

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENT

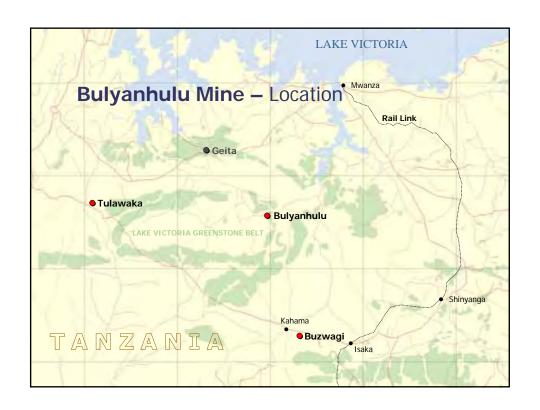
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Bulyanhulu Mine – Agenda Overview Safety and Health Mining Operations Processing Operations Environmental Stewardship Community Relations Vision for Bulyanhulu BARRICK BULYANHULU MINE TOUR - OCTOBER 2005





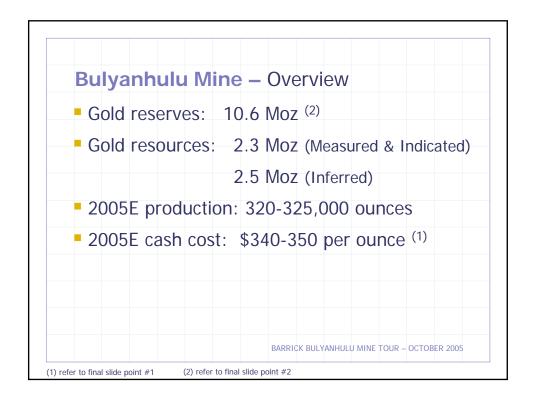


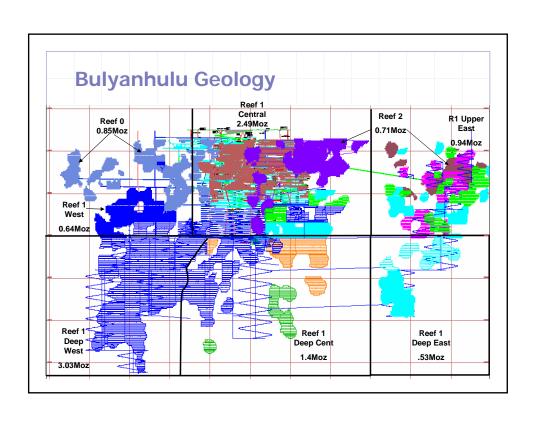
Bulyanhulu Mine – History

- Acquired Sutton Resources in March 1999
 - \$280 million
 - Included both Bulyanhulu and Kabanga
 - 3.6 million ounces of gold reserves
- First production in April 2001
- 1.26 million ounces produced through 2004
- Expected remaining life of about 24 years

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Bulyanhulu Mine – Agenda

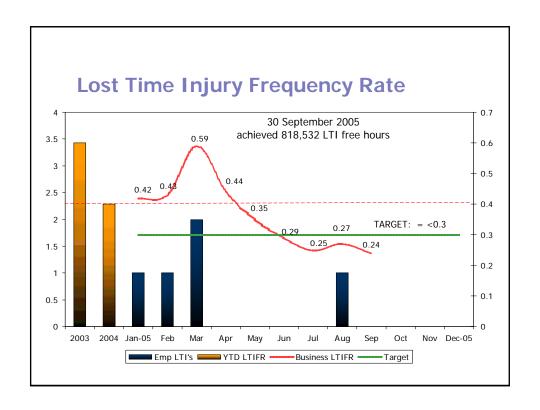
- Overview
- Safety and Health
- Mining Operations
- Processing Operations
- Environmental Stewardship
- Community Relations
- Vision for Bulyanhulu

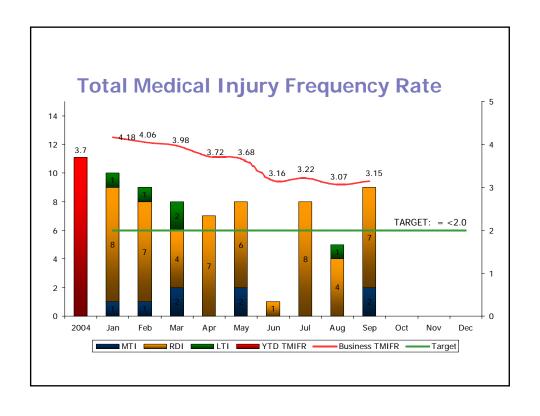
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Safety and Health

- Clinic accessible to mine employees and surrounding communities
- Sustainable program of health protection, health promotion & disease prevention
- Enabled first world medicine & medical practices in a first world environment
- Particular focus on HIV/AIDS & STD's, tuberculosis and malaria







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Mining Operations

- Underground trackless mining operation
- Accessed by surface shaft and internal ramp
- Operated 7 days a week two 10-hr. shifts
- Mining methods
 - mechanized sub-level longhole retreat
 - conventional cut-and-fill
 - mechanized resuing
 - alimak stoping
 - conventional shrinkage

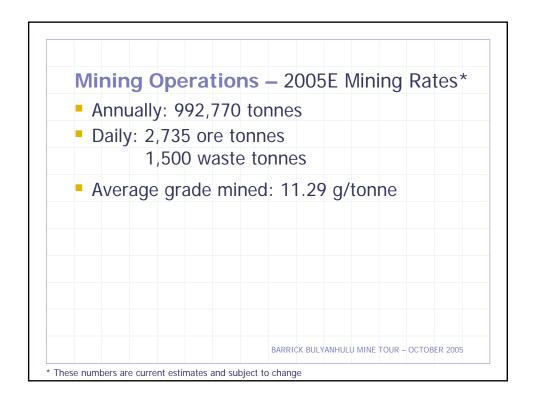
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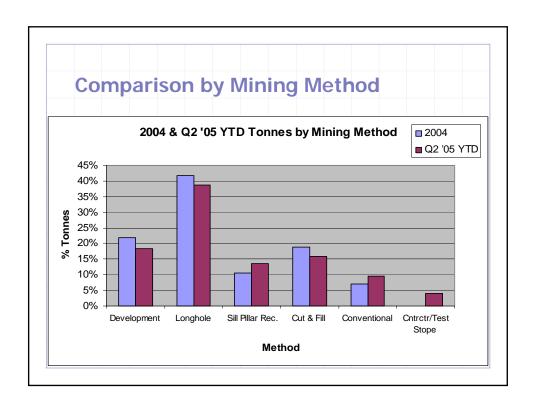
Mining Operations – Manpower

- Mining operations: 627
- UG mine maintenance: 313
- Technical services: 91 (Includes diamond drilling)

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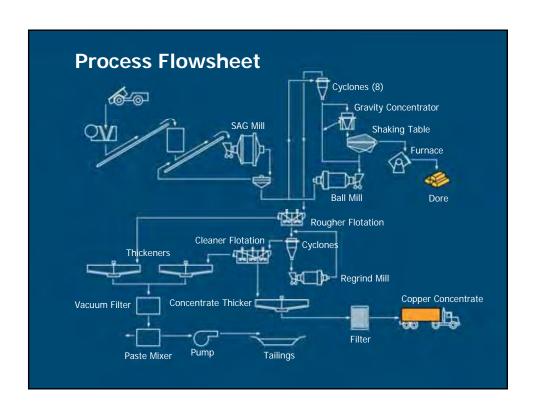
Mining Operation	s – Equipment
Trucks	Loaders
– EJC 417 – 2	– Toro T151D – 14
– EJC 420 – 2	– Toro T301D – 7
– EJC 430 – 12	– Toro T400D – 4
	– Toro T1400D – 4
Jumbos	– Toro 006 – 2
 Two Boom (Waste D 	
Minimatic – 4	Longhole Drills
Axera – 1	– Quasar – 5
Single Boom	In-the-Hole Drills
Quasar – 6	– Cubex - 2











Processing Crushing and grinding circuit Gold/silver gravity circuit Copper/gold/silver flotation circuit Tailings thickening/filtration circuit Paste backfill facility Tailings storage facility Operated 24 hours per day Capacity: 3,300 tonnes per day BARRICK BULYANHULU MINE TOUR - OCTOBER 2005

Processing	
Manpower	
Process Plant: 1	145
Process Mainter	nance: 88
Recoveries (2005	5E)
- 30.0% by gravi	ty
■ <u>58.8%</u> by flotat	ion
■ 88.8% total	

Bulyanhulu Mine – Agenda Overview Safety and Health Mining Operations Processing Operations Environmental Stewardship Community Relations Vision for Bulyanhulu BARRICK BULYANHULU MINE TOUR – OCTOBER 2005

Environmental Stewardship

- Progress against KPI's
 - Environmental monitoring in compliance
 - Water Management Action Plan ongoing
- Rehabilitation progress
 - Continued expansion of tree nursery to increase production from 20,000 to 60,000 seedlings
 - Revegetation trial cells for the rehabilitation of tailings dam still in progress as per Reclamation and Closure Plan
 - Ripping of community borrow pits for rehabilitation is in progress

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Community Development

- Water pipeline constructed from Lake Victoria
 47 kilometers to Bulyanhulu Mine
- 15 community water access points along pipeline
- Meets water needs of 30,000 villagers
- Assisted various communities in drilling deep wells



Community Development

- Constructed 441 houses at Bugarama and Illogi for employees and their families
- On-going project
- Further 60 houses under construction





Bulyanhulu Mine	Agenda
Overview	
Safety and Health	
Mining Operations	
Processing Operation	ons
Environmental Stev	wardship
Community Relation	ns
Vision for Bulyar	nhulu

Vision for Bulyanhulu Three-prong approach to enhancing operations 1) Continuous improvement 2) Succession planning 3) Project Phoenix BARRICK BULYANHULU MINE TOUR – OCTOBER 2005

Continuous Improvement Summary

- 196 CI ideas & initiatives evaluated to date
- 14 implementations in progress; 3 fully implemented

		Est Annual
Initiative	Department	Savings
Rationalize air travel	Aviation	US\$1,300,000
Self Insurance	HR	800,000
Insource procurement function	Supply	1,000,000
Conveyor from shaft to crush	Process	500,000

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Succession Planning

- Strengthen the organization by having the right leaders in the right place at the right time
- Concerted effort to train locals for mine positions



Project Phoenix

Objective

Present the new 'Bulyanhulu Vision'

Scope

- Select 'greenfield' section of orebody to apply the Vision
- Develop and evaluate all viable mining options
- Select and validate preferred operating strategy
- Map out process and timeline for transitioning the operation

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Project Phoenix – Expectations

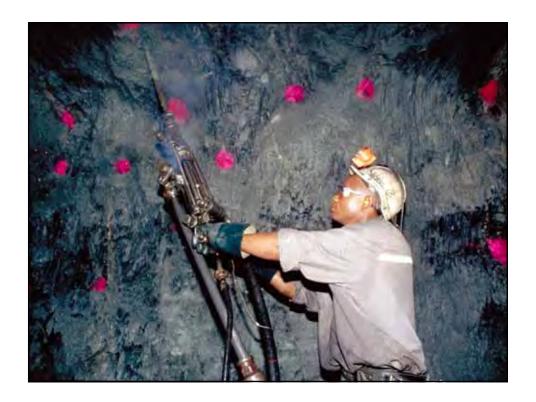
Approach

- Base case will assume current levels of cost and physicals
- Optimised cases to focus on:
 - a comparison of mechanised v non-mechanised mining
 - a pragmatic compilation of physical information from AMC geotech study and current performance.
- Look to engage site / management to build future vision

Geotechnical

 Recent stress management work suggests the mine has more favourable mining conditions than was previously understood

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Reef 2 Initiative Summary

- Reserve and resource geometry
 - Location: 500m in the hanging wall of Zone 1
 - Dimensions: mineralization over 2.5 Km of strike and 800 to 1200m of depth
 - 1.3M tonnes (2P) & 309K tonnes (M&I)
 - 713K ounces (2P) & 235K ounces (M&I)
- Conventional shrinkage and cut & fill stoping (i.e. jackleg and slushers)
- Initial exploitation of resource (estimated)
 - 0.8M tonnes; 368,000 ounces

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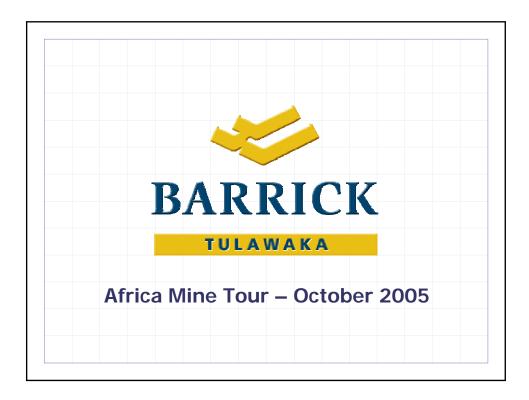
Scavenger Cleaner Tails Project

- Part of tailings product that has already been concentrated has leaching capabilities in excess of 70% (500tpd @ about 4.5+g/t material)
- Propose leaching with cyanide
- Results in estimated incremental annual production of 15,000 ounces
- Increases overall recoveries by 4-5%

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FOOTNOTES

- For an explanation of non-GAAP performance measures, refer to pages 67 69 of Management's
 Discussion and Analysis found in the Annual Report 2004. During the second quarter 2005, Barrick
 adopted a new accounting pronouncement on stripping costs incurred during the production stage of a
 mine (EITF 04-6). Furthermore, Barrick commenced including accretion expense in the definition of total
 cash costs per ounce. Total cash cost per ounce is defined as cost of sales divided by ounces sold.
- 2. Based on reserves calculated as at December 31, 2004 using an assumed price of \$375 per ounce for gold. Calculations have been performed by employees of Barrick under the supervision of Rene L. Marion, P. Eng., Vice President, Technical Services of Barrick. Reserve calculations incorporate current and/or expected mine plans and cost levels. Barrick's normal data verification procedures have been employed in connection with the calculations. For a breakdown of reserves by category and for additional information on Barrick's reserve methodology, see Barrick's most recent Annual Information Form / Form 40-F on file with Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities and the US Securities and Exchange Commission



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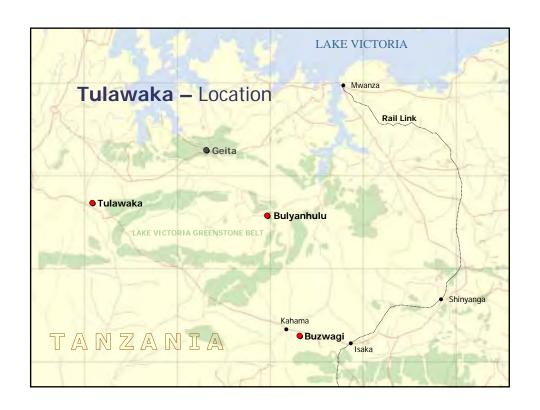
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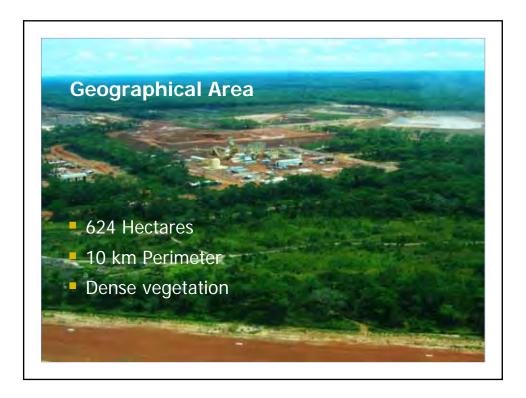
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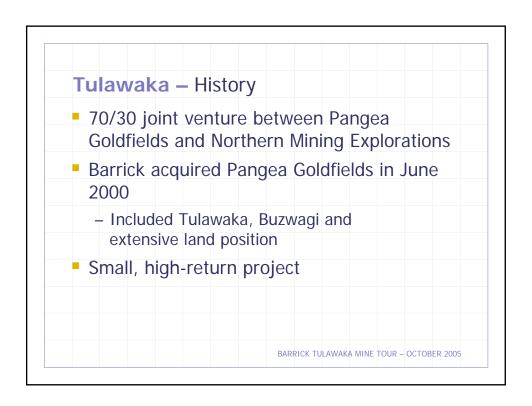




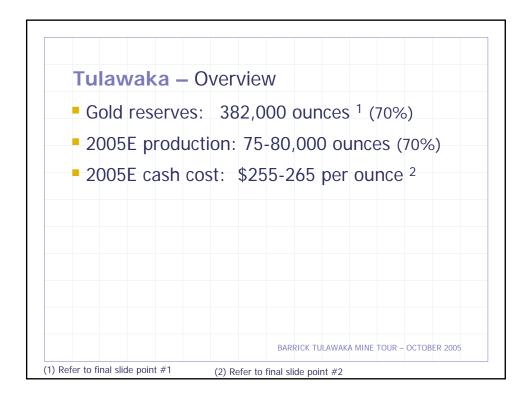








Tulawaka — Development 14 months from greenfields site to production Poured first gold on March 15, 2005 3.4 million hours no lost time injuries (LTI's) \$39 million capital costs (70%)



Vision and Goals

- "Safe Gold Production"
- Optimise performance of personnel and mineral resources/reserves
- Effective development and retention of quality personnel for Tulawaka and other Barrick operations
- Creating a longer future for Tulawaka



Safety - Zero Tolerance

- What have we learned?
 - Safety comes first, and production is invariably directly linked with safety
 - Fatigue Management Programme
 - Operator trainingMethods / Records / Fraud
- Never assume if there are NO incidents that everything is safe
- Do not take anything for granted audits and inspections are essential

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Safety - Milestones

Barrick Annual Safety Awards for 2004

Tulawaka Mine was awarded:

- COO Special Merit Award
- Gold Medal for Zero LTI's
- 2 Individual Safety Champion Awards

Every person going home safe and healthy every day



Succession Plan

- Part of the preparation for the future of Tulawaka and Barrick in Tanzania
- Provides a continuing sequence of qualified people to move up and take over when the current generation of managers and key people move on

Succession Plan

- Develop a program to provide training, ongoing support and mentoring for professionals and new supervisors
- Ongoing monitoring of progress to ensure compliance is a fundamental requirement

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Expatriate Workforce Plan - 2004

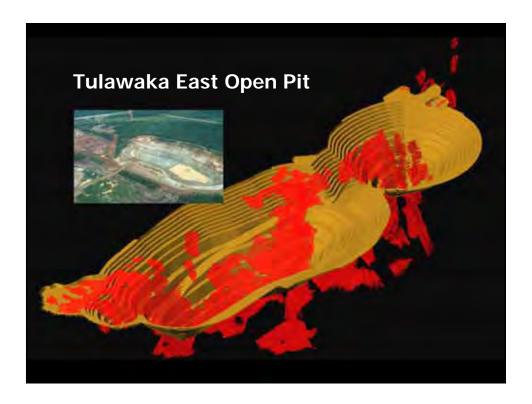
- The 2004 plan has been exceeded by ~ 1 year
- The revised plan levels are shown in brackets

Q3 expatriate staff levels	2005	2006	2007	2008
Process	12 (8)	8 (6)	8 (6)	4
Mining and geology	9 (3)	3	2	0
Security	12	10	10	8
Administration	3	2	2	2
Safety	1	1	1	1
	37 (27)	24 (22)	23 (21)	15
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Mining – Systems Developed

- Surface Mining Procedures and Safety Systems
- Succession Planning
- Grade Control & Production Databases
- Grade Control MP3 replacing Polygonal estimation
- Reconciliations Grade Control/Mine vs Mill vs Block Model
- Strategic Development Plan



Tulawaka East Open Pit - History

- Mining commenced June 2004
- Borrow pit inside final pit limits supplied suitable construction materials to dams
- Borrow pit used to experiment with final pit wall profile
- New block model December 2004
- Geotechnical review of pit February 2005
- Optimisation and redesign completed February 2005

Tulawaka East Open Pit

- Mining Department
 - Integration of all areas Mining, Geology, Development and Exploration activities in same location
- 100% Tanzanian Mining Contractor
 - Caspian Ltd.
 - Mining contract signed November 2004

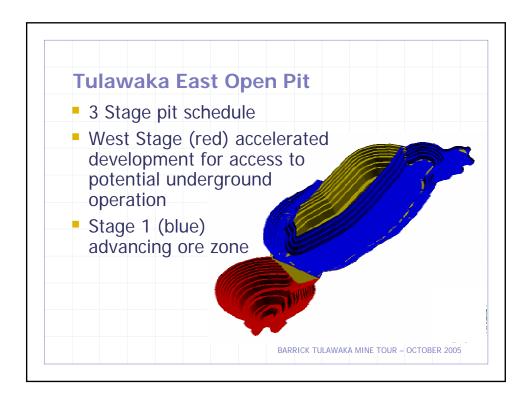
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Tulawaka East Open Pit

- Progress to August 2005
 - 4.9 million BCM moved
 - Current ROM stocks:

223,000 tonnes @ 7.30 g/t, 52,000 oz gold

5 months process plant feed



Mining – Strategic Development Plan Initiated in February 2005 Tulawaka East Zone Underground Tulawaka West Zone Open Pit Development and exploration of other local targets is critical given short mine life

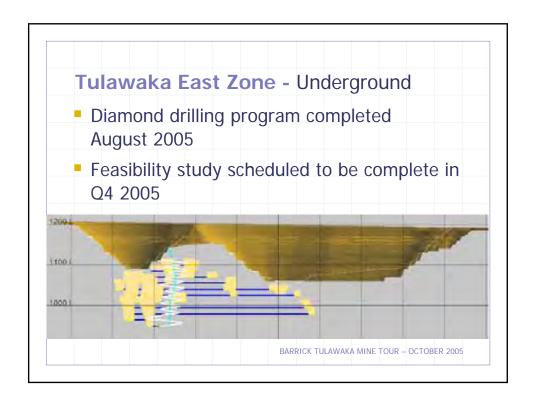
Exploration & Development

- Tulawaka South
- T7
- West Zone
- East Pit
- Underground feasibility



Underground Feasibility Drilling 2005

- In-pit resource drilling
- 26 Holes
- 5743m Diamond drilling
- Checking RC and diamond intersections
- Checking continuity and width of intersections





Processing

- Gravity separation technology (50% of gold recovered)
- Conventional carbon-in-leach technology (total gold recovery is +95%)
- Tulawaka is the only mine in Tanzania to conduct cyanide destruction and meet the Cyanide Code

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Processing – Overview

- First ore to SAG mill February 25
- 24-hr operations started on March 5
- Recovery has been above budget since operation commenced (96.0% vs 94.9%)
- Throughput has been above budget since operation commenced (up to 75tph vs 46tph)

Processing – Overview

- Mill availability has been above budget since start up (>95% vs 90%)
- Reagent consumption rates to date have been 40% below budget for cyanide and 60% below budget for metabisulphite
- Milling costs have been in line with feasibility, with the exception of diesel costs

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Processing – Recruitment & Training

The path to our success:

- Recruitment of 30 Process and 30 Maintenance trainees and having them trained for 6 months at Bulyanhulu
- 18 out of 21 operator positions filled with these trainees
- 23 maintenance positions filled from these trainees
- All positions reverted to probationary periods with Tulawaka (two did not complete the probationary period and several have had extensions)

Processing – Safety & Training

- A detailed Process Plant Induction was developed and implemented prior to startup
 - Only those who have been inducted and passed the test are permitted to enter the plant without an escort
- Safe Work Procedures for all sections of the plant were developed prior to startup
 - These are being used, developed and amended to assess competencies of operators for promotional level changes



Environment

- Environment Department started activities at Tulawaka Project in 2001 as a regional project of KMCL Environment Department
- During 2002 2003 collected environmental baseline information for the Tulawaka Project

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Environment -**Department Functions**

- Environmental induction and awareness training
- Environmental Inspection and Audits
- Water management and quality monitoring (surface water and groundwater)
- Air quality monitoring (weather, gases, dust and noise)





Environment – Department Functions

 Waste management (hazardous and nonhazardous materials management)

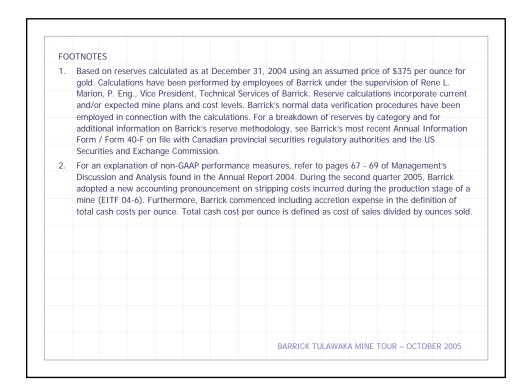


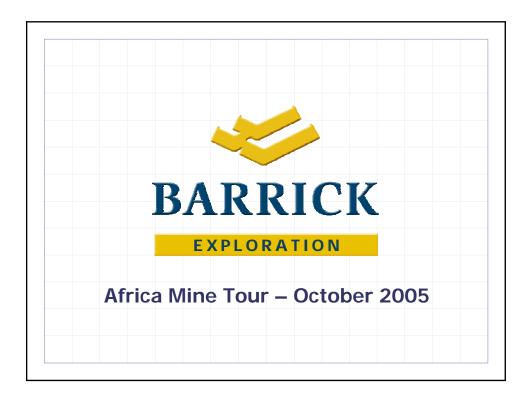
- Land management (topsoil, flora, re-vegetation)
- Provide advice to all departments on environmental issues
- Environmental compliance reporting

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Rehabilitation and Closure

- Development of Rehabilitation and Closure Plan commenced in 2004
- District Mine Closure Committee established in December 2004 – meetings done quarterly
- Final draft Closure Plan being completed by Golder Associates
- Progressive rehabilitation and nursery establishment
- Five borrow-pits have been rehabilitated





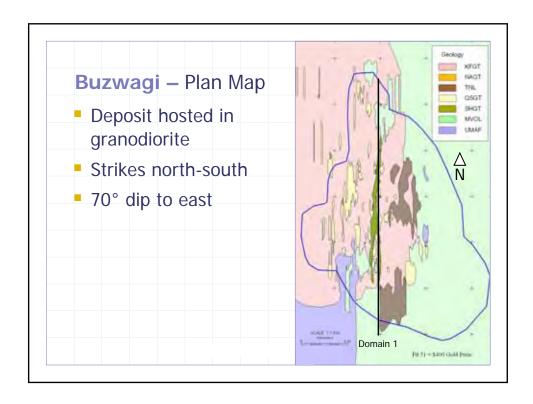
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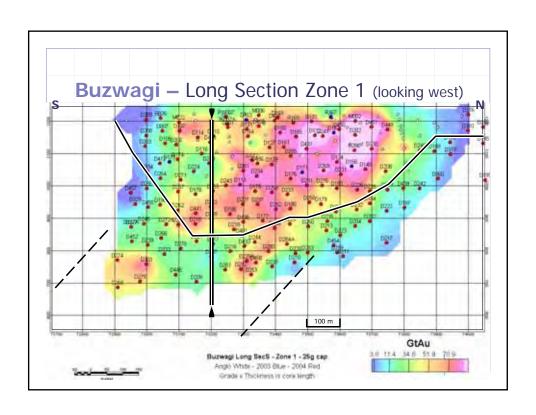
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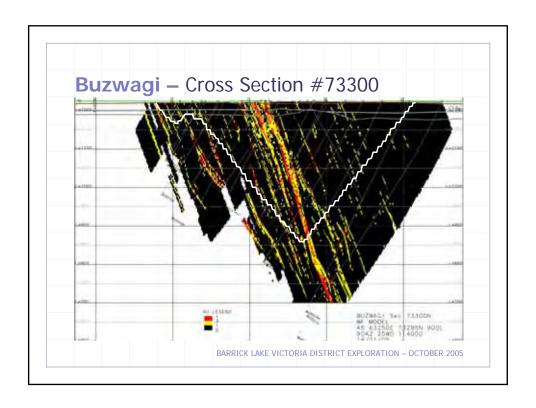
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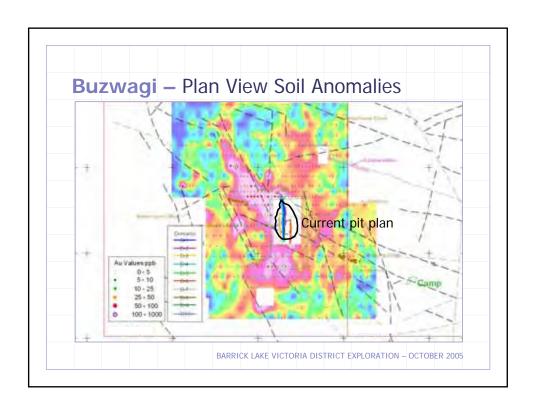


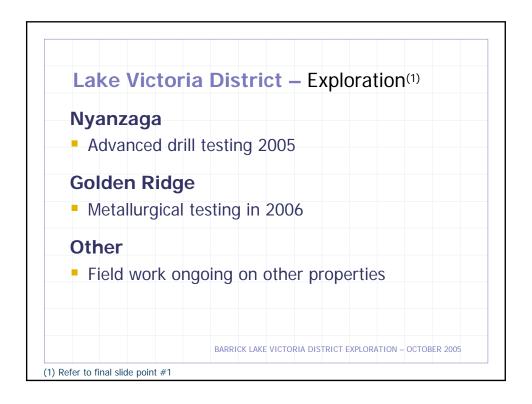


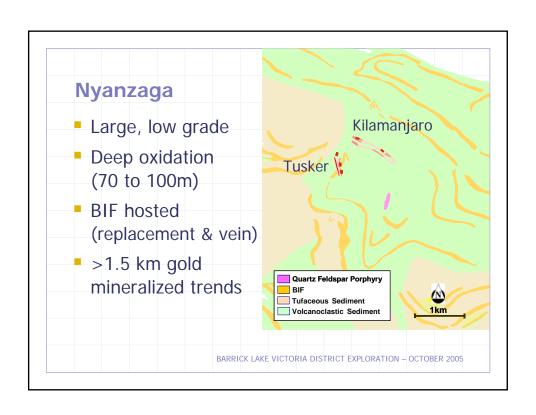


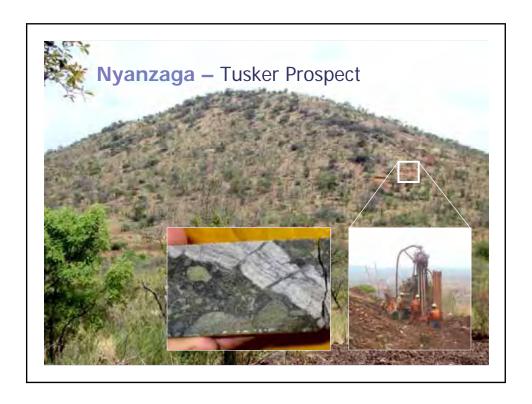














Kabanga (Nickel) – Lake Victoria District

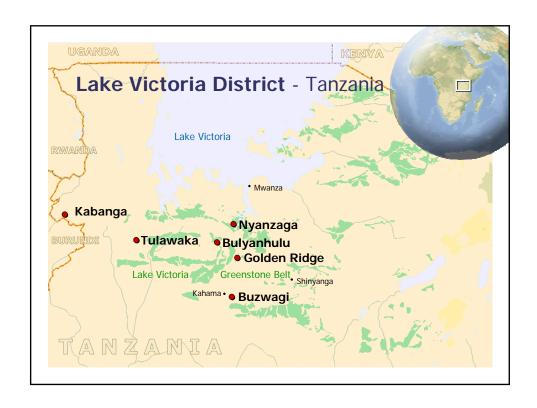
- Acquired in Sutton Resources transaction
- Located 400km west of Bulyanhulu
- Increased known resource at Kabanga Main and discovered adjacent MNB deposit
- Inferred resource of 26 million tonnes@ 2.6% nickel

BARRICK LAKE VICTORIA DISTRICT EXPLORATION - OCTOBER 2005

Kabanga (Nickel) - Lake Victoria District

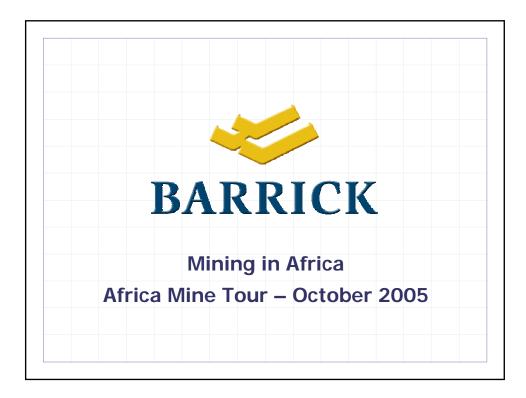
- Partnership with Falconbridge (FL) allows
 Barrick to focus on gold
- FL currently conducting \$50 million work plan
- FL to fund the next \$95 million of development expenditures
- Expectation of feasibility study in three years and production as early as five years
- Potential nickel production of 30,000-35,000 tonnes annually

BARRICK LAKE VICTORIA DISTRICT EXPLORATION – OCTOBER 2005



FOOTNOTES

- Barrick's exploration programs are designed and conducted under the supervision of Alexander
 J. Davidson, P. Geo., Executive Vice President, Exploration and Corporate Development of
 Barrick. For information on the geology, exploration activities generally, and drilling and analysis
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 / Form 40-F on file with Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities and the US
 Securities and Exchange Commission.
- Based on reserves calculated as at December 31, 2004 using an assumed price of \$375 per ounce for gold, \$5.50 per ounce for silver and an exchange rate of \$1.45 Can\$ / US\$. Calculations have been performed by employees of Barrick under the supervision of Rene L. Marion, P. Eng., Vice President, Technical Services of Barrick. Reserves at the Australian properties assumed a gold price of Aus\$560 per ounce. Reserves at the Hemlo property assumed a gold price of US\$350 per ounce and an exchange rate of \$1.35 Can\$/US\$. Reserves at Round Mountain are based on pit designs consistent with a gold price of US\$375 per ounce. Reserves at the Marigold property assumed a gold price of US\$350 per ounce. Reserve calculations incorporate current and/or expected mine plans and cost levels at each property. Cost estimates at each Australian property assumed an exchange rate of \$0.70 US\$/Aus\$. Varying cut-off grades have been used depending on the mine and type of ore contained in the reserves. Barrick's normal data verification procedures have been employed in connection with the calculations. For a breakdown of reserves by category and for additional information on Barrick's reserve methodology, see Barrick's most recent Annual Information Form / Form 40-F on file with Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities and the US Securities and Exchange Commission.



FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENT

Certain information contained or incorporated by reference herein, including any information as to our future financial or operating performance, constitutes "forward-looking statements". All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. The words "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "contemplate", "target", "plan", "intends", "continue", "budget", "estimate", "may", "will", "schedule" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by us, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. Known and unknown factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to: fluctuations in the currency markets (such as the Canadian and Australian dollars versus the U.S. dollar); fluctuations in the spot and forward price of gold or certain other commodities (such as silver, copper, diesel fuel and electricity); changes in U.S. dollar interest rates or gold lease rates that could impact the mark to market value of outstanding derivative instruments and ongoing payments/receipts under interest rate swaps and variable rate debt obligations; risks arising from holding derivative instruments (such as credit risk, market liquidity risk and mark to market risk); changes in national and local government legislation, taxation, controls, regulations and political or economic developments in Canada, the United States, Australia, Chile, Peru, Argentina, Tanzania, Russia or Barbados or other countries in which we do or may carry on business in the future; business opportunities that may be presented to, or pursued by, us; our ability to successfully integrate acquisitions; operating or technical difficulties in connection with mining or development activities; the speculative nature of gold exploration and development, including the risks of obtaining necessary licenses and permits; diminishing quantities or grades of reserves; adverse changes in our credit rating; and contests over title to properties, particularly title to undeveloped properties. In addition, there are risks and hazards associated with the business of gold exploration, development and mining, including environmental hazards, industrial accidents, unusual or unexpected formations, pressures, cave-ins, flooding and gold bullion losses (and the risk of inadequate insurance, or inability to obtain insurance, to cover these risks). Many of these uncertainties and contingencies can affect our actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, us. You are cautioned that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. All of the forward-looking statements contained herein are qualified by these cautionary statements. Specific reference is made to Barrick's most recent Form 40-F/Annual Information Form on file with the US Securities and Exchange Commission and Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities for a discussion of some of the factors underlying forward-looking statements.

Barrick disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Mining in Tanzania

Gold Mining & Development Agreement

- Right to enter loans and use mine as security
- Right to export and sell production
- Right to open bank accounts outside of Tanzania
- Right to retain abroad the proceeds of sale of minerals and loans
- No carried interest on equity

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Mining in Tanzania

Special Mining Licence

- 25 year duration
- Following government review of:
 - Feasibility Study
 - Mining Plan
 - Environmental Management Plan
 - Training and Localization Plan

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Mining in Tanzan	la
Fiscal Regime	
3% royalty	
30% corporate ince	ome tax
Depreciation allowa	ance
Withholding taxes	
Low import duty	
VAT relief	
No export tax duty	

Mining in Tanzania Government Affairs Maintain frequent contact Highest national and local government levels Periodic reporting to government agencies Chamber of Mines represents interests of the mining community BARRICK BULYANHULU MINE TOUR - OCTOBER 2005