and other stakeholders of Barrick in monitoring our leverage and evaluating our balance sheet. EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, attributable adjusted EBITDA, attributable adjusted EBITDA margin and net leverage are intended to provide additional information to investors and analysts and do not have any standardized definition under IFRS, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA and attributable adjusted EBITDA exclude the impact of cash costs of financing activities and taxes, and the effects of changes in operating working capital balances, and therefore are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under IFRS. Other companies may calculate EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, attributable adjusted EBITDA, attributable adjusted EBITDA margin and net leverage differently. Further details on these non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the MD&A accompanying Barrick's financial statements filed from time to time on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov. The following table reconciles these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

Reconciliation of Net Earnings to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Attributable Adjusted EBITDA

($ millions)	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
	9/30/26	6/30/26	9/30/25	**9/30/26**	9/30/25
Net earnings	**2,038**	1,892	1,904	**6,411**	3,941
Income tax expense	**601**	732	477	**2,080**	857
Finance costs, net[a]	**18**	6	21	**43**	96
Depreciation	**567**	555	460	**1,622**	1,307
EBITDA	**3,224**	3,185	2,862	**10,156**	6,201
Impairment (reversals) charges of non-current assets[b]	**(1)**	(1)	3	**(2)**	7
Acquisition/disposition losses (gains)[c]	**(102)**	(10)	(250)	**(111)**	39
(Gain) loss on currency translation	**1**	14	(3)	**35**	(3)
Other expense adjustments[d]	**104**	236	47	**358**	264
Income tax expense, net finance costs[a] and depreciation from equity investees	**238**	204	197	**590**	494
Adjusted EBITDA	**3,464**	3,628	2,856	**11,026**	7,002
Non-controlling Interests	**(989)**	(1,083)	(834)	**(3,245)**	(1,929)
Attributable adjusted EBITDA	**2,475**	2,545	2,022	**7,781**	5,073
Revenues - as adjusted[e]	**4,145**	4,267	3,405	**12,595**	9,140
Attributable adjusted EBITDA margin[f]	**60 %**	60 %	59 %	**62 %**	56 %
	As at 9/30/26	As at 12/31/25	As at 9/30/25	**As at 9/30/26**	As at 12/31/25
Net leverage[g]	**-0.1:1**	-0.2:1	0.0:1	**-0.1:1**	-0.2:1

a. Finance costs exclude accretion.

b. There were no significant impairment charges or reversals in the current period or prior periods.

c. Acquisition/disposition (gains) losses for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 mainly relate to the sale of our share in the Bambadji project in Senegal. For Q3 2025, acquisition/disposition (gains) losses mainly relate to the $250 million revaluation of our 80% equity investment in Loulo-Gounkoto, following its deconsolidation and recognition as an investment at fair value in Q2 2025. For YTD 2025, this was combined with the $1,035 million loss recognized on the deconsolidation of Loulo-Gounkoto in Q2 2025 and a gain of $745 million on the sale of our 50% interest in the Donlin Gold project.

d. Other expense adjustments for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 periods mainly relates to the additional royalties, penalties and interest related to the retrospective application of the 2023 Mining Code to Loulo-Gounkoto for 2024 and 2025 and the remobilization costs at Loulo-Gounkoto. YTD 2026 was further impacted by the gold inventory fair value adjustment after regaining control of Loulo-Gounkoto, and costs associated with our North America IPO project which were expensed in H1 2026, partially offset by income related to the revaluation of the Hemlo contingent consideration. Other expense adjustments for the 2025 periods mainly relate to reduced operations costs at Loulo-Gounkoto, and costs related to the signing of agreements to settle legacy legal matters in the Philippines related to Placer Dome Inc.

e. Refer to Reconciliation of Sales to Realized Price per oz/pound on slide 28 of this presentation.

f. Represents attributable adjusted EBITDA divided by revenues - as adjusted.

g. Represents debt, net of cash, divided by adjusted EBITDA of the last four consecutive quarters

Free cash flow, attributable free cash flow, and attributable operating cash flow

Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that deducts capital expenditures from net cash provided by operating activities. Attributable free cash flow starts with free cash flow and adds our attributable share of free cash flow from our equity investees and subtracts the free cash flow attributable to the non-controlling interests. Management believes these to be useful indicators of our ability to operate without reliance on additional borrowing or usage of existing cash.

Starting with our Q1 2026 MD&A, we are presenting attributable operating cash flow. Attributable operating cash flow starts with cash provided by operating activities and adds our attributable share of cash provided by operating activities from our equity investees and subtracts the cash provided by operating activities attributable to the non-controlling interests. Management believes this to be a useful indicator of the amount of cash provided by operating activities to Barrick's ownership share.

Free cash flow, attributable free cash flow and attributable operating cash flow are intended to provide additional information only and do not have any standardized definition under IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. These measures are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under IFRS. Other companies may calculate these measures differently. Further details on these non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the MD&A accompanying Barrick's financial results filed from time to time on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov. The following table reconciles these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow, Attributable Free Cash Flow and Attributable Operating Cash Flow

($ millions)	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
	9/30/26	6/30/26	9/30/25	**9/30/26**	9/30/25
Net cash provided by operating activities	**2,489**	1,704	2,422	**6,747**	4,963
Capital expenditures	**(1,322)**	(1,189)	(943)	**(3,490)**	(2,714)
Free cash flow (consolidated)	**1,167**	515	1,479	**3,257**	2,249
Free cash flow applicable to equity investees	**80**	113	191	**523**	413
Non-controlling interests	**(605)**	(487)	(516)	**(1,784)**	(885)
Attributable free cash flow	**642**	141	1,154	**1,996**	1,777
Attributable capital expenditures	**1,157**	978	757	**2,890**	2,105
Attributable operating cash flow	**1,799**	1,119	1,911	**4,886**	3,882

"Total cash costs" per ounce and "All-in sustaining costs" per ounce

"Total cash costs" per ounce (TCC/oz) and "All-in sustaining costs" per ounce (AISC/oz) are non-GAAP financial measures which are calculated based on the definition published by the World Gold Council (a market development organization for the gold industry comprised of and funded by gold mining companies from around the world, including Barrick, the "WGC"). The WGC is not a regulatory organization. Management uses these measures to monitor the performance of our gold mining operations and their ability to generate positive cash flow, both on an individual site basis and an overall gold operations basis. TCC/oz starts with our cost of sales related to gold production and removes depreciation, the non-controlling interest of cost of sales and costs allocated to by-products. AISC/oz starts with TCC/oz and includes sustaining capital expenditures, sustaining leases, general and administrative costs, minesite exploration and evaluation costs related to the current mine plan and reclamation cost accretion and amortization. Barrick believes that the use of TCC/oz and AISC/oz will assist analysts, investors and other stakeholders of Barrick in understanding the costs associated with producing gold, understanding the economics of gold mining, assessing our operating performance and also our ability to generate free cash flow from the gold operations portion of our business. Due to the capital-intensive nature of the industry and the long useful lives over which these items are depreciated, there can be a significant timing difference between net earnings calculated in accordance with IFRS and the amount of free cash flow that is generated by a mine and therefore Barrick believes these measures are useful non-GAAP operating metrics and supplement our IFRS disclosures. These measures are not representative of all of Barrick's cash expenditures as they do not include income tax payments, interest costs or dividend payments. These measures do not include depreciation or amortization. TCC/oz and AISC/oz are intended to provide additional information only and do not have standardized definitions under IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. These measures are not equivalent to net income or cash flow from operations as determined under IFRS. Although the WGC has published a standardized definition, other companies may calculate these measures differently. Further details on these non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the MD&A accompanying Barrick's financial statements filed from time to time on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov. The following table reconciles these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

Reconciliation of Gold Cost of Sales to Total cash costs and All-in sustaining costs, including on a per ounce basis

($ millions, except per oz information in dollars)		For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
	Footnote	9/30/26	6/30/26	9/30/25	9/30/26	9/30/25
COS applicable to gold production		2,085	2,109	1,690	6,068	4,934
Depreciation		(493)	(478)	(384)	(1,420)	(1,085)
Total cash costs applicable to equity method investments		123	130	114	381	324
Costs allocated to by-products		(125)	(128)	(80)	(372)	(204)
Other	a	4	(8)	5	(37)	21
Non-controlling interests	b	(470)	(484)	(393)	(1,363)	(1,168)
Total cash costs		1,124	1,141	952	3,257	2,822
General & administrative costs		51	31	77	121	158
Minesite exploration and evaluation costs	c	1	4	7	9	19
Minesite sustaining capital expenditures	d	593	500	395	1,473	1,438
Sustaining leases		8	2	7	16	22
Rehabilitation - accretion and amortization (operating sites)	e	17	17	17	50	50
Non-controlling interest, copper operations and other	f	(247)	(201)	(171)	(607)	(596)
All-in sustaining costs		1,547	1,494	1,284	4,319	3,913
Ounces sold - attributable basis (koz)	g	810	801	837	2,359	2,358
COS/oz	h,i	1,950	1,993	1,562	1,956	1,613
TCC/oz	i	1,386	1,426	1,137	1,381	1,197
AISC/oz	i	1,911	1,866	1,538	1,831	1,660

a. Other - Other adjustments mainly relate to treatment and refining charges.

b. Non-controlling interests - Non-controlling interests include non-controlling interests related to gold production of $669 million and $1,951 million for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026, respectively, (Q2 2026: $682 million; Q3 2025: $540 million, YTD 2025 $1,567 million). Non-controlling interests include NGM, Pueblo Viejo, Loulo-Gounkoto, Tongon, North Mara and Bulyanhulu. Refer to Note 5 to the Financial Statements for further information.

c. Exploration and evaluation costs - Exploration, evaluation and project expenses are included in AISC if they support current mine operations.

d. Capital expenditures - Capital expenditures are related to our gold sites only and are split between minesite sustaining and project capital expenditures.

e. Rehabilitation—accretion and amortization - Includes depreciation on the assets related to rehabilitation provisions of our gold operations and accretion on the rehabilitation provision of our gold operations, split between operating and non-operating sites.

f. Non-controlling interest and copper operations - Removes general and administrative costs related to non-controlling interests and copper based on a percentage allocation of revenue. Also removes exploration, evaluation and project expenses, rehabilitation costs and capital expenditures incurred by our copper sites and the non-controlling interests related to NGM, Pueblo Viejo, Loulo-Gounkoto, Tongon, North Mara and Bulyanhulu operating segments. It also includes capital expenditures applicable to our equity method investment in Kibali. The impact is summarized as the following:

($ millions)	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
Non-controlling interest, copper operations and other	9/30/26	6/30/26	9/30/25	9/30/26	9/30/25
General & administrative costs	(5)	(5)	(13)	(16)	(25)
Minesite exploration and evaluation expenses	0	(1)	(1)	(2)	(4)
Rehabilitation - accretion and amortization (operating sites)	(8)	(9)	(5)	(22)	(16)
Minesite sustaining capital expenditures	(234)	(186)	(152)	(567)	(551)
All-in sustaining costs total	(247)	(201)	(171)	(607)	(596)

g. Ounces sold - attributable basis - Excludes Long Canyon, which is producing residual ounces from the leach pad while in closure.

h. COS/oz - Gold COS/oz is calculated as cost of sales across our gold operations (excluding sites in closure or care and maintenance) divided by ounces sold (both on an attributable basis using Barrick's ownership share).

i. Per ounce figures - COS/oz, TCC/oz and AISC/oz may not calculate based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

“C1 cash costs” per pound and “All-in sustaining costs” per pound

“C1 cash costs” per pound (C1 cash costs/lb) and “All-in sustaining costs” per pound (AISC/lb) are non-GAAP financial measures related to our copper mine operations. Barrick believes that C1 cash costs/lb enables investors to better understand the performance of our copper operations in comparison to other copper producers who present results on a similar basis. C1 cash costs/lb excludes royalties, production taxes and non-routine charges as they are not direct production costs. AISC/lb is similar to the gold AISC metric and management uses this to better evaluate the costs of copper production. Barrick believes this measure enables investors to better understand the operating performance of our copper mines as this measure reflects all of the sustaining expenditures incurred in order to produce copper. AISC/lb includes C1 cash costs, sustaining capital expenditures, sustaining leases, general and administrative costs, minesite exploration and evaluation costs, royalties, production taxes, reclamation cost accretion and amortization and writedowns taken on inventory to net realizable value. Further details on these non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the MD&A accompanying Barrick’s financial statements filed from time to time on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov. The following table reconciles these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

Reconciliation of Copper Cost of Sales to C1 cash costs and All-in sustaining costs, including on a per pound basis

($ millions, except per lb information in dollars)	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
	9/30/26	6/30/26	9/30/25	**9/30/26**	9/30/25
Cost of sales	**267**	280	193	**764**	594
Depreciation/amortization	**(65)**	(71)	(69)	**(179)**	(197)
Treatment and refinement charges	**47**	49	44	**131**	126
C1 cash costs applicable to equity method investments	**102**	95	91	**292**	265
Less: royalties	**(37)**	(43)	(25)	**(110)**	(71)
Costs allocated to by-products	**(15)**	(15)	(7)	**(48)**	(24)
C1 cash costs of sales	**299**	295	227	**850**	693
General & administrative costs	**10**	6	12	**22**	28
Rehabilitation - accretion and amortization	**1**	1	1	**3**	5
Royalties	**37**	43	25	**110**	71
Minesite exploration and evaluation costs	**3**	3	1	**8**	4
Minesite sustaining capital expenditures	**138**	120	93	**324**	240
Sustaining leases	**3**	2	2	**6**	7
All-in sustaining costs	**491**	470	361	**1,323**	1,048
Tonnes sold - attributable basis (thousands of tonnes)	**49**	54	52	**148**	157
Pounds sold - attributable basis (millions pounds)	**108**	119	116	**326**	347
COS/lb[a,b]	**3.65**	3.39	2.68	**3.48**	2.72
C1 cash costs per pound[a]	**2.76**	2.47	1.96	**2.60**	2.00
AISC/lb[a]	**4.52**	3.95	3.14	**4.05**	3.03

a. COS/lb, C1 cash costs/lb and AISC/lb may not calculate based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

b. Copper COS/lb is calculated as cost of sales across our copper operations divided by pounds sold (both on an attributable basis using Barrick’s ownership share).

Realized price

"Realized price" is a non-GAAP financial measure which excludes from sales: treatment and refining charges; and cumulative catch-up adjustment to revenue relating to our streaming arrangements. Barrick believes this provides investors and analysts with a more accurate measure with which to compare to market gold and copper prices and to assess our gold and copper sales performance. For those reasons, management believes that this measure provides a more accurate reflection of our Company's past performance and is a better indicator of its expected performance in future periods. The realized price measure is intended to provide additional information, and does not have any standardized definition under IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. The measure is not necessarily indicative of sales as determined under IFRS. Other companies may calculate this measure differently. Further details on these non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the MD&A accompanying Barrick's financial statements filed from time to time on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov. The following table reconciles realized prices to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

Reconciliation of Sales to Realized Price per ounce/pound

($ millions, except per oz/lb information in dollars)	Gold			Copper			Gold		Copper	
	For the three months ended						For the nine months ended			
	9/30/26	6/30/26	9/30/25	**9/30/26**	6/30/26	9/30/25	**9/30/26**	9/30/25	**9/30/26**	9/30/25
Sales	**4,489**	4,665	3,748	**459**	499	320	**13,910**	9,794	**1,301**	961
Sales applicable to non-controlling interests	**(1,507)**	(1,553)	(1,237)	**0**	0	0	**(4,651)**	(3,139)	**0**	0
Sales applicable to equity method investments[a,b]	**454**	416	377	**203**	182	147	**1,316**	935	**581**	446
Sales applicable to sites in closure or care and maintenance[c]	**(7)**	(2)	(1)	**0**	0	0	**(22)**	(3)	**0**	0
Treatment and refinement charges	**9**	11	7	**47**	49	44	**29**	20	**131**	126
Other[d]	**0**	0	0	**0**	0	0	**0**	0	**0**	0
Revenues – as adjusted	**3,438**	3,537	2,894	**709**	730	511	**10,582**	7,607	**2,013**	1,533
Ounces/pounds sold (koz/Mlb)[c]	**810**	801	837	**108**	119	116	**2,359**	2,358	**326**	347
Realized gold/copper price per oz/lb[e]	**4,243**	4,417	3,457	**6.54**	6.15	4.39	**4,486**	3,226	**6.17**	4.42

a. Represents sales of $394 million for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 $1,048 million (Q2 2026: $313 million; Q3 2025: $ 294 million; YTD 2025: $711 million) applicable to our 45% equity method investment in Kibali and $60 million for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 $268 million (Q2 2026: $103 million; Q3 2025: $83 million; YTD 2025: $224 million) applicable to our 24.5% equity method investment in Porgera for gold. Represents sales of $105 million for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026 $338 million (Q2 2026: $123 million; Q3 2025: $77 million; YTD 2025: $243 million) applicable to our 50% equity method investment in Zaldívar and $98 million and $243 million for Q3 2026 and YTD 2026, respectively (Q2 2026: $60 million; Q3 2025: $71 million; YTD 2025: $208 million), applicable to our 50% equity method investment in Jabal Sayid for copper.

b. Sales applicable to equity method investments are net of treatment and refinement charges.

c. On an attributable basis. Excludes Long Canyon, which is producing residual ounces from the leach pad while in closure.

d. Represents cumulative catch-up adjustment to revenue relating to our streaming arrangements. Refer to note 2e of the 2025 Annual Financial Statements for more information.

e. Realized price per oz/lb may not calculate based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

Capital expenditures

These amounts are presented on the same basis as our guidance. Minesite sustaining capital expenditures and project capital expenditures are non-GAAP financial measures. Capital expenditures are classified into minesite sustaining capital expenditures or project capital expenditures depending on the nature of the expenditure. Minesite sustaining capital expenditures is the capital spending required to support current production levels. Project capital expenditures represent the capital spending at new projects and major, discrete projects at existing operations intended to increase net present value through higher production or longer mine life. Management believes this to be a useful indicator of the purpose of capital expenditures and this distinction is an input into the calculation of all-in sustaining costs per ounce/pound. Classifying capital expenditures is intended to provide additional information only and does not have any standardized definition under IFRS, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. Other companies may calculate these measures differently. Further details on these non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the MD&A accompanying Barrick's financial statements filed from time to time on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov. The following table reconciles these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

Reconciliation of the Classification of Capital Expenditures

($ millions)	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
	9/30/26	6/30/26	9/30/25	9/30/26	9/30/25
Minesite sustaining capital expenditures	**593**	500	395	**1,473**	1,438
Project capital expenditures	**686**	654	532	**1,910**	1,240
Capitalized interest	**43**	35	16	**107**	36
Total consolidated capital expenditures	**1,322**	1,189	943	**3,490**	2,714