



GISTM Principle 15 – August 2026 Public Disclosure

Pueblo Viejo
Naranjo TSF

5 August 2026

FACILITY LEVEL STATEMENT OF CONFORMANCE¹

The Naranjo Tailings Storage Facility (TSF) is in Full Conformance with the GISTM.

PRINCIPLE 15

Publicly disclose and provide access to information about the tailings facility to support public accountability.

REQUIREMENT 15.1

Publish and regularly update information on the Operator's commitment to safe tailings facility management, implementation of its tailings governance framework, its organization-wide policies, standards or approaches to the design, construction, monitoring and closure of tailings facilities.

- A. For new tailings facilities for which the regulatory authorisation process has commenced, or that are otherwise approved by the Operator, the Operator shall publish and update, in accordance with Principle 21 of the UNGP, the following information:**
- 1. A plain language summary of the rationale for the basis of the design and site selected as per the multicriteria alternatives analysis, impact assessments, and mitigation plans (Information may be obtained from the output of multiple Requirements including, but not limited to, Requirements 3.2, 3.3, 5.1, 5.3, 6.4, 6.6, 7.1 and 10.1); and**

Facility Description and Design Basis

Pueblo Viejo Dominicana Jersey 2 Limited (PVD), a joint venture between Barrick Mining Corporation (Barrick) and Newmont Corporation (Newmont), is planning to construct the proposed Naranjo TSF located at the Pueblo Viejo mine, approximately 50 kilometres northwest of Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic. Permitting, detailed design, and preparation of construction packages is currently ongoing.

The impoundment is formed by the Naranjo Dam, which will be constructed using the downstream construction method. The dam is geomembrane-lined rockfill embankment, with a composite lining system along the upstream face of the dam comprising a high-density polyethylene (HDPE) geomembrane underlain by a low-permeability fill (LPF) zone and transition filters. The relatively low permeability tailings in combination with the composite liner system minimizes seepage through the embankment and mitigates environmental impacts associated with seepage.

The Naranjo Dam will be raised in stages with a height of approximately 60 m for the Starter Dam and 130 m for the Ultimate Dam (crest elevation 235.0 m). The facility is designed to store 500M m³

¹ **Facility-Level Conformance Definitions:**

- **Full Conformance:** All applicable requirements are met in full; or, all applicable requirements are met but the facility requires remedial works to conform to specific requirements (e.g. 4.7 or 5.7), for which basic engineering is complete, budgeted, and a construction schedule has been developed and approved by the Accountable Executive to complete remedial works as soon as reasonably practicable.
- **Partial Conformance:** Some requirements are fully met; others are partially met or not met.
- **Non-Conformance:** No applicable requirements are either partially or fully met.

of mine waste including co-disposal of hydraulically deposited slurry tailings and waste rock delivered by haul trucks.

Seepage through the dam and foundation will report to two seepage collection and monitoring systems which allows seepage return to the TSF if water quality criteria are not suitable for discharge. Two polishing ponds are located downstream of the Naranjo Dam to collect and clarify surface runoff downstream of the facility.

Tailings deposition is scheduled to commence in 2029, following completion of the Starter Dam, and will continue until 2045, the anticipated end of mine operations. During operations, tailings will be deposited from the Naranjo Dam to maintain a tailings beach against the upstream face of the dam. Waste rock will be located at the back (upstream) of the TSF basin. During the final years of operation, tailings deposition will shift to the back of the facility to provide cover of relatively low permeability tailings over the PAG waste rock dump.

The surface water management strategy for the TSF includes storage for the Environmental Design Flood (EDF) storage, and an emergency spillway designed to safely pass the Inflow Design Flood (IDF) and prevent overtopping. The operating pond will be managed by a pumping system, with water directed either to the reclaim system for mill reuse or to the Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) for treatment prior to discharge.

Site Selection and MAA

In 2022, PVD conducted a tailings and PAG waste management alternatives assessment for the PV Mine expansion using a multi-criteria alternatives analysis (MAA) aligned with GISTM standards. Multiple candidate sites were identified and evaluated. The evaluation included a technical assessment, development of conceptual layouts, site characterization and breach analyses for different loading conditions. Subsequent pre-screening reduced the number of candidate sites to eight for detailed evaluation. Alternatives B (Cuanca Valley) and C (Naranjo TSF) emerged as top options; although B was technically preferred, C was advanced due to social and environmental advantages, despite its more complex foundation and higher construction costs.

Impact Assessment

As part of the permitting and development for the Naranjo TSF, Pueblo Viejo completed an Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA), following national laws and international standards. The ESIA looked closely at the possible environmental and social impacts during all stages of the project (construction, operation, closure, and after closure). It used a clear method to assess the severity, duration, and reach of the impacts, and how sensitive the affected areas are. Based on the results, the project includes a strong environmental management plan, with actions to reduce land disturbance, control erosion and dust, manage noise and air pollution, protect key areas, and fully restore the site after closure.

Among the main potential environmental impacts identified through the ESIA process were the interception of surface water flows, the loss of biodiversity, and the removal of forest cover. In response, Pueblo Viejo has implemented a dedicated water compensation plan to offset any potential hydrological impacts and ensure long-term watershed balance. In the same way, a

comprehensive biodiversity compensation plan has been established to mitigate the loss of flora and fauna, including specific measures for habitat restoration. For vegetation loss and deforestation, the company has activated a forestry compensation program that includes reforestation initiatives and partnerships with the government to enhance its technical capabilities. These plans form an integral part of the project's environmental commitments and reflect Pueblo Viejo's proactive approach to sustainability.

A key part of the ESIA was creating a clear and fair resettlement plan to mitigate the potential social impacts, following national laws and international guidelines. The TSF project requires moving six communities, and Pueblo Viejo is committed to addressing both physical and economic impacts. The compensation plan covers the full value of land, homes, and other assets, with housing adapted to each family and full legal ownership. The process has included ongoing community input, open communication, and oversight from authorities.

To support long-term sustainability and socioeconomic development, the resettlement initiative includes fully serviced residential infrastructure (featuring schools, parks, a water system, and other essential amenities) alongside targeted livelihood restoration programs. These include access to agricultural land, seed capital and revolving loan funds, educational scholarships, and psychosocial support services. Pueblo Viejo remains committed to working closely with relevant authorities to ensure effective implementation, regulatory compliance, and continued engagement with affected populations. This approach reflects a shared goal of achieving responsible development that protects the environment, upholds community rights, and contributes positively to regional development objectives.

Other key mitigations to manage impacts of the Naranjo TSF include:

- Designing the TSF to minimize land disturbance.
- Implementing drainage and sediment control measures to protect water quality.
- Managing noise and air emissions through equipment maintenance and dust suppression.
- Preserving environmentally and socially sensitive areas where practicable.
- Rehabilitating disturbed land and removing infrastructure following project closure.

2. The Consequence Classification (Requirement 4.1)

Facility Consequence Classification

Current Classification	Classification used for Design
Extreme (GISTM 2020)	Extreme (GISTM 2020)

- B. For each existing tailings facility and in accordance with Principle 21 of the UNGP, the Operator shall publish and update at least on an annual basis, the following information:**

Requirement 15.1 B is not applicable as the Naranjo TSF is not an existing facility.

- C. Provide local authorities and emergency services with sufficient information derived from the breach analysis to enable effective disaster management planning (Information may be obtained from the output of Requirement 2.3)**

Requirement 15.1 C is not applicable as this is a new TSF still in the design and permitting stage.

REQUIREMENT 15.2

- A. Respond in a systematic and timely manner to requests from interested and affected *stakeholders* for additional information *material* to the public safety and integrity of a *tailings facility*. When the request for information is denied, provide an explanation to the requesting *stakeholder*.**

Barrick is committed to the timely response to requests for additional information material to the public safety and integrity of their TSFs from interested and affected stakeholders. In the event that specific information cannot be shared with the requesting stakeholder, an explanation will be provided. Information on Barrick's Tailings Management policy and our Social Performance Policy can be found at the following links:

[Tailings Management Policy](#)

[Social Performance Policy.pdf](#)

REQUIREMENT 15.3

- A. Commit to cooperate in credible global transparency initiatives to create standardised, independent, industry-wide and publicly accessible databases, inventories or other information repositories about the safety and integrity of *tailings facilities*.**

Barrick is committed to global transparency around the public safety and integrity of our TSFs. A link to Barrick's Tailings Management Policy can be found here.

[Tailings Management Policy](#)

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain information contained in Barrick's Global Industry Standard on Tailings Management ("GISTM") tailings disclosure ("GISTM Disclosure"), including any information as to the design and operation of Barrick's tailings facilities and Barrick's sustainability strategy and vision, projects, plans or future technical, or operating performance constitutes "forward-looking statements". All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. The words "target", "plan", "project", "develop", "estimate", "designed", "scheduled" "potential", "may", "will", "likely", "unlikely", "can", "could", "would" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. In particular, this GISTM Disclosure contains forward-looking statements including, without limitation, with respect to: the results of Barrick's annual performance and dam safety reviews and related mitigation measures for the proposed Pueblo Viejo Naranjo Tailings Storage Facility (the "Naranjo TSF"); the design, storage capacity and lifecycle of the proposed Naranjo TSF; the potential environmental and social impacts of the proposed Naranjo TSF and related monitoring and risk assessments; the results of Barrick's tailings facility breach analysis and inundation studies including human exposure and vulnerability to flow failure scenarios, disaster management planning and emergency preparedness; and estimated costs associated with the proposed Naranjo TSF.

Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by the company as at the date of this Response in light of management's experience and perception of current conditions and expected developments, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. Known and unknown factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements and information. Such factors include, but are not limited to: operating or technical difficulties in connection with mining or development activities, including geotechnical challenges, tailings dam and storage facilities failures; physical and transition risks related to climate change, including extreme weather events and resource shortages; risk of loss due to acts of war, terrorism, sabotage and civil disturbances; changes in national and local government legislation, taxation, controls or regulations and/or changes in the administration of laws, policies and practice; and political or economic development in the Dominican Republic or other countries in which Barrick does or may carry on business in the future; timing of receipt of, or failure to comply with, necessary permits and approvals; our ability to maintain relationships with public sector agencies and the communities surrounding the Naranjo TSF; contests over access to water, power and other required infrastructure; risks associated with working with partners in jointly controlled assets; and disruptions in the maintenance or provision of required infrastructure and information technology systems. In addition, there are risks and hazards associated with the business of mineral exploration, development, and mining, including environmental hazards, industrial accidents, unusual or unexpected formations, pressures, cave-ins and flooding. Many of these uncertainties and contingencies can affect our actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, Barrick. Readers are cautioned that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance.

All of the forward-looking statements made in this GISTM Disclosure are qualified by these cautionary statements. Specific reference is made to the most recent Form 40-F/Annual Information Form on file with the SEC and Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities for a discussion of some of the factors underlying forward-looking statements and the risks that may affect Barrick's ability to achieve the expectations set forth in the forward-looking statements contained in this Response.

Barrick disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.