







INVESTOR UPDATE

Q3 2023



KRG Overview



1960 / 2004 Founded / IPO

KRG

\$4.6B

\$7.7B

NYSE

Market Cap¹

Enterprise Value¹

180

Operating Retail Properties

28M

Total Owned Retail GLA (SF)

93.4%

Retail Portfolio Percent Leased \$20.56

Annualized Base Rent (ABR) per SF

5.1x

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA

76%

ABR from Assets with a Grocery Component²

67%

ABR in Sun Belt Markets³

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, the source of all Company data is publicly available information that has been or will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the period ending

61%

ABR from Community and Neighborhood Centers

BBB

Fitch Credit Rating

SOUTHLAKE TOWN SQUARE Dallas / Fort Worth, TX MSA

As of November 8, 2023. KRG

NYSE

September 30, 2023.

Assets with a grocery component include centers with a big box wine and spirits store.

3. Sun Belt states include AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, NM, NV, OK, SC, TN, TX, UT and VA.

KRG's Strategic Advantages

Best-in-Class Operating Platform

- Operating margins and metrics well above open-air retail sector averages
- Management team has deep experience operating open-air real estate

■ Flexible and Durable Balance Sheet

- Low leverage with manageable near-term maturities
- Received a 'Positive' credit rating outlook upgrade from S&P Global Ratings
- Over \$1.1B of available liquidity and minimal nearterm capital commitments

High-Quality Sun Belt Portfolio

- Primarily concentrated in Sun Belt markets with select strategic gateway market presence
- Predominantly focused on grocery-anchored neighborhood and community centers along with vibrant mixed-use and lifestyle assets





| | Q3 2023 | |
|---|---------------|---|
| NAREIT FFO | \$0.51 | Outperformance largely driven by lower than expected bad debt and overage rent |
| Same Property NOI ¹ | 4.7% | Minimum base rent growth and lower bad debt drove outsized SSNOI growth |
| Total Leasing Volume | 1.4M SF | Healthy leasing volume continues at extremely strong spreads |
| Anchor / Shop Leased % | 95.1% / 90.2% | Shop leased percentage increased year-over-year by 90 bps. Anchor leased percentage decreased year-over-year by 130 bps, primarily driven by Bed Bath & Beyond closures |
| Leased-to-Occupied Spread at Period End | 220 bps | Spread represents \$27M of NOI, of which ~35% will come online in Q4 2023 |

Simple Plan in a Complex World

Looking Internally to Grow

- KRG's primary capital allocation priority through 2024 is leasing
- Demand for space continues to be strong, as evidenced by ~14% blended cash spreads in 3Q and on a trailing twelve-month basis
- Through 3Q 2023, KRG has generated > 30%
 returns on capital for comparable new leases, which
 significantly exceeds return on capital expectations
 for other capital allocation alternatives
- As macroeconomic uncertainty persists, KRG believes a simple capital allocation strategy is a competitive advantage

| CAPITAL ALLOCATION YIELDS | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Leasing | > 30% | | |
| Developments | 6% - 10% | | |
| Acquisitions | 5.5% - 7.5% | | |



2023 Guidance



Key assumptions at the midpoint:

- Same property NOI growth of 4.5%, which represents a 100-basis point increase
- Bad debt reserves of 45 basis points of total revenues for the full calendar year of 2023
 - Bad debt reserves of 75 basis points of total revenues for the fourth quarter of 2023

| 2023 NAREIT FFO GUIDANCE | | | |
|--|----------|----------|--|
| | LOW | HIGH | |
| Net income | \$0.19 | \$0.23 | |
| Gain on sales of operating properties, net | (\$0.10) | (\$0.10) | |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$1.90 | \$1.90 | |
| NAREIT FFO | \$1.99 | \$2.03 | |

| 2023 FFO GUIDANCE BRIDGE AT THE MIDPOINT | | | |
|--|---------|--|--|
| | MID | | |
| Previous 2023 NAREIT FFO guidance midpoint | \$1.98 | | |
| Same property NOI growth | \$0.025 | | |
| Non-cash rent | \$0.005 | | |
| 2023 NAREIT FFO guidance midpoint | \$2.01 | | |

2024 Earnings Considerations



- The Company intends to provide full year 2024 guidance in conjunction with the release of its fourth quarter 2023 results in February 2024
- The below items should be considered for 2024 modeling purposes:

| 2024 EARNINGS CONSIDERATIONS | | | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | NOMINAL (\$, Ms) | PER SHARE | | |
| 2023 YTD Bed Bath & Beyond revenue impact ¹ | \$5.3 | \$0.025 | | |
| 2023 YTD Land sale gains and termination fees | \$5.2 | \$0.025 | | |
| 2023 YTD Prior period collections | \$2.7 | \$0.01 | | |
| 2023 to 2024 non-cash interest expense headwind primarily related to legacy RPAI swaps | \$5.3 | \$0.025 | | |
| Negative refinancing arbitrage assumption headwind from 2023 to 2024 ² | \$5.0 - \$9.5 | \$0.02 - \$0.04 | | |
| TOTAL | \$23.5 - \$28.0 | \$0.105 - \$0.125 | | |

Additional 2024 earnings considerations:

- Additional Bed Bath & Beyond backfills will be reflected in the Company's signed-not-open pipeline
- When establishing 2024 guidance, the Company will not account for speculative land sales, termination fees and prior period collections
- The \$270M of 2024 debt maturities have a weighted average maturity date of July 2024 and a weighted average interest rate of approximately 3.73%

^{1.} Revenue impact represents cash rent and below market rent received from Bed Bath & Beyond through 3Q 2023 excluding the three assumed leases

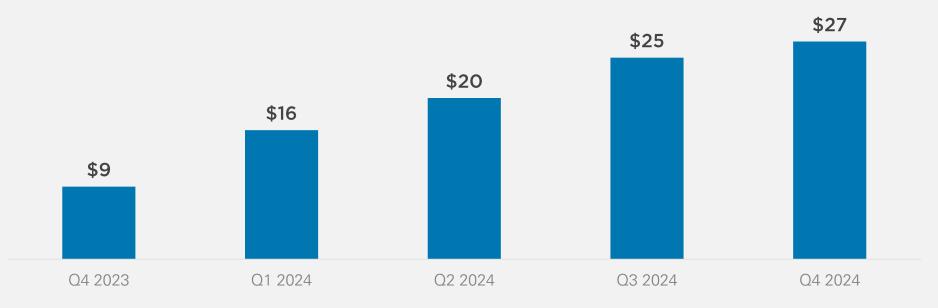
Includes management's assumptions to refinance \$270M of 2024 debt maturities at a weighted average interest rate of 3.73% with senior unsecured notes. The low end of the range assumes KRG refinances the 2024 maturities on January 1, 2024, and the high end of the range assumes KRG refinances the 2024 maturities on June 30, 2024.

Components of Signed-Not-Open Pipeline



- Leased-to-occupied spread at period end (220 bps) expected to widen due to strong leasing demand for Bed Bath & Beyond backfills and additional small shop lease-up potential, which will drive an elevated signed-not-open pipeline
 - The signed-not-open pipeline was flat at \$27M quarter-over-quarter as a result of tenants that commenced rent in the third quarter of 2023, net of new leases signed
 - Signed 67 new leases representing \$9M of NOI in the third quarter of 2023
 - 58 tenants commenced rent in the third quarter of 2023 totaling \$9M of annualized NOI
 - Of the \$27M signed-not-open pipeline, 35% is from anchor tenants and 65% is from shop tenants

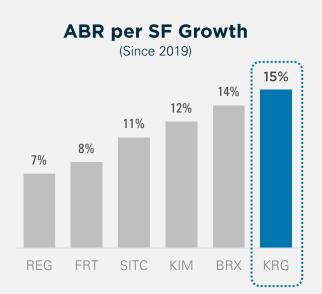
Cumulative Signed-Not-Open NOI Commencement Schedule (\$, Ms)

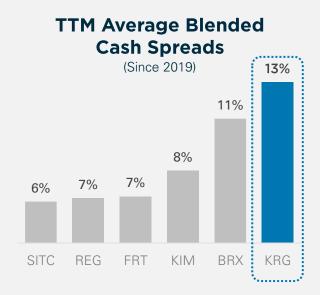


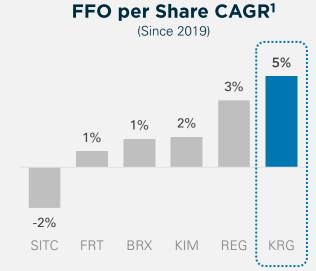




| KEY PORTFOLIO METRICS | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|----------|--|
| | 2019 | Q3 2023 | % Change | |
| ABR per SF | \$17.83 | \$20.56 | +15% | |
| Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA | 5.9x | 5.1x | (0.8x) | |
| 3-Mile Population | 76K | 102K | +34% | |
| 3-Mile Average Household Income | \$98K | \$118K | +20% | |
| % of ABR from Assets with a Grocery Component | 72% | 76% | +4% | |

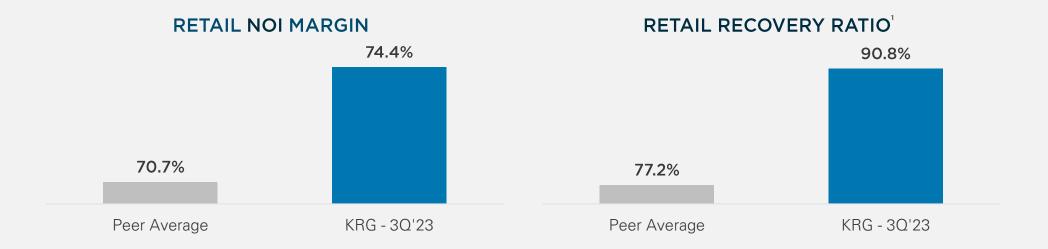


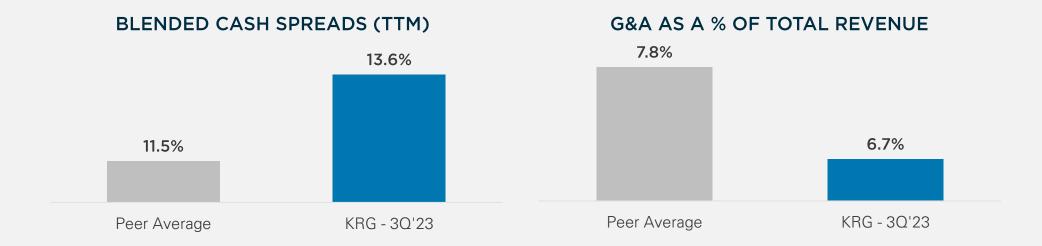




Efficient Operators











- Declining retail supply in the U.S. following the Great Financial Crisis has been a driver for retail leased rates and the COVID-19 pandemic amplified the trend as retailers realized the importance of their brick-and-mortar footprint
- Post-COVID, retailers have gained a reappreciation for their physical store footprint as consumers are in closer proximity to suburban open-air shopping centers in the hybrid work environment
- This reappreciation has played out in store closings well below the historical average in the two and a half years post-COVID

Total Annual Retail Deliveries vs. Total Retail Leased Rate **Retail Store Closings** Retail Store Closings Total Annual Retail Deliveries (in Ms of SF) --- Retail Store Closing Historical Average Total Retail Leased Rate 12,000 120 96% 95% 10,000 8,000 80 93% 6,000 60 92% 91% 40 4.000 90% 20 2,000 '05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20 '21 '22 '15 '13 '14 '16 '17 '18



YTD



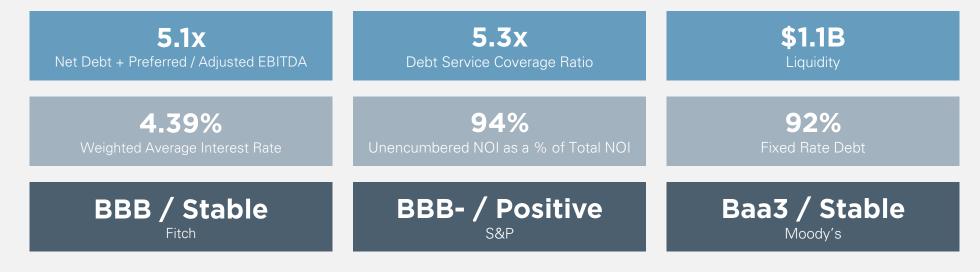


- Given the favorable supply-demand dynamic for open-air retail, KRG is focused on improving our long-term embedded growth profile
- KRG has increased its efforts to implement higher fixed rent bumps and CPI protection into leases
- Through the first three quarters of 2023, KRG has made significant improvements converting leases to higher fixed rent bumps and including CPI protection, and we believe we are just scratching the surface on improving our long-term embedded growth profile

| CONVERSION STATS ON LEASING ACTIVITY FOR NEW LEASES AND NON-OPTION RENEWALS | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--|
| | % of Lease Count - YTD 2023 | % of Lease Count - 2022 | % Change | |
| CPI | 41% | 12% | +29% | |
| Fixed Rent Bumps Greater Than or Equal to 3% | 82% | 68% | +14% | |
| Fixed CAM | 95% | 89% | +6% | |

Balance Sheet Snapshot





NET DEBT + PREFERRED / ADJUSTED EBITDA

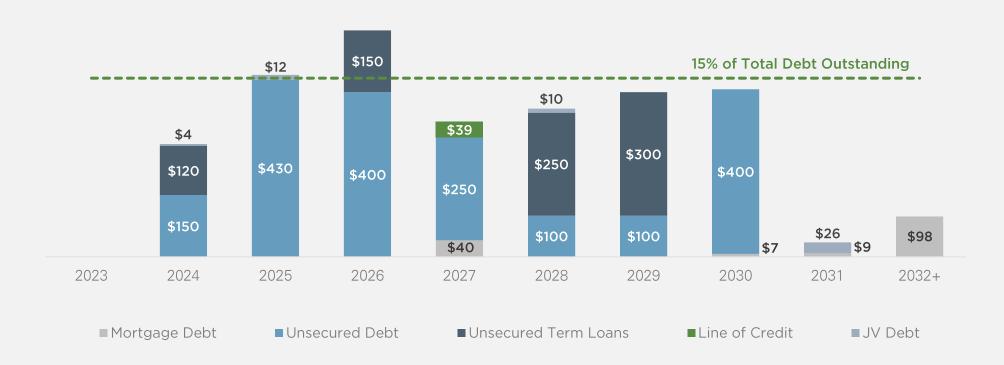


Well-Staggered Maturity Ladder



Debt Maturity Profile as of September 30, 2023

(\$ in M)



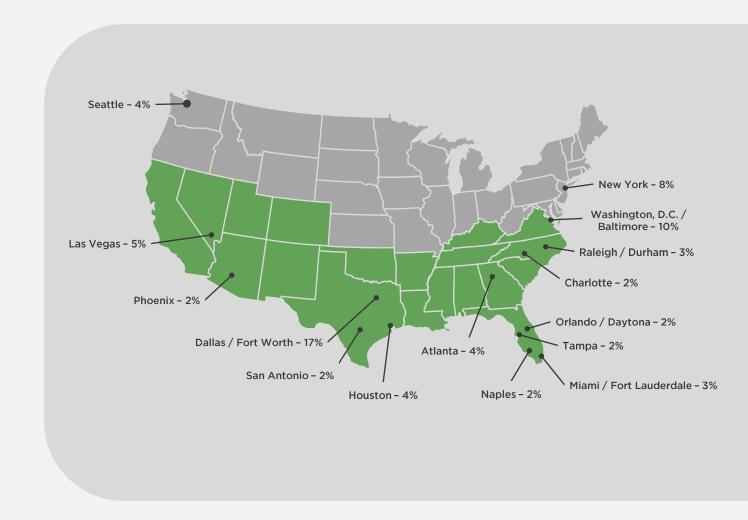






| ABR Concentration | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| 67% | Sun Belt Markets | | |
| 60% | Top 15 Population Growth States ¹ | | |
| 22% | Strategic Gateway Markets (DC, Seattle and NYC) | | |

| TOP 5 STATES (ABR) | | |
|--------------------|-----|--|
| Texas | 26% | |
| Florida | 11% | |
| Maryland | 6% | |
| New York | 6% | |
| North Carolina | 6% | |



Diverse Portfolio of Durable Cash Flow





61%Community / Neighborhood Centers
Grocery Component 86%



19%
Mixed-Use / Lifestyle Centers
Grocery Component 59%



19%
Power Centers
Grocery Component 67%

- Expanding offerings to retailers through a more diverse property mix
- Tenants are becoming increasingly agnostic to center formats and more focused on the quality of the real estate
- Three examples are Adidas, Kendra Scott and Sephora opening in power centers
- Majority of ABR generated by community and neighborhood centers
- Average asset size is 157k square feet
- Strong 3-mile demographics:

Average Population: 102K Average Household Income: \$118K

Anchor Inventory Update

- Strong risk-adjusted returns provide opportunity for outsized organic NOI growth
- Additional value creation at properties due to new, stronger tenants

| | ANCHORS EXECUTED (YE 2020 - 3Q'23) | ANCHOR INVENTORY OPPORTUNITY ¹ |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Count | 68 | 35 |
| Square feet | 1,591,000 | 906,000 |
| Capital / SF | \$70 | \$100 |
| Total capital (\$, M) | \$111 | \$91 |
| Previous tenants' ABR | \$13.38 ³ | \$12.24 |
| Estimated New ABR ² | \$17.18 ³ | \$14.63 |
| Cash lease spread | 28%³ | 20%4 |
| Return on capital | 30%5 | 19%5 |
| New NOI incl. NNN (\$, M) | \$34M | \$17M ⁶ |
| FFO / Share | \$0.15 | \$0.08 |

- 1. Estimate of potential outcomes of remaining anchor vacancies.
- 2. New ABR is actual for executed and average in-place ABR for anchor tenants in the KRG portfolio as of 3Q'23.
- 3 Includes only comparable leases (35 of 68)
- 4. Represents the percentage increase of the Company's average in-place ABR as compared to previous tenants' ABR. These numbers are based on Management's estimates and assumptions, and there can be no assurance that such estimates and assumptions will be accurate or realized.
- Represents the estimated total potential new NOI divided by the cost of executing such leases. These numbers are based on Management's estimates and assumptions, and there can be no assurance that such estimates and assumptions will be accurate or realized.
- 6. Assumes weighted average NNN revenue from previously occupied spaces.



Solid Returns & Stronger Tenants

NEW OFFERINGS Total Wine FRESH MARKET HOMEGOODS POPSHEIF HOMESENSE GOLF GALAXY West elm NORDSTROM FRESH TOTAL Wine Burlington NORDSTROM FRESH NORDSTROM FRESH TOTAL WINE BURLINGS PETSMART





Solid Leasing Activity

- KRG continues to see strong retailer demand for its well-positioned, open-air centers
- Leasing volumes remain strong and continue to drive rents

Strong Momentum Continues

| | 2022 | 1Q'23 | 2Q'23 | 3Q'23 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| # of Leases Signed | 782 | 144 | 190 | 214 |
| Leased SF Signed | 4.9M | 0.8M | 1.3M | 1.4M |
| Blended Cash Spread | 12.6% | 13.0% | 14.8% | 14.2% |
| Non-Option Renewal Spread | 10.9% | 14.9% | 11.9% | 17.8% |

Recent Tenants Signed





vuor1









The Container Store

SOMA

TRADITIONAL MALL TENANTS

WILLIAMS SONOMA

ARITZIA

Rowan

SEPHORA

chubbies

johnnie-O



WARBY PARKER





Diverse Tenant Base

| T | OP 15 TENANTS BY ABR | STORE COUNT ¹ | % OF WTD. ABR ² |
|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | The TJX Companies, Inc. | 45 | 2.5% |
| 2 | Best Buy Co., Inc. | 16 | 2.0% |
| 3 | Ross Stores, Inc. | 32 | 1.9% |
| 4 | PetSmart, Inc. | 32 | 1.8% |
| 5 | Gap Inc. | 34 | 1.5% |
| 6 | Michaels Stores, Inc. | 28 | 1.4% |
| 7 | Dick's Sporting Goods, Inc. | 13 | 1.4% |
| 8 | Publix Super Markets, Inc. | 14 | 1.2% |
| 9 | The Kroger Co. | 10 | 1.0% |
| 10 | Lowe's Companies, Inc. | 6 | 1.0% |
| 11 | Nordstrom, Inc. | 10 | 1.0% |
| 12 | Total Wine & More | 14 | 1.0% |
| 13 | BJ's Wholesale Club, Inc. | 3 | 1.0% |
| 14 | Ulta Beauty, Inc. | 25 | 0.9% |
| 15 | Burlington Stores, Inc. | 11 | 0.9% |
| | TOTAL | 293 | 20.5% |

Strong Mix of Convenience and Experiential

| % | of | Α | В | R |
|----|----|--------|-----|---|
| 70 | OI | \sim | . 0 | ĸ |

| ESSENTIAL RETAIL | 31% |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Grocery / Drug / Big Box Wine and Spirits | 13% |
| Office Supply / Electronics | 6% |
| Medical | 4% |
| Pet Stores | 3% |
| Hardware / Auto | 3% |
| Banks | 2% |
| RESTAURANTS | 19% |
| Quick Service Restaurants | 10% |
| Full Service Restaurants | 9% |
| OTHER RETAIL / SERVICES | 50% |
| | |
| Discount Retailers | 14% |
| Discount Retailers Personal Service | 14% 8% |
| | |
| Personal Service | 8% |
| Personal Service Full Line Apparel | 8% 6% |
| Personal Service Full Line Apparel Home Furnishings | 8% 6% 5% |
| Personal Service Full Line Apparel Home Furnishings Fitness | 8% 6% 5% 4% |
| Personal Service Full Line Apparel Home Furnishings Fitness Sporting Goods | 8% 6% 5% 4% 3% |
| Personal Service Full Line Apparel Home Furnishings Fitness Sporting Goods Arts & Crafts | 8% 6% 5% 4% 3% |
| Personal Service Full Line Apparel Home Furnishings Fitness Sporting Goods Arts & Crafts Soft Goods | 8% 6% 5% 4% 3% 3% |

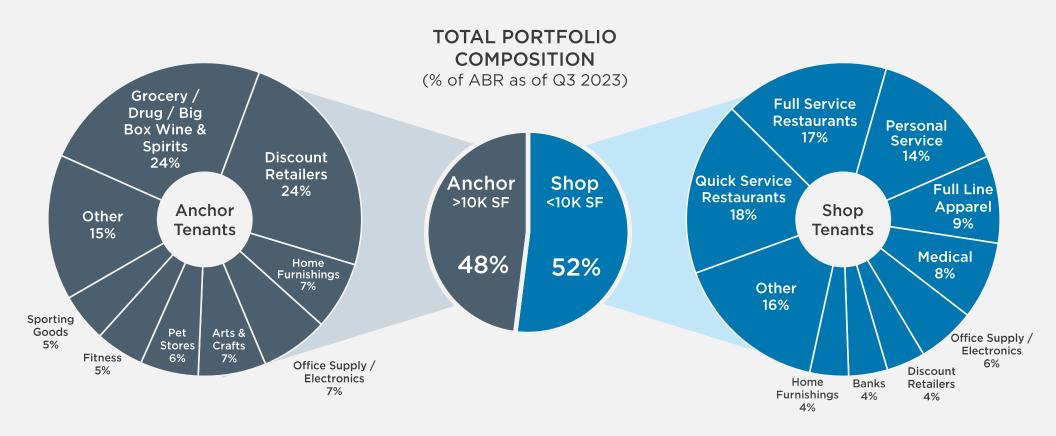


^{1.} Number of stores represents stores at consolidated and unconsolidated properties.

Anchor and Shop Tenant Exposure



- · Diverse and balanced tenant mix provides strong durability in KRG's cash flow
- · Anchor revenue stream predominantly composed of grocers and discount retailers
- Shop composition includes a strong mix of restaurants, apparel and service tenants



Big Names. Small Spaces.



Top 50 Small Shop Tenants (< 10K Square Feet)

99% National Brands **~760** Stores

29% Of Small Shop ABR 15% Of Portfolio ABR

Pairing Typical Small Shop Tenants With Newer Retail Concepts

KEY TOP 50 SHOP TENANTS (by ABR)

five BEL°W









verizon/

T Mobile

Bath & Body Works

SEPHORA

BANK OF AMERICA

KEY NEW SHOP TENANTS RECENTLY SIGNED





ARITZIA

chubbies





DIG.

EVEREVE









MADISONREED

MIZZEN+MAIN



popshelf











SOMA



sweetgreen

TECOVAS

vuori

WARBY PARKER

YETI

ESG Snapshot



Environmental

Direct Emissions (metric tons, in Ms)

| Emissions Scope | 2021 | 2022 | % Change |
|-----------------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Scope 1 | 2,275.2 | 2,657.5 | 16.8% |
| Scope 2 | 18,255.3 | 16,977.6 | (7.0%) |
| Total | 20,530.5 | 19,635.1 | (4.4%) |

| Key Stats | | | | | |
|--|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Electricity usage reduction (year-over-year) | 2.5% | | | | |
| Metric tons CO2e eliminated (tons) | 895 | | | | |
| Properties with water efficiency measures ¹ | 99 | | | | |
| Properties with LED lighting ¹ | 118 | | | | |
| Trees planted through Project Green ¹ | 32,000+ | | | | |
| EV charging stations ¹ | 220 | | | | |
| Waste diversion rate | 31% | | | | |
| Properties with IREM certifications | 53 | | | | |





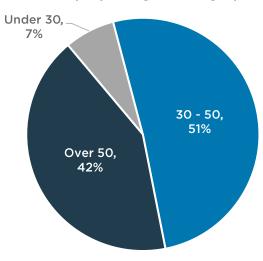




Social

| Key 2022 Stats | |
|--|---------|
| Invested in small business in the form of tenant allowance and landlord work | \$9M+ |
| Meals packed through Kite Cares initiative | 40,000+ |
| Hours dedicated to KRG volunteer time off (VTO) | 4,000+ |
| KRG employee donation match program | 100% |
| Average employee tenure | 7 years |
| Community events held throughout the portfolio | 200+ |

KRG Employee Age Demographics



Governance

What We Do

- √ 92% Independent Trustees
- ✓ Entirely independent committees
- ✓ Lead independent Trustee
- ✓ Majority voting for Trustees
- ✓ Share ownership guidelines
- ✓ Anti-hedging policy
- ✓ Board refreshment policy
- ✓ Shareholders' power to amend bylaws

What We Don't Do

- × No classified Board
- × No significant related party transactions
- Opted out of Maryland anti-takeover statutes
- × No poison pill

Board Composition

3 Women 10 Men

31% Gender or Racially Diverse

Two of our Board members do not intend to stand for re-election at the 2024 annual meeting of shareholders, which will increase KRG's Board to 36% gender or racially diverse

KRG's Project Green







For every comparable new lease signed, KRG supports environmental replenishment and our commitment to reforestation by planting 100 trees in partnership with One Tree Planted

PROJECT GREEN HIGHLIGHTS:

- Launched in 2020
- To-date, KRG has planted more than 32,000 trees through the project

Project Green began with a simple concept - celebrating each new lease in the KRG portfolio with the planting of a tree. Then one tree for each lease guickly became 100. As a perpetual commitment to environmental stewardship, KRG looks forward to continuing Project Green and its impact for as long as there are leases to be signed.



Environmental Benefits

- The trees planted thus far by Project Green will produce 8.4 million pounds of oxygen each year, once mature
- The trees planted thus far by Project Green will remove 1.5 million pounds of carbon dioxide each year, once mature



ESG Core Responsibilities are Woven Throughout the Organization



BOARD OF TRUSTEES / EXECUTIVE OVERSIGHT

Leasing

- Execute green leases
- Foster tenant relationships to improve energy efficient initiatives
- Obtain consent from tenants for green projects

IT.

- Cybersecurity
- Data governance
- Data implementation

Risk Management/Internal Audit/Insurance

- Manage rising insurance costs in key markets
- Model property level risks
- Analyze control environment

Legal

- Enhance ESG policy to align with industry standards
- Ensure compliance with KRG's code of ethics and best corporate governance practices
- Implement green lease language

Marketing

- Corporate Responsibility Report
- Social media outreach and messaging
- Community engagement and events



Property Management

- Tenant relationships and satisfaction
- Vendor relationships and satisfaction
- Identify and execute energy efficient initiatives

Development/Construction

- Foster vendor relationships and satisfaction
- Implement energy efficient initiatives
- Explore building certifications for development projects

Employee Experience

- Kite Cares and charitable outreach
- Talent management including engagement, development and health and well-being
- Diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging

Accounting

- SEC reporting (10-K and Proxy)
- Emerging financial reporting for ESG disclosures
- Data governance and maximizing recovery lease language

Corporate Finance

- Model energy efficiency initiatives
- Message to the investment community
- Various reporting frameworks





KRG recognizes the importance ESG initiatives play in our ability to generate long-term, sustainable returns, and setting goals signals our long-term ESG commitment

| 5-YE | AR GOALS (To be completed by 12/31/2026) | CURRENT STATUS (3Q'23) |
|-------------|--|------------------------|
| ENVIR | ONMENTAL | |
| • | Install LED parking lot lighting at 80% of KRG-owned and managed properties | 66% |
| | Install smart irrigation controls at 25% of KRG-owned and managed properties | 16% |
| | Implement a policy to transition landscaping in all future redevelopment projects to drought-tolerant landscape where permitted by code | Complete |
| | Install electric vehicle charging stations at 20% of KRG-owned and managed properties | 12% |
| | Achieve IREM certification for 75% of KRG-owned and managed properties | 29% |
| + | Continue reducing Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions and commit to the Science Based Targets initiative | 4.4% Reduction in 2022 |
| SOCIA | L | |
| | Employee annual voluntary turnover at or below 15% | 13% in 2021/22 |
| | Employee community volunteer participation of 75% | On Target |
| > | Conduct employee pulse surveys at least bi-annually and full employee engagement surveys biennially to help maintain an average annual job satisfaction score of 80% or greater | On Target |
| + | Continue building pipelines to attract bright, ambitious, and diverse talent to the real estate industry and KRG through partnerships with the ICSC Foundation inaugural scholarship, in memory of Savannah Lee, and Providence Cristo Rey High School to foster mentorship for high school students | On Target |
| GOVE | RNANCE | |
| | 30% diverse representation on the Board of Trustees and at least one female-chaired committee | 30% in 2022 |
| | Provide Annual Respectful Workplace and culture training to all employees | On Target |
| | 75% or greater attendance by members of the Board of Trustees at all Board and Committee meetings | On Target |



Represents an update to an existing 5-year goal



KRG LISTED

NYSE

Represents a new 5-year goal after initially established in 2021

Disclaimer



Forward-Looking Statements

This Investor Update, together with other statements and information publicly disseminated by us, contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Act of 1934. Such statements are based on assumptions and expectations that may not be realized and are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, performance, transactions or achievements, financial or otherwise, expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include but are not limited to:

- national and local economic, business, banking, real estate and other market conditions, particularly in connection with low or negative growth in the U.S. economy as well as economic uncertainty (including a potential economic slowdown or recession, rising interest rates, inflation, unemployment, or limited growth in consumer income or spending);
- financing risks, including the availability of, and costs associated with, sources of liquidity;
- the Company's ability to refinance, or extend the maturity dates of, the Company's indebtedness; the level and volatility of interest rates;
- the financial stability of tenants;
- the competitive environment in which the Company operates, including potential oversupplies of and reduction in demand for rental space:
- acquisition, disposition, development and joint venture risks;
- property ownership and management risks, including the relative illiquidity of real estate investments, and expenses, vacancies or the inability to rent space on favorable terms or at all;
- the Company's ability to maintain the Company's status as a real estate investment trust for U.S. federal income tax purposes; potential environmental and other liabilities;
- impairment in the value of real estate property the Company owns:
- the attractiveness of our properties to tenants, the actual and perceived impact of e-commerce on the value of shopping center assets and changing demographics and customer traffic patterns;
- business continuity disruptions and a deterioration in our tenant's ability to operate in affected areas or delays in the supply of products or services to us or our tenants from vendors that are needed to operate efficiently, causing costs to rise sharply and inventory to fall:
- risks related to our current geographical concentration of the Company's properties in Texas, Florida, Maryland, New York, and North Carolina;
- civil unrest, acts of violence, terrorism or war, acts of God, climate change, epidemics, pandemics (including COVID-19), natural disasters and severe weather conditions, including such events that may result in underinsured or uninsured losses or other increased costs and expenses;
- changes in laws and government regulations including governmental orders affecting the use of the Company's properties or the ability of its tenants to operate, and the costs of complying with such changed laws and government regulations;
- possible short-term or long-term changes in consumer behavior due to COVID-19 and the fear of future pandemics;
- our ability to satisfy our internal environmental, social, and governance goals on the anticipated timeline or at all;
- our ability to satisfy environmental, social or governance standards set by various constituencies;
- insurance costs and coverage;
- risks associated with cybersecurity attacks and the loss of confidential information and other business disruptions;
- whether the signed-not-open pipeline will perform as anticipated and whether the leased-to-occupied spread will be impacted as a result;
- whether our actual results for 2024 will be consistent with our 2024 earnings considerations;
- · whether our capital allocation strategy will be a competitive advantage in the ongoing macroeconomic uncertainty;
- other factors affecting the real estate industry generally:
- and other risks identified in reports the Company files with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("the SEC") or in other documents that it publicly disseminates, including, in particular, the section titled "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, and in the Company's quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

This Investor Update also includes certain forward-looking non-GAAP information. For certain definitions and reconciliation see pages 28 to 32.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures



NET OPERATING INCOME AND SAME PROPERTY NET OPERATING INCOME

The Company uses property net operating income ("NOI") and cash NOI, which are non-GAAP financial measures, to evaluate the performance of our properties. The Company defines NOI and cash NOI as income from our real estate, including lease termination fees received from tenants, less our property operating expenses. NOI and cash NOI exclude amortization of capitalized tenant improvement costs and leasing commissions and certain corporate level expenses, including merger and acquisition costs. Cash NOI also excludes other property-related revenue as that activity is recurring but unpredictable in its occurrence, straight-line rent adjustments, and amortization of in-place lease liabilities, net. The Company believes that NOI and cash NOI are helpful to investors as measures of our operating performance because they exclude various items included in net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of our operating performance, such as depreciation and amortization, interest expense, and impairment, if any.

The Company also uses same property NOI ("Same Property NOI"), a non-GAAP financial measure, to evaluate the performance of our properties. Same Property NOI is net income excluding properties that have not been owned for the full periods presented. Same Property NOI also excludes (i) net gains from outlot sales, (ii) straight-line rent revenue, (iii) lease termination income in excess of lost rent, (iv) amortization of lease intangibles, and (v) significant prior period expense recoveries and adjustments, if any. When the Company receives payments in excess of any accounts receivable for terminating a lease, Same Property NOI will include such excess payments as monthly rent until the earlier of the expiration of 12 months or the start date of a replacement tenant.

The Company believes that Same Property NOI is helpful to investors as a measure of our operating performance because it includes only the NOI of properties that have been owned for the full periods presented. The Company believes such presentation eliminates disparities in net income due to the acquisition or disposition of properties during the particular periods presented and thus provides a more consistent metric for the comparison of our properties. Same Property NOI includes the results of properties that have been owned for the entire current and prior year reporting periods.

NOI and Same Property NOI should not, however, be considered as alternatives to net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) as indicators of our financial performance. The Company's computation of NOI and Same Property NOI may differ from the methodology used by other REITs and, therefore, may not be comparable to such other REITs.

When evaluating the properties that are included in the same property pool, we have established specific criteria for determining the inclusion of properties acquired or those recently under development. An acquired property is included in the same property pool when there is a full quarter of operations in both years subsequent to the acquisition date. Development and redevelopment properties are included in the same property pool four full quarters after the properties have been transferred to the operating portfolio. A redevelopment property is first excluded from the same property pool when the execution of a redevelopment plan is likely and we (a) begin recapturing space from tenants or (b) the contemplated plan significantly impacts the operations of the property. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the same property pool excludes the following: (i) properties acquired or placed in service during 2022 and 2023; (ii) the multifamily rental units and commercial portion at One Loudoun Downtown - Pads G & H; (iii) Shoppes at Quarterfield, Circle East and The Landing at Tradition - Phase II, which were reclassified from active redevelopment into our operating portfolio in June 2022, September 2022 and June 2023, respectively; (iv) two active development and redevelopment projects; (v) Edwards Multiplex - Ontario, which was reclassified from our operating portfolio into redevelopment in March 2023; (vi) properties sold or classified as held for sale during 2022 and 2023; and (vii) office properties.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures



EBITDA

The Company defines EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, as net income before interest expense, income tax expense of the taxable REIT subsidiary, and depreciation and amortization. For informational purposes, the Company also provides Adjusted EBITDA, which it defines as EBITDA less (i) Adjusted EBITDA from unconsolidated entities, (ii) gains on sales of operating properties or impairment charges, (iii) merger and acquisition costs. (iv) other income and expense. (v) noncontrolling interest Adjusted EBITDA, and (vi) other non-recurring activity or items impacting comparability from period to period. Annualized Adjusted EBITDA is Adjusted EBITDA for the most recent quarter multiplied by four. Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA is the Company's share of net debt divided by Annualized Adjusted EBITDA. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Annualized Adjusted EBITDA and Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA, as calculated by the Company, are not comparable to EBITDA and EBITDA -related measures reported by other REITs that do not define EBITDA and EBITDA related measures exactly as we do. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Annualized Adjusted EBITDA do not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered alternatives to net income as an indicator of performance or as alternatives to cash flows from operating activities as an indicator of liquidity.

Considering the nature of our business as a real estate owner and operator, the Company believes that EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and the ratio of Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA are helpful to investors in measuring our operational performance because they exclude various items included in net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of our operating performance, such as gains or losses from sales of depreciated property and depreciation and amortization, which can make periodic and peer analyses of operating performance more difficult. For informational purposes, the Company also provides Annualized Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted as described above. The Company believes this supplemental information provides a meaningful measure of its operating performance. The Company believes presenting EBITDA and the related measures in this manner allows investors and other interested parties to form a more meaningful assessment of the Company's operating results.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

Funds From Operations ("FFO") is a widely used performance measure for real estate companies and is provided here as a supplemental measure of operating performance. The Company calculates FFO, a non-GAAP financial measure, in accordance with the best practices described in the April 2002 National Policy Bulletin of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), as restated in 2018. The NAREIT white paper defines FFO as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP), excluding (i) depreciation and amortization related to real estate, (ii) gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, (iii) gains and losses from change in control, and (iv) impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments in entities when the impairment is directly attributable to decreases in the value of depreciable real estate held by the entity.

Considering the nature of our business as a real estate owner and operator, the Company believes that FFO is helpful to investors in measuring our operational performance because it excludes various items included in net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of our operating performance, such as gains or losses from sales of depreciated property and depreciation and amortization, which can make periodic and peer analyses of operating performance more difficult. FFO (a) should not be considered as an alternative to net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) for the purpose of measuring our financial performance. (b) is not an alternative to cash flow from operating activities (calculated in accordance with GAAP) as a measure of our liquidity, and (c) is not indicative of funds available to satisfy our cash needs, including our ability to make distributions. The Company's computation of FFO may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition of the comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition of the comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition of the comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently. than we do. A reconciliation of net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) to FFO is included elsewhere in this Financial Supplement.

From time to time, the Company may report or provide guidance with respect to "FFO, as adjusted," which removes the impact of certain non-recurring and non-operating transactions or other items the Company does not consider to be representative of its core operating results including, without limitation, (i) gains or losses associated with the early extinguishment of debt, (ii) gains or losses associated with litigation involving the Company that is not in the normal course of business, (iii) merger and acquisition costs, (iv) the impact on earnings from employee severance, (v) the excess of redemption value over carrying value of preferred stock redemption, and (vi) in 2022, the impact of prior period bad debt or the collection of accounts receivable previously written off ("prior period collection impact") due to the recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic, which are not otherwise adjusted in the Company's calculation of FFO.



Appendix: Reconciliation of Same Property NOI to Net Income

Kite Realty Group Trust Same Property Net Operating Income ("NOI")

(dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------|----|---------------------------------|--------|----|-----------|----|-----------|--------|
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | Change | | 2023 | _ | 2022 | Change |
| Number of properties in same property pool for the period $^{\left(1\right)}$ | | 175 | | 175 | | | 175 | | 175 | |
| Leased percentage at period end | | 93.5% | | 94.7% | | | 93.5% | | 94.7% | |
| Economic occupancy percentage at period end | | 91.3% | | 91.8% | | | 91.3% | | 91.8% | |
| Economic occupancy percentage ⁽²⁾ | | 91.6% | | 91.9% | | | 92.2% | | 91.5% | |
| Minimum rent | \$ | 144,952 | \$ | 141,721 | | \$ | 433,789 | \$ | 419,891 | |
| Tenant recoveries | | 40,681 | | 38,808 | | | 122,938 | | 118,819 | |
| Bad debt reserve | | (84) | | (2,202) | | | (1,711) | | (5,640) | |
| Other income, net | | 2,183 | | 1,696 | | | 6,371 | | 3,835 | |
| Total revenue | | 187,732 | | 180,023 | | | 561,387 | | 536,905 | |
| Property operating | | (23,278) | | (22,276) | | | (68,970) | | (65,485) | |
| Real estate taxes | | (25,198) | | (24,686) | | | (77,247) | | (77,945) | |
| Total expenses | _ | (48,476) | Ξ | (46,962) | | | (146,217) | _ | (143,430) | |
| Same Property NOI | \$ | 139,256 | \$ | 133,061 | 4.7% | \$ | 415,170 | \$ | 393,475 | 5.5% |
| Reconciliation of Same Property NOI to most directly comparable GAAP measure: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net operating income – same properties | \$ | 139,256 | \$ | 133,061 | | \$ | 415,170 | \$ | 393,475 | |
| Net operating income – non-same activity ⁽³⁾ | | 12,809 | | 14,417 | | | 41,167 | | 39,226 | |
| Total property NOI | | 152,065 | | 147,478 | 3.1% | | 456,337 | | 432,701 | 5.5% |
| Other income, net | | 1,892 | | 1,825 | | | 5,268 | | 6,599 | |
| General, administrative and other | | (13,917) | | (14,859) | | | (41,800) | | (41,977) | |
| Merger and acquisition costs | | _ | | (108) | | | _ | | (1,006) | |
| Impairment charges | | (477) | | _ | | | (477) | | - | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | (105,930) | | (115,831) | | | (323,463) | | (357,096) | |
| Interest expense | | (25,484) | | (26,226) | | | (78,114) | | (77,449) | |
| (Loss) gain on sales of operating properties, net | | (5,972) | | _ | | | 22,468 | | 27,126 | |
| Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | _ | (107) | | (116) | | _ | (700) | _ | (408) | |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders | \$ | 2,070 | \$ | (7,837) | | \$ | 39,519 | \$ | (11,510) | |

⁽¹⁾ Same Property NOI excludes the following: (i) properties acquired or placed in service during 2022 and 2023; (ii) the multifamily rental units and commercial portion at One Loudoun Downtown - Pads G & H; (iii) Shoppes at Quarterfield, Circle East and The Landing at Tradition -Phase II, which were reclassified from active redevelopment into our operating portfolio in June 2022, September 2022 and June 2023, respectively; (iv) two active development and redevelopment projects; (v) Edwards Multiplex - Ontario, which was reclassified from our operating portfolio into redevelopment in March 2023; (vi) properties sold or classified as held for sale during 2022 and 2023; and (vii) office

⁽²⁾ Excludes leases that are signed but for which tenants have not yet commenced the payment of cash rent. Calculated as a weighted average based on the timing of cash rent commencement and expiration during the period.

⁽³⁾ Includes non-cash activity across the portfolio as well as NOI from properties not included in the same property pool, including properties sold during both periods.





Kite Realty Group Trust Funds From Operations ("FFO")⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------|--|
| | 2023 | | | 2022 | | 2023 | | 2022 | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | 2,177 | \$ | (7,721) | \$ | 40,219 | \$ | (11,102) | |
| Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in properties | | (67) | | (209) | | (201) | | (535) | |
| Less: loss (gain) on sales of operating properties, net | | 5,972 | | _ | | (22,468) | | (27,126) | |
| Add: impairment charges | | 477 | | _ | | 477 | | _ | |
| Add: depreciation and amortization of consolidated and unconsolidated entities, net of noncontrolling interests | | 106,171 | | 116,186 | | 324,216 | | 358,161 | |
| FFO of the Operating Partnership ⁽¹⁾ | _ | 114,730 | _ | 108,256 | _ | 342,243 | 342,243 319,39 | | |
| Less: Limited Partners' interests in FFO | | (1.685) | | (1.437) | | (4,739) | (3,932) | | |
| FFO attributable to common shareholders ⁽¹⁾ | \$ | 113,045 | \$ | 106,819 | \$ | 337,504 | \$ | 315,466 | |
| FFO, as defined by NAREIT, per share of the Operating Partnership – basic | \$ | 0.52 | \$ | 0.49 | \$ | 1.54 | \$ | 1.44 | |
| FFO, as defined by NAREIT, per share of the Operating Partnership – diluted | \$ | 0.51 | \$ | 0.49 | \$ | 1.54 | \$ | 1.44 | |
| FFO of the Operating Partnership ⁽¹⁾ | \$ | 114.730 | \$ | 108.256 | \$ | 342.243 | \$ | 319.398 | |
| Add: merger and acquisition costs | φ | 114,730 | P | 100,236 | Ψ | 342,243 | Ф | 1.006 | |
| Less: prior period collection impact | | | | (691) | | | | (2,745) | |
| FFO, as adjusted, of the Operating Partnership | ¢ | 114,730 | \$ | 107,673 | ¢ | 342,243 | \$ | 317,659 | |
| | <u>ф</u> | _ | * | | P | | ÷ | | |
| FFO, as adjusted, per share of the Operating Partnership – basic | <u> </u> | 0.52 | 3 | 0.48 | <u> </u> | 1.54 | \$ | 1.43 | |
| FFO, as adjusted, per share of the Operating Partnership – diluted | \$ | 0.51 | \$ | 0.48 | \$ | 1.54 | \$ | 1.43 | |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic | 219,381,248 219,3 | | 219,103,669 219,323,57 | | 9,323,570 | 70 219,053,320 | | | |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted | 219,976,080 219,528,1 | | 9,528,110 | 219,809,543 | | 219,701,722 | | | |
| Weighted average common shares and units outstanding – basic | 222,649,706 222,0 | | 222,059,366 222,409,769 | | | 9 221,791,428 | | | |
| Weighted average common shares and units outstanding – diluted | 22 | 223,244,538 | | 222,483,807 | | 2,895,742 | 222,439,830 | | |
| FFO, as defined by NAREIT, per diluted share/unit | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | 0.01 | \$ | (0.03) | \$ | 0.18 | \$ | (0.05) | |
| Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in properties | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | |
| Less: loss (gain) on sales of operating properties, net | | 0.03 | | 0.00 | | (0.10) | | (0.12) | |
| Add: impairment charges | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | |
| Add: depreciation and amortization of consolidated and unconsolidated entities, net of noncontrolling interests | | 0.48 | | 0.52 | | 1.45 | | 1.61 | |
| FFO, as defined by NAREIT, of the Operating Partnership per diluted share/unit ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | \$ | 0.51 | \$ | 0.49 | \$ | 1.54 | \$ | 1.44 | |
| Add: merger and acquisition costs | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | • | 0.00 | |
| Less: prior period collection impact | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | (0.01) | |
| FFO, as adjusted, of the Operating Partnership per diluted share/unit ⁽²⁾ | \$ | 0.51 | \$ | 0.48 | \$ | 1.54 | \$ | 1.43 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

 [&]quot;FFO of the Operating Partnership" measures 100% of the operating performance of the Operating Partnership's real estate properties. "FFO
attributable to common shareholders" reflects a reduction for the redeemable noncontrolling weighted average diluted interest in the Operating
Partnership.

⁽²⁾ Per share/unit amounts of components will not necessarily sum to the total due to rounding to the nearest cent.





Kite Realty Group Trust Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA")

(dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 |
|---|--|
| Net income | \$ 2,177 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 105,930 |
| Interest expense | 25,484 |
| Income tax expense of taxable REIT subsidiary | 68 |
| EBITDA | 133,659 |
| Unconsolidated Adjusted EBITDA | 591 |
| Impairment charges | 477 |
| Loss on sales of operating properties, net | 5,972 |
| Other income and expense, net | (903) |
| Noncontrolling interests | (197) |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 139,599 |
| Annualized Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 558,394 |
| Company share of Net Debt: | |
| Mortgage and other indebtedness, net | \$ 2,868,828 |
| Plus: Company share of unconsolidated joint venture debt | 51,738 |
| Less: Partner share of consolidated joint venture debt ⁽²⁾ | (9,861) |
| Less: cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash | (61,410) |
| Less: debt discounts, premiums and issuance costs, net | (25,626) |
| Company share of Net Debt | \$ 2,823,669 |
| Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA | 5.1x |

- (1) Represents Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended September 30, 2023 (as shown in the table above) multiplied by four.
- (2) Partner share of consolidated joint venture debt is calculated based upon the partner's pro-rata ownership of the joint venture, multiplied by the related secured debt balance.