



Investor Update

Q2 2026



KRG
LISTED
NYSE

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KRG Overview



FOUNDED: 1960
IPO: 2004

KRG
NYSE

\$5.9B
Market Cap¹

\$9.0B
Enterprise Value¹

CREDIT RATINGS

BBB
S&P

Baa2
Moody's

BBB
Fitch

165
Operating Properties

26M
Total Owned GLA (SF)

94.8%
Retail Portfolio Percent
Leased

\$23.41
Retail Annualized Base
Rent (ABR) per SF

5.1x
Net Debt to Adjusted
EBITDA

79%
Retail Wtd. ABR from
Assets with a Grocery
Component²

66%
Wtd. ABR in Sun Belt
Markets³

2,163
Multifamily Units⁴

~3,800
Operating Leases

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, the source of all Company data is publicly available information that has been or will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the period ending June 30, 2026.

1. As of July 29, 2026

2. Assets with a grocery component include centers with a big box wine and spirits store.

3. Sun Belt states include AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, NM, NV, OK, SC, TN, TX, UT and VA.

4. Represents the number of multifamily units that the Company has an economic interest in.

KRG's Strategic Advantages



Best-in-Class Operating Platform

Operating margins and metrics are among the best in the open-air retail sector

Management team has deep experience operating open-air real estate

Flexible and Durable Balance Sheet

Low leverage with manageable near-term maturities

Investment-grade balance sheet with a BBB rating from S&P and a Baa2 rating from Moody's

\$1.2B of available liquidity and minimal near-term capital commitments

High-Quality Sun Belt Portfolio

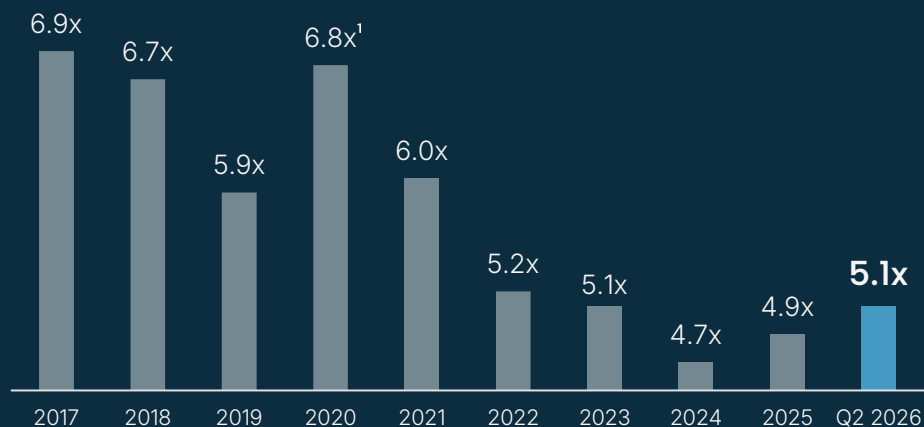
Primarily concentrated in Sun Belt markets with select strategic gateway market presence

Predominantly focused on grocery-anchored centers along with vibrant mixed-use and lifestyle assets

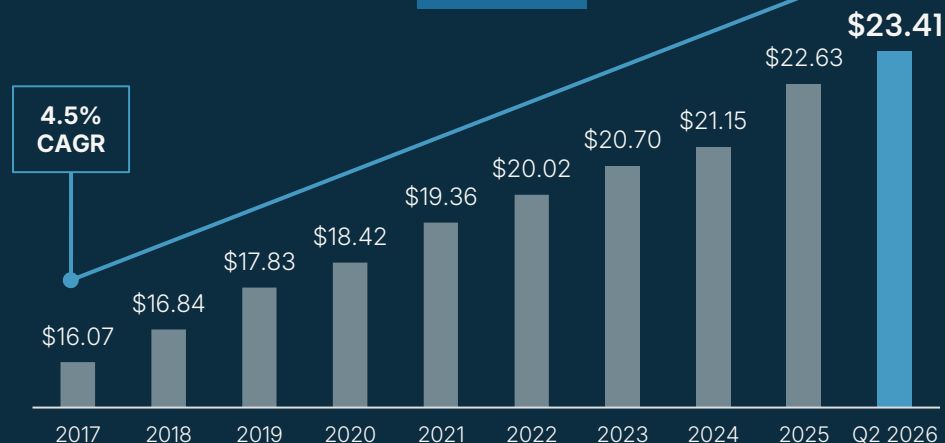
Second Quarter Highlights



NET DEBT TO ADJUSTED EBITDA



ABR PSF



Q2 2026

COMMENTARY

NAREIT FFO

\$0.53

Driven by strong same property NOI growth

Core FFO

\$0.52

Consistent with NAREIT FFO, excluding non-cash items

Same Property NOI Growth

3.7%

Driven by improvements in base rent, favorable leasing spreads, and occupancy increases

Total Leasing Volume

~1M SF

Leasing volume highlighted by 15.9% comparable blended cash leasing spreads

Anchor / Shop Leased %

96.3% / 92.3%

Anchor and small shop leased percentages increased YoY by 210 bps and 70 bps, respectively

Leased-to-Occupied Spread at Period End

350 bps

Spread represents \$37.3M of NOI, of which ~43% is expected to come online in 2026

2026 Guidance



Key Assumptions:

- Same property NOI growth range of 3.00% to 4.00%
- Bad debt reserve of 0.90% of total revenues at the midpoint
- Interest expense, net of interest income, excluding unconsolidated joint ventures and including the impact of the deconsolidation of the One Loudoun Residential joint venture, of \$114.7M at the midpoint

2026 NAREIT AND CORE FFO GUIDANCE

	LOW	HIGH
Net income	\$1.02	\$1.08
Gain on sales of operating properties, net	(0.42)	(0.42)
Gain on deconsolidation of joint venture	(0.29)	(0.29)
Impairment charges	0.03	0.03
Depreciation and amortization	1.72	1.72
NAREIT FFO	\$2.06	\$2.12
Non-cash items	0.00	0.00
Core FFO	\$2.06	\$2.12

2026 FFO GUIDANCE BRIDGE AT THE MIDPOINT

	NAREIT FFO MID	CORE FFO MID
Previous 2026 FFO Guidance Midpoint	\$2.09	\$2.09
Same Property NOI	\$0.01	\$0.01
Change in transactional activity and assumptions	(\$0.02)	(\$0.02)
Other income, net	\$0.01	\$0.01
2026 FFO Guidance Midpoint	\$2.09	\$2.09

Diverse Portfolio of Durable Cash Flow



Neighborhood Centers &
Local Community Centers
(< 200,000 Owned GLA)



Regional Community
Centers
(≥ 200,000 Owned GLA)



Power Centers



Lifestyle / Mixed-Use

% of Wtd. ABR – Q2'26	39%	18%	13%	28%
% of Wtd. ABR – Q4'22	36%	21%	19%	22%
Change in % of Wtd. ABR	+300 bps	(300 bps)	(600 bps)	+600 bps
% of Total Owned GLA	39%	22%	18%	19%
Embedded Rent Bumps	191 bps	153 bps	155 bps	214 bps
Retail ABR psf	\$22.85	\$19.27	\$16.90	\$41.52

Growth Focused Leasing Results



- Given the favorable supply-demand dynamic for open-air retail, KRG is focused on improving our long-term embedded growth profile and has made significant improvements in achieving higher fixed rent bumps since the beginning of 2023

AVERAGE ABR GROWTH – NEW LEASES AND NON-OPTION RENEWALS

	YTD 2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Shops (< 10K Square Feet)	3.3%	3.4%	3.5%	3.0%	2.7%
Anchors (> 10K Square Feet)	1.4%	1.3%	1.3%	1.1%	0.9%
Total	2.8%	2.7%	2.9%	2.5%	2.2%

CONVERSION STATS ON LEASING ACTIVITY – NEW LEASES AND NON-OPTION RENEWALS

	YTD 2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Fixed Rent Bumps Greater Than or Equal to 3% (% of Lease Count)	86%	83%	84%	81%	68%
Fixed CAM (% of Lease Count)	97%	96%	92%	94%	89%

SMALL SHOP CONVERSION STATS – NEW LEASES AND NON-OPTION RENEWALS

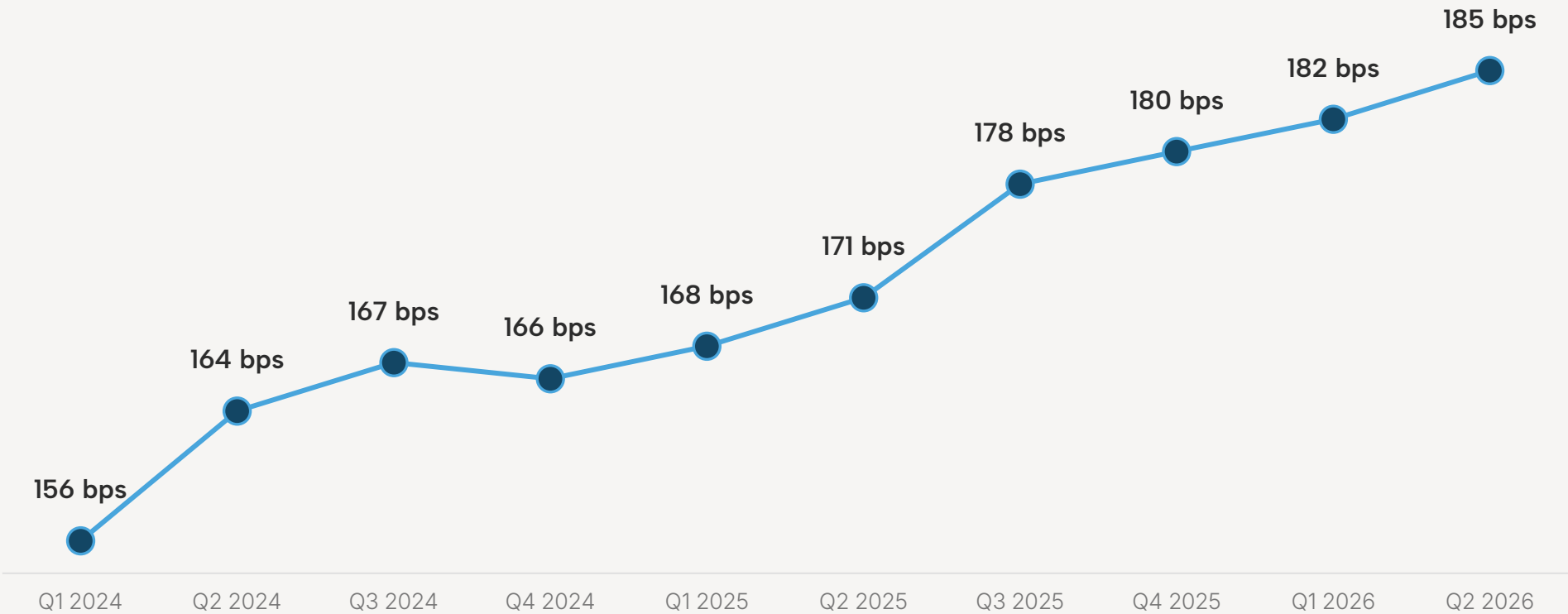
Fixed Rent Bumps (% of Lease Count)	YTD 2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Greater Than or Equal to 3.0%	92%	92%	92%	87%	74%
Greater Than or Equal to 3.5%	68%	69%	78%	42%	5%
Greater Than or Equal to 4.0%	61%	62%	71%	35%	3%

Improving the Cruising Speed



- KRG has improved its “cruising speed” by 29 basis points since the beginning of 2024
- KRG’s cruising speed is expected to further improve as we continue to build in higher escalators in new and non-option renewal leases and recycle out of lower growth, larger-format assets

Improvement in Embedded Rent Growth (Q1 2024 – Q2 2026)



Grocer Demand Across the Portfolio



- Strong grocer demand in KRG's portfolio has allowed us to increase our percentage of weighted ABR generated from centers with a grocery component to 79% at strong rent spreads and healthy returns on capital

270K

Grocer SF Added
(2022 – Q2 2026)

58%

Average New Leasing Spreads

24%

Average Gross Returns on Capital

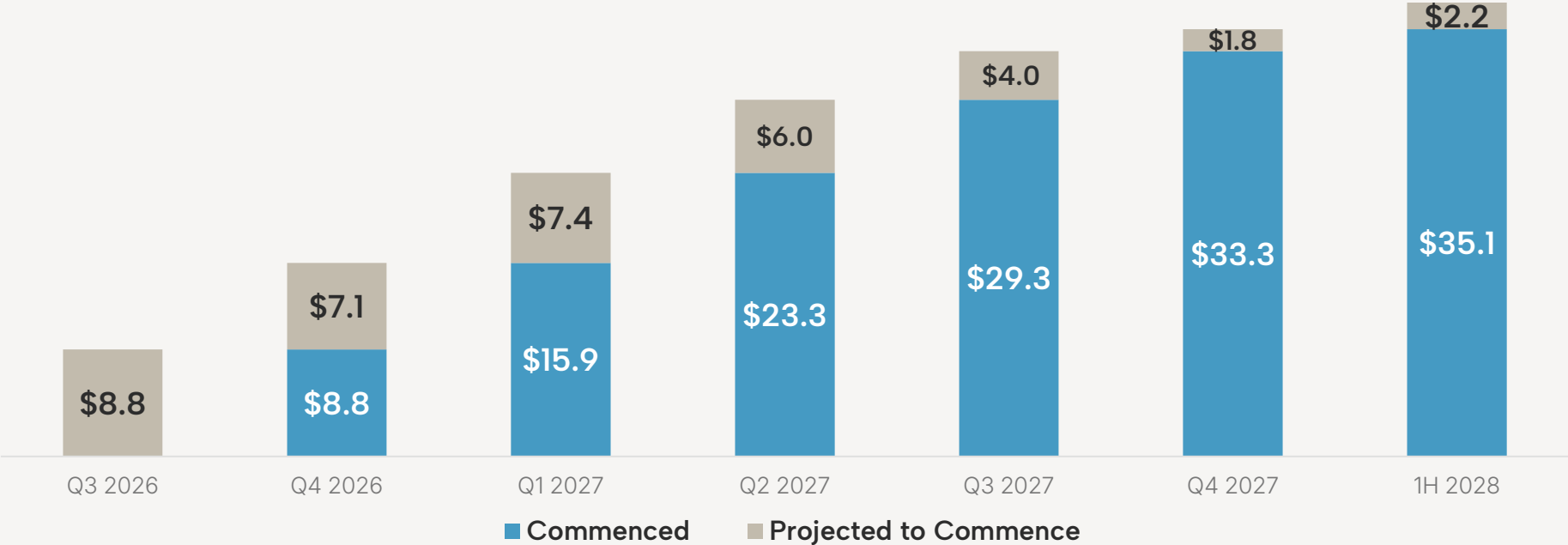
Property	Center Type	Previous Tenant	Grocer Addition
Centre at Laurel	Community	SHOPPERS	Giant
Gateway Plaza	Power	buybuy BABY	HARELI <i>Fresh Market</i>
Pelham Manor Shopping Plaza	Community	Michaels	LIDL
Fort Evans Plaza II	Community	Two Shop Spaces	TRADER JOE'S
Huebner Oaks	Lifestyle / Mixed-Use	BED BATH & BEYOND	TRADER JOE'S
Indian River Square	Community	DOLLAR TREE®	TRADER JOE'S
Woodinville Plaza	Community	RITE AID	TRADER JOE'S
Centennial Center	Power	BIG LOTS!	WHOLE FOODS MARKET
Lithia Crossing	Neighborhood	Stein Mart	WHOLE FOODS MARKET
Toringdon Market	Neighborhood	EARTH FARE HEALTHY FOOD FOR EVERYONE	WHOLE FOODS MARKET

Components of Signed–Not–Open Pipeline



- **Leased–to–occupied spread at period end (350 bps) is expected to remain elevated due to strong leasing demand**
 - The signed-not-open (SNO) pipeline increased \$1.3M quarter-over-quarter to \$37.3M as a result of new leases signed in the second quarter of 2026, net of tenants that commenced rent in the second quarter of 2026
 - Of the \$37.3M SNO pipeline, 49% is from anchor tenants and 51% is from shop tenants
 - Of the \$37.3M SNO pipeline, 90% is from the same property NOI pool and 10% is from the non-same property NOI pool
- The projected cumulative SNO commencement schedule represents annualized gross rent to come online and does not factor in intra-quarter timing of commencements or tenants that do not renew their lease

Projected Cumulative Signed–Not–Open NOI Commencement Schedule (\$ in M)

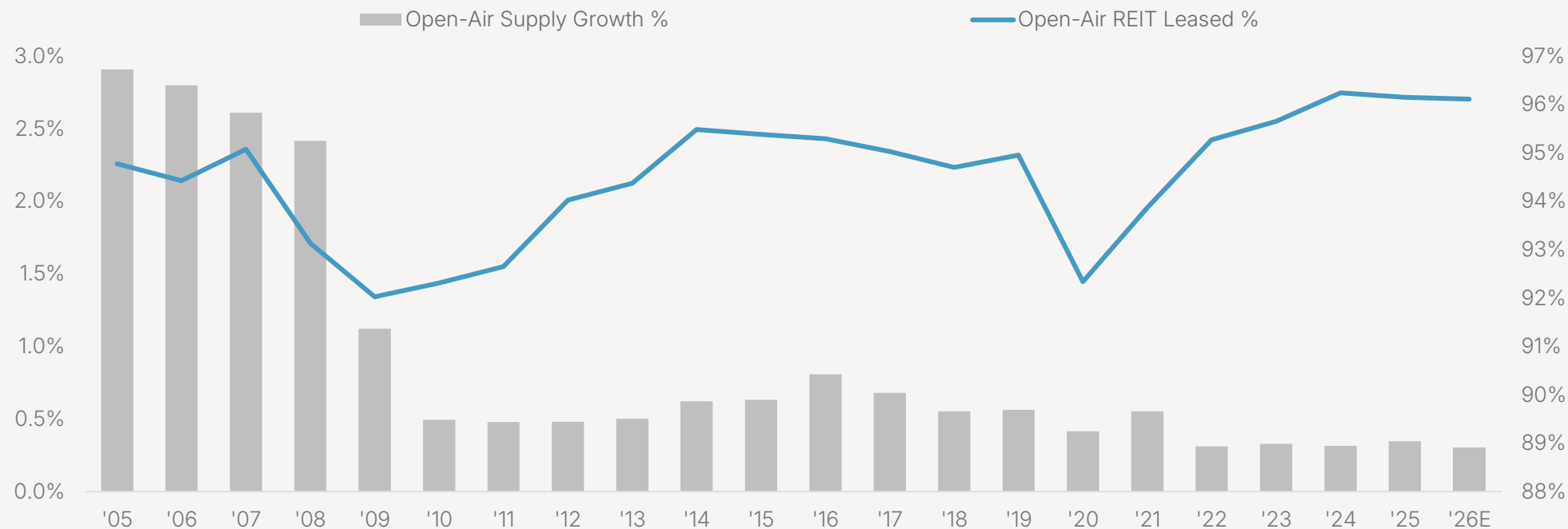


Reappreciation of Open-Air Retail



- Declining retail supply in the U.S. has been a driver for retail leased rates as retailers have realized the importance of their brick-and-mortar footprint
- 15+ years of limited supply growth have resulted in record-high leased rates for open-air retail as tenants are competing for existing space in institutional-quality centers

Open-Air Supply Growth vs. Leased Rate



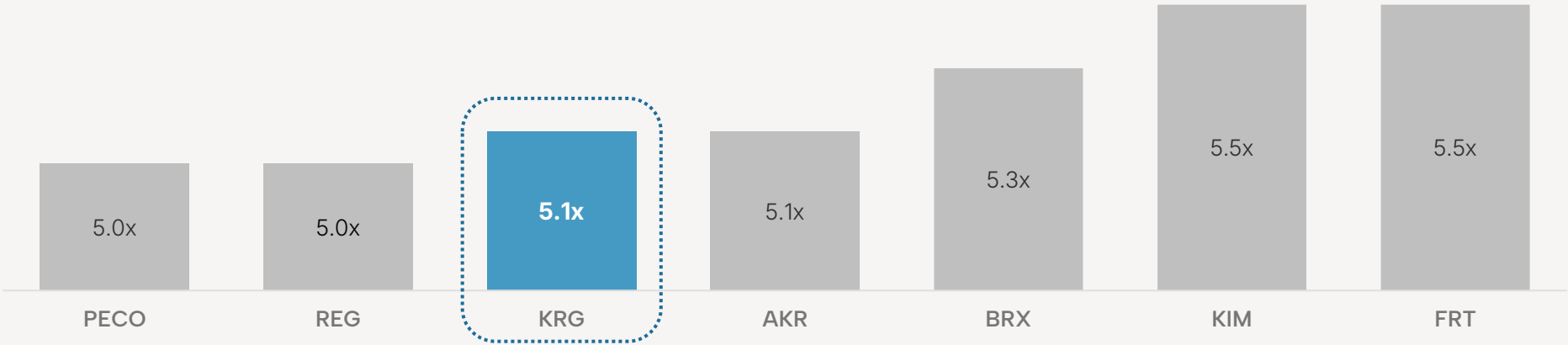
Source: Green Street and open-air REIT company filings from 2005 – 2026 including AKR, BRX, CURB, EQY, FRT, IVT, KIM, KRG, PECO, REG, ROIC, RPAI, RPT, UE, and WRI for the period of time each company has been publicly traded.

Balance Sheet Snapshot



5.1x Net Debt + Preferred / Adjusted EBITDA	4.1x Debt Service Coverage Ratio	\$1.2B Available Liquidity
4.31% Weighted Average Interest Rate ¹	89% Unencumbered NOI as a % of Total NOI	86% Fixed Rate Debt ¹
BBB / Positive Fitch	BBB / Stable S&P	Baa2 / Stable Moody's

NET DEBT + PREFERRED / ADJUSTED EBITDA



Note: Source of all peer data is from 2Q 2026 supplemental disclosures, except KIM and FRT data is from 1Q 2026 supplemental disclosures
1. Includes \$276.0 million of the Company's share of unconsolidated JV debt. Fixed rate debt includes the portion of variable rate debt that has been hedged by interest rate swaps. As of June 30, 2026, \$150.0 million in variable rate debt is been hedged to a fixed rate through July 17, 2026.

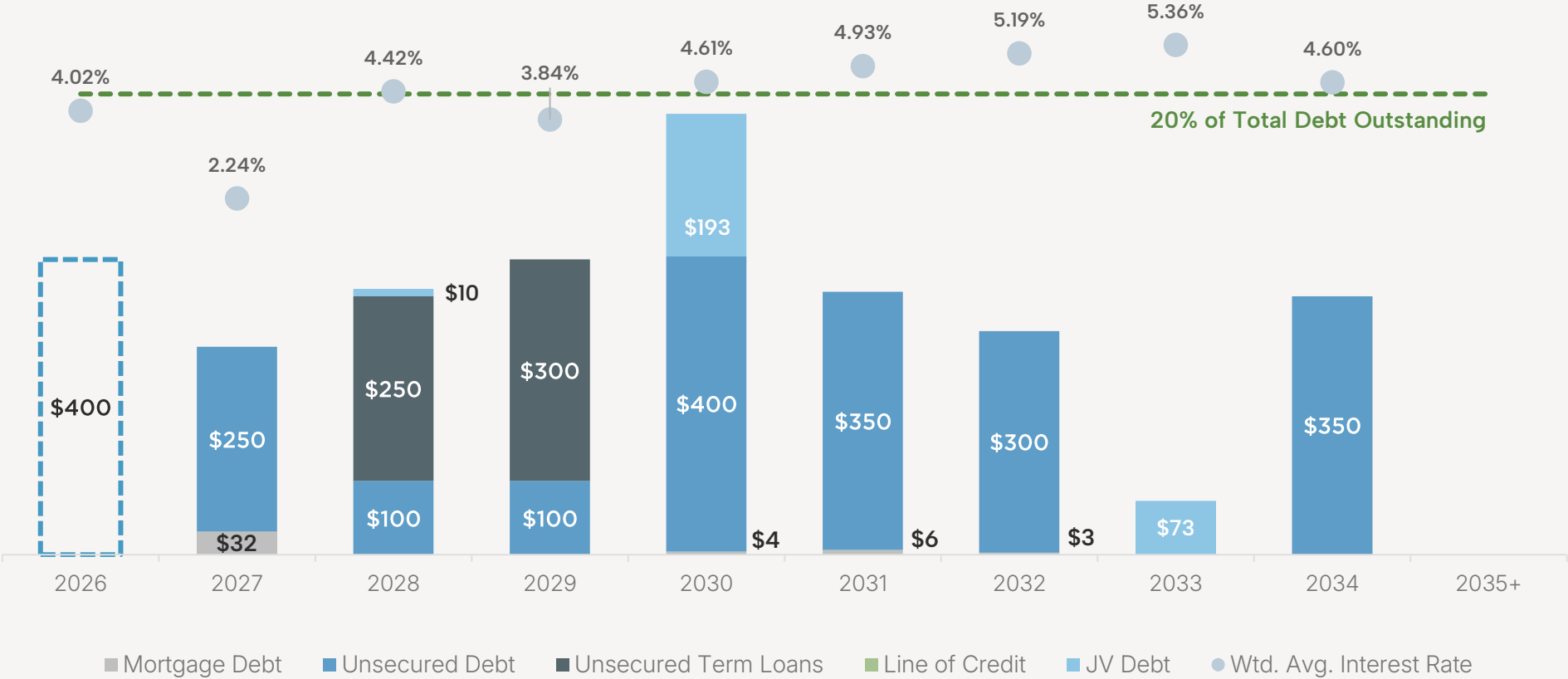
Well-Staggered Maturity Ladder



Debt Maturity Profile as of June 30, 2026

(\$ in M)

We intend to use proceeds from our July 2026 \$345 million exchangeable notes issuance together with cash from our recent asset dispositions to repay or redeem our \$400 million of remaining 2026 unsecured debt maturities



High-Quality Portfolio



One Loudoun
Washington D.C. MSA

Predominantly Sun Belt with Strategic Gateway Components



ABR Concentration

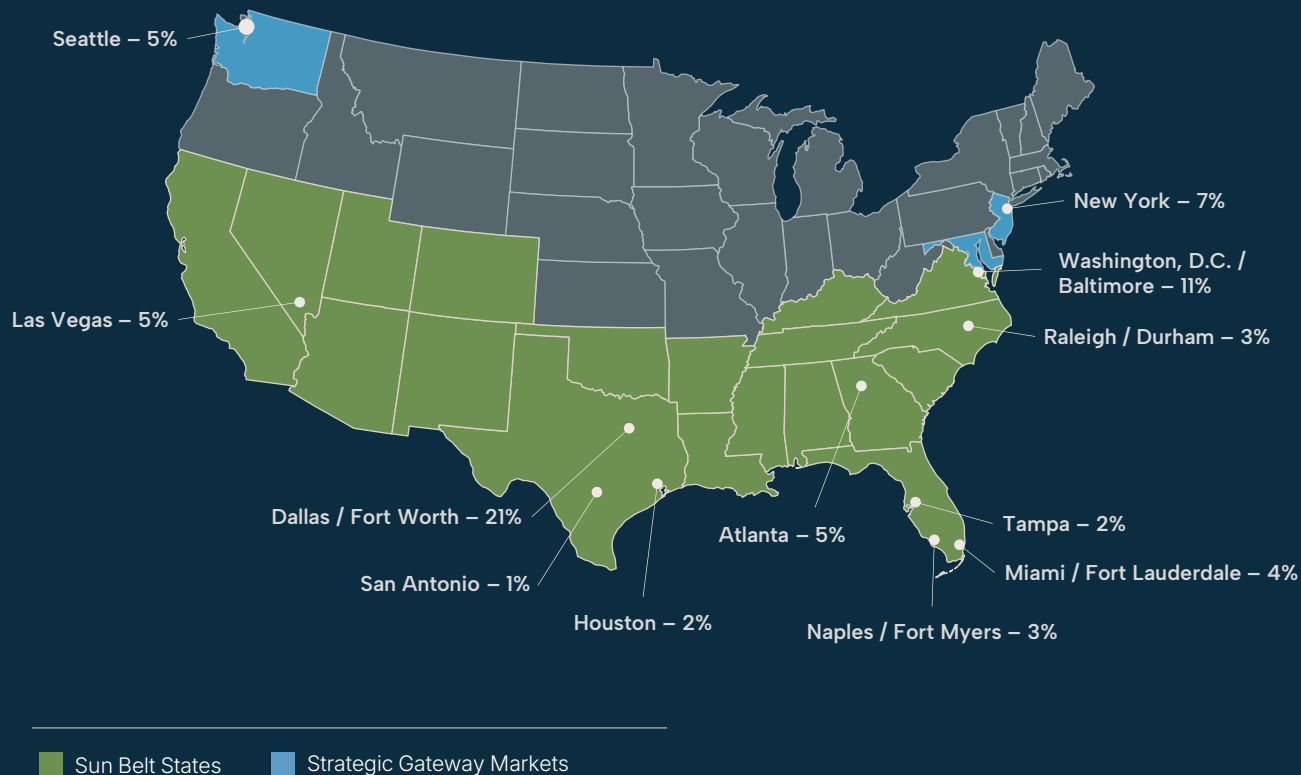
Sun Belt Markets	66%
Top 15 Population Growth States ¹	71%
Strategic Gateway Markets (DC, Seattle and NYC)	23%

Top 5 States (Total Wtd. ABR)

Texas	27%
Florida	12%
Virginia	7%
Indiana	7%
Maryland	6%

Portfolio Demographics (3-Mile)²

Population	113K
Average Household Income	\$155K



1. Source: US Census Bureau, Vintage 2025 Population Estimates from July 1, 2024 to July 1, 2025. Top 15 states include SC, ID, NC, TX, UT, DE, WA, AZ, NV, TN, GA, SD, FL, ND, and VA.
 2. 3-mile demographic statistics are weighted by Q2 2026 ABR and sourced from PopStats.

Portfolio Needle-Movers



KEY METRICS	SOUTHLAKE TOWN SQUARE	ONE LOUDOUN	LEGACY WEST	TOTAL
% of Q2 2026 Annualized Portfolio NOI	5.9%	4.3%	4.6%	14.8%
% of Total Retail Square Footage	2.6%	1.4%	1.4%	5.4%
% of Total Office Square Footage	11.8%	9.8%	22.3%	43.9%
Small Shop Retail ABR psf	\$56.28	\$48.94	\$77.09	\$60.28
Retail ABR psf	\$46.71	\$39.21	\$69.27	\$50.70
Embedded Rent Escalators	250	220	250	240 ¹
Number of Visitors in 2025	8.0M	4.7M	5.0M	17.7M
Retail and Office Tenant Count	176	99	92	367
Residential Units (On Site) ²	110	1,304	782	2,196
Hotel Rooms (On Site) ²	248	295	304	847

Anchor Leasing Update

- Strong risk-adjusted returns provide opportunity for outsized organic NOI growth
- Additional value creation at properties due to new, stronger tenants
- Existing available anchor inventory includes 20 spaces representing ~565K square feet to lease

ANCHORS EXECUTED (2024 – Q2 2026)

Count	61
Square feet	1,478,000
Capital / SF (TI / LL Work / Lease Commissions)	\$87
Total capital (\$, M)	\$128
Previous tenants' ABR PSF	\$15.71 ¹
New tenants' ABR PSF	\$20.14 ¹
Cash lease spread	28% ¹
Return on capital	30% ²
New NOI incl. NNN (\$, M)	\$38

1. Includes only comparable leases (40 of 61).

2. Represents the estimated total potential new NOI divided by the cost of executing such leases. These numbers are based on Management's estimates and assumptions, and there can be no assurance that such estimates and assumptions will be accurate or realized.



Solid Returns & Stronger Tenants

RECENT ACTIVITY

WHOLE FOODS
MARKET

TRADER JOE'S

Crate&Barrel

L.L.Bean

HOMESENSE

Total Wine
& MORE

SIERRA

ULTA
BEAUTY

ROSS
DRESS FOR LESS

five BELOW

Burlington

NORDSTROM
rack

BOOT BARN

BARNES & NOBLE

BOB'S
DISCOUNT
FURNITURE

EōS FITNESS
BETTER GYM. BETTER PRICE.

bloomies

THE HENRY

DIVERSIFIED MERCHANDISING MIX AND ENHANCED CREDIT PROFILE

35 Brands
For 61 Spaces

90%
National Tenants

Diverse Tenant Base

TOP 15 TENANTS BY ABR		STORE COUNT ¹	% OF WTD. ABR ²
1	The TJX Companies, Inc.	49	2.6%
2	Ross Stores, Inc.	28	2.0%
3	PetSmart, Inc.	27	1.5%
4	Dick's Sporting Goods, Inc.	15	1.4%
5	Publix Super Markets, Inc.	15	1.3%
6	Gap Inc.	29	1.2%
7	Best Buy Co., Inc.	11	1.1%
8	BJ's Wholesale Club, Inc.	3	1.0%
9	The Kroger Co.	9	0.9%
10	Michaels Stores, Inc.	19	0.9%
11	Lowe's Companies, Inc.	5	0.9%
12	Fitness International, LLC	5	0.8%
13	Burlington Stores, Inc.	12	0.8%
14	Whole Foods Market, Inc.	7	0.8%
15	Trader Joe's	12	0.8%
TOTAL		246	18.0%

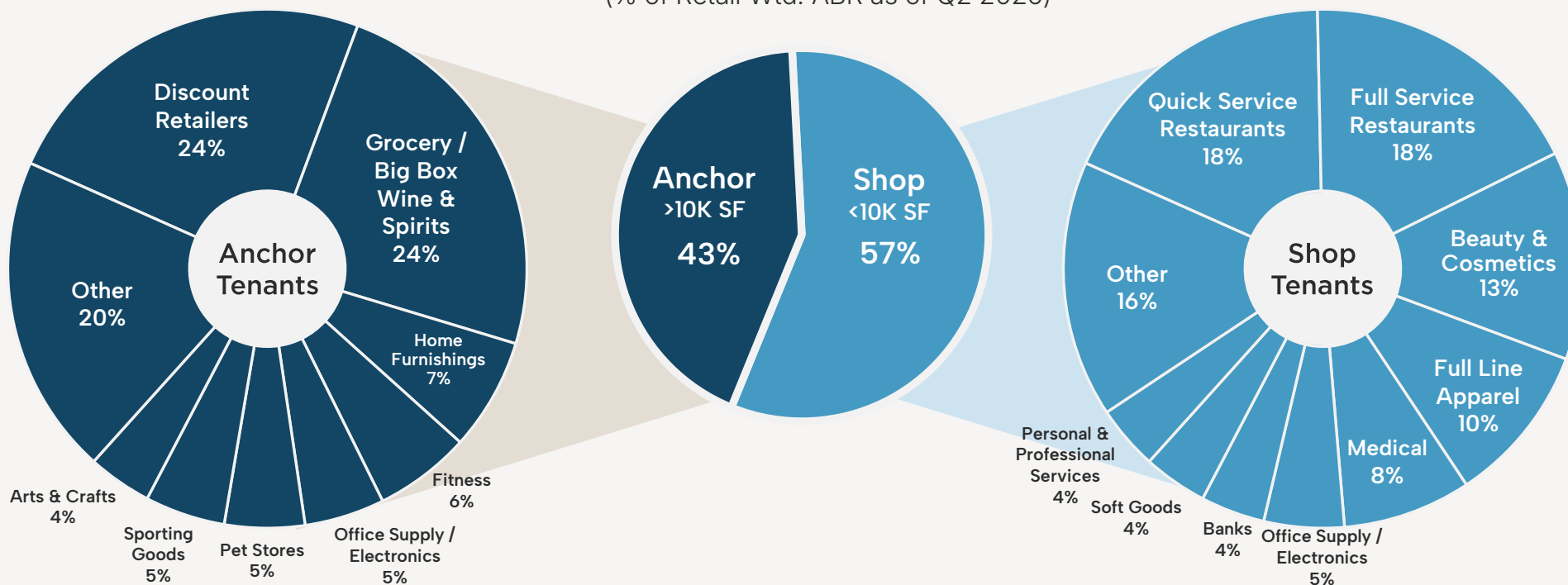
% of TOTAL WTD. ABR

NECESSITY-BASED RETAIL	27%
Grocery / Big Box Wine & Spirits	10%
Office Supply / Electronics	5%
Medical	4%
Pet Stores	3%
Hardware / Auto	2%
Banks	2%
Pharmacy / Drug	1%
RESTAURANTS	19%
Full-Service Restaurants	10%
Quick Service Restaurants	9%
DISCRETIONARY RETAIL	46%
Discount Retailers	11%
Beauty & Cosmetics	8%
Full Line Apparel	6%
Home Furnishings	5%
Fitness	4%
Sporting Goods	3%
Soft Goods	3%
Personal & Professional Services	2%
Arts & Crafts	2%
Theatres / Entertainment	2%
OFFICE	8%
TOTAL	100%

Composition of Retail Tenant Base

- Diverse and balanced tenant mix provides strong durability in KRG's cash flow
- Anchor revenue stream predominantly composed of grocers and discount retailers
- Shop composition includes a strong mix of restaurants, apparel, and beauty & cosmetics tenants
- Anchor/shop split has improved from 50% / 50% in Q4 2022 to 43% / 57% in Q2 2026 as portfolio composition has shifted toward lifestyle & mixed-use centers and away from power centers

TOTAL PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION
(% of Retail Wtd. ABR as of Q2 2026)



Big Names. Small Spaces.



Top 50 Small Shop Tenants
(< 10K Square Feet)

97%
National Brands

~700
Stores

28%
Of Small Shop ABR

14%
Of Portfolio ABR

Pairing Established Small Shop Tenants With Newer Retail Concepts

KEY TOP 50 SHOP TENANTS (by ABR)



KEY NEW SHOP TENANTS RECENTLY SIGNED



Forward-Looking Statements

This Investor Update, together with other statements and information publicly disseminated by us, contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such statements are based on assumptions and expectations that may not be realized and are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, performance, transactions or achievements, financial or otherwise, may differ materially from the results, performance, transactions or achievements, financial or otherwise, expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include but are not limited to:

- economic, business, banking, real estate and other market conditions, particularly in connection with low or negative growth in the U.S. economy as well as economic uncertainty (including from an economic slowdown or recession, federal government shutdown, disruptions related to tariffs and other trade or sanction issues, geopolitical instability, rising interest rates, inflation, unemployment, or limited growth in consumer income or spending);
- financing risks, including the availability of, and costs associated with, sources of liquidity;
- the Company's ability to refinance, or extend the maturity dates of, the Company's indebtedness;
- the level and volatility of interest rates;
- the financial stability of the Company's tenants;
- the competitive environment in which the Company operates, including potential oversupplies of, or a reduction in demand for, rental space;
- acquisition, disposition, development and joint venture risks, including the ability to complete them on the terms and timing anticipated;
- property ownership and management risks, including the relative illiquidity of real estate investments, and expenses, vacancies or the inability to rent space on favorable terms or at all;
- the risk that we will not be able to increase rents in our new and non-option renewal leases;
- the Company's ability to maintain the Company's status as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- potential environmental and other liabilities;
- impairment in the value of real estate property the Company owns;
- the attractiveness of our properties to tenants, the actual and perceived impact of e-commerce on the value of shopping center assets and changing demographics and customer traffic patterns;
- business continuity disruptions and a deterioration in our tenants' ability to operate in affected areas or delays in the supply of products or services to us or our tenants from vendors that are needed to operate efficiently
- risks related to our current geographical concentration of properties in the states of Texas, Florida, and North Carolina and the metropolitan statistical areas of New York, Atlanta, Seattle, Chicago, and Washington, D.C. ;
- civil unrest, acts of violence, terrorism or war, acts of God, climate change, epidemics, pandemics, natural disasters and severe weather conditions, including such events that may result in underinsured or uninsured losses or other increased costs and expenses;
- changes in laws and government regulations, including governmental orders affecting the use of the Company's properties or the ability of its tenants to operate, and the costs of complying with such changed laws and government regulations;
- possible changes in consumer behavior due to public health crises and the fear of future pandemics;
- our ability to satisfy environmental, social, and governance standards set by various constituencies;
- insurance costs and coverage, especially in Florida and Texas coastal areas and North Carolina;
- risks associated with cyber attacks and the loss of confidential information and other business disruptions;
- risks associated with the use of artificial intelligence and related tools;
- whether the leased-to-occupied spread will remain elevated;
- our ability to achieve the expected NOI from our signed-not-open pipeline;
- other factors affecting the real estate industry generally; and
- other risks identified in reports the Company files with the Securities and Exchange Commission or in other documents that it publicly disseminates, including, in particular, the section titled "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, and in the Company's quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

This Investor Update also includes certain forward-looking non-GAAP information. For certain definitions and reconciliations see pages 22 to 26.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures



NET OPERATING INCOME AND SAME PROPERTY NET OPERATING INCOME

The Company uses NOI, a non-GAAP financial measure, to evaluate the performance of our properties. The Company also uses total property NOI, which is defined as NOI plus net gains from outlot sales. The Company defines NOI as income from our real estate, including lease termination fees received from tenants, less our property operating expenses. NOI excludes amortization of capitalized tenant improvement costs and leasing commissions and certain corporate-level expenses, including merger and acquisition costs. The Company believes that NOI is helpful to investors as a measure of our operating performance because it excludes various items included in net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of our operating performance, such as depreciation and amortization, interest expense, and impairment, if any.

The Company also uses same property NOI ("Same Property NOI"), a non-GAAP financial measure, to evaluate the performance of our properties. Same Property NOI is net income excluding properties that have not been owned for the full periods presented. Beginning in 2026, the Company revised its Same Property NOI definition to exclude the results of the Company's insurance captive to more clearly reflect the performance of our core real estate portfolio. Same Property NOI also excludes (i) net gains from outlot sales, (ii) straight-line rent revenue, (iii) lease termination income in excess of lost rent, (iv) amortization of lease intangibles, (v) significant prior period expense recoveries and adjustments, if any, and (vi) income or expense associated with the Company's captive insurance company. When the Company receives payments in excess of any accounts receivable for terminating a lease, Same Property NOI will include such excess payments as monthly rent until the earlier of the expiration of 12 months or the start date of a replacement tenant.

The Company believes that Same Property NOI is helpful to investors as a measure of our operating performance because it includes only the NOI of properties that have been owned for the full periods presented. The Company believes such presentation eliminates disparities in net income due to the acquisition or disposition of properties during the particular periods presented and thus provides a more consistent metric for the comparison of our properties. Additionally, because results from the Company's insurance captive are driven by insurance underwriting, loss experience, and actuarial assumptions and therefore do not reflect the operating performance of our real estate properties, management believes excluding the impacts of the insurance captive improves transparency and comparability for the Company's investors. Same Property NOI includes the results of properties that have been owned for the entire current and prior year reporting periods. Same Property NOI for all periods presented includes (i) 52% of the NOI from three previously wholly owned properties that were contributed to the Seed Asset Joint Venture in June 2025 and (ii) 55% of the NOI from the One Loudoun Phase 1 Apartments (which 55% represents the Company's expected final ownership percentage) and excludes the results of the Company's insurance captive.

NOI and Same Property NOI should not, however, be considered as an alternative to net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) as an indicator of our financial performance. The Company's computation of NOI and Same Property NOI may differ from the methodology used by other REITs and, therefore, may not be comparable to such other REITs.

When evaluating the properties that are included in the Same Property Pool, we have established specific criteria for determining the inclusion of properties acquired or those recently under development. An acquired property is included in the Same Property Pool when there is a full quarter of operations in both years subsequent to the acquisition date. Development and redevelopment properties are included in the Same Property Pool four full quarters after the properties have been transferred to the operating portfolio. A redevelopment property is first excluded from the Same Property Pool when the execution of a redevelopment plan is likely, and we (a) begin recapturing space from tenants or (b) the contemplated plan significantly impacts the operations of the property. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, the Same Property Pool excludes the following: (i) Chastain Market and Founders Square, which were acquired in May 2026, and Village Commons and Legacy West, which were acquired in January and April 2025, respectively; (ii) The Corner – IN, which was reclassified from active development into our operating portfolio in March 2025; (iii) Eastgate Crossing, which was reclassified from our operating portfolio in September 2025 due to significant disruption caused by severe flooding as a result of Tropical Storm Chantal; (iv) our active development projects at One Loudoun; (v) Hamilton Crossing Centre and Edwards Multiplex – Ontario, which were reclassified from our operating portfolio into redevelopment in June 2014 and March 2023, respectively; (vi) properties sold or classified as held for sale during 2025 and 2026; and (vii) standalone office properties, including the Carillon medical office building.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures



EBITDA

The Company defines EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, as net income before interest expense, income tax expense of the taxable REIT subsidiaries, and depreciation and amortization. For informational purposes, the Company also provides Adjusted EBITDA, which it defines as EBITDA less (i) EBITDA from unconsolidated entities, as adjusted, (ii) gains on sales of operating properties or impairment charges, (iii) merger and acquisition costs, (iv) other income and expense, (v) noncontrolling interest Adjusted EBITDA, and (vi) other non-recurring activity or items impacting comparability from period to period. Annualized Adjusted EBITDA is Adjusted EBITDA for the most recent quarter multiplied by four. Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA is the Company's share of net debt divided by Annualized Adjusted EBITDA. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Annualized Adjusted EBITDA, and Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA, as calculated by the Company, are not comparable to EBITDA and EBITDA-related measures reported by other REITs that do not define EBITDA and EBITDA-related measures exactly as we do. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Annualized Adjusted EBITDA do not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered alternatives to net income as an indicator of performance or as alternatives to cash flows from operating activities as an indicator of liquidity.

Considering the nature of our business as a real estate owner and operator, the Company believes that EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and the ratio of Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA are helpful to investors in measuring our operational performance because they exclude various items included in net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of our operating performance, such as gains or losses from sales of depreciated property and depreciation and amortization, which can make periodic and peer analyses of operating performance more difficult. For informational purposes, the Company also provides Annualized Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted as described above. The Company believes this supplemental information provides a meaningful measure of its operating performance. The Company believes presenting EBITDA and the related measures in this manner allows investors and other interested parties to form a more meaningful assessment of the Company's operating results.

NAREIT FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

NAREIT Funds From Operations ("FFO") is a widely used performance measure for real estate companies and is provided here as a supplemental measure of our operating performance. The Company calculates FFO, a non-GAAP financial measure, in accordance with the best practices described in the April 2002 National Policy Bulletin of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), as restated in 2018. The NAREIT white paper defines FFO as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP), excluding (i) depreciation and amortization related to real estate, (ii) gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, (iii) gains and losses from change in control, and (iv) impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments in entities when the impairment is directly attributable to decreases in the value of depreciable real estate held by the entity.

Considering the nature of our business as a real estate owner and operator, the Company believes that FFO is helpful to investors in measuring our operational performance because it excludes various items included in net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of our operating performance, such as gains or losses from sales of depreciated property and depreciation and amortization, which can make periodic and peer analyses of operating performance more difficult. FFO (a) should not be considered as an alternative to net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) for the purpose of measuring our financial performance, (b) is not an alternative to cash flows from operating activities (calculated in accordance with GAAP) as a measure of our liquidity, and (c) is not indicative of funds available to satisfy our cash needs, including our ability to make distributions. The Company's computation of FFO may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do.

From time to time, the Company may report or provide guidance with respect to "FFO, as adjusted," which removes the impact of certain non-recurring and non-operating transactions or other items the Company does not consider to be representative of its core operating results, including, without limitation, (i) gains or losses associated with the early extinguishment of debt, (ii) gains or losses associated with litigation involving the Company that is not in the normal course of business, (iii) merger and acquisition costs, (iv) the impact on earnings from significant and non-recurring employee severance costs and recruiting expenses, including sign-on bonuses and search fees, (v) the excess of redemption value over carrying value of preferred stock redemption, and (vi) the impact of prior period bad debt or the collection of accounts receivable previously written off ("prior period collection impact"), which are not otherwise adjusted in the Company's calculation of FFO.

CORE FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

Core Funds From Operations ("Core FFO") is a non-GAAP financial measure of operating performance that modifies FFO for certain non-cash transactions that result in recording income or expense and impact the Company's period-over-period performance, including (i) amortization of deferred financing costs, (ii) non-cash compensation expense and other, (iii) straight-line rent related to minimum rent and common area maintenance, (iv) market rent amortization income, and (v) amortization of debt discounts, premiums and hedge instruments, and includes adjustments related to our pro rata share from unconsolidated joint ventures for these categories as applicable. The Company believes that Core FFO is useful to investors in evaluating the core cash flow-generating operations of the Company by adjusting for items that we do not consider to be part of our core business operations, allowing for comparison of core operating performance of the Company between periods. Core FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of the Company's performance or as an alternative to cash flow as a measure of liquidity or the Company's ability to make distributions. The Company's computation of Core FFO may differ from the methodology for calculating Core FFO used by other REITs and, therefore, may not be comparable to such other REITs.

Appendix: Reconciliation of Same Property NOI to Net Income



Kite Realty Group
Same Property Net Operating Income ("NOI")
(dollars in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Number of properties in Same Property Pool for the period ⁽¹⁾	158	158		158	158	
Leased percentage at period end	94.7%	93.8%		94.7%	93.8%	
Economic occupancy percentage at period end	91.2%	90.9%		91.2%	90.9%	
Economic occupancy percentage ⁽²⁾	90.9%	91.0%		91.0%	91.5%	
Minimum rent	\$ 139,329	\$ 134,600		\$ 277,508	\$ 269,448	
Tenant recoveries	39,862	38,099		82,614	77,515	
Bad debt reserve	(1,554)	(1,435)		(3,057)	(3,274)	
Other income, net	2,244	2,187		4,560	4,221	
Total revenue	179,881	173,451		361,625	347,910	
Property operating	(25,105)	(23,891)		(52,276)	(48,921)	
Real estate taxes	(23,116)	(22,617)		(46,365)	(45,357)	
Total expenses	(48,221)	(46,508)		(98,641)	(94,278)	
Same Property NOI⁽³⁾	\$ 131,660	\$ 126,943	3.7%	\$ 262,984	\$ 253,632	3.7%
<i>Reconciliation of Same Property NOI to most directly comparable GAAP measure:</i>						
Net operating income – same properties	\$ 131,660	\$ 126,943		\$ 262,984	\$ 253,632	
Net operating income – sold properties	7,563	23,414		14,388	54,531	
Net operating income – non-same activity ⁽⁴⁾	5,294	7,078		13,234	12,641	
Less: KRG share of unconsolidated joint ventures included in Same Property NOI above	(2,610)	(430)		(5,238)	(734)	
Net gains from outlot sales	1,364	—		2,403	—	
Total property NOI	143,271	157,005	(8.7%)	287,771	320,070	(10.1%)
Other income (expense), net	2,777	(2,099)		4,034	2,452	
General, administrative and other	(14,543)	(13,390)		(28,493)	(25,648)	
Impairment charges	(980)	—		(6,868)	—	
Depreciation and amortization	(81,604)	(97,887)		(164,095)	(196,118)	
Interest expense	(31,743)	(34,052)		(63,439)	(67,006)	
Gain on sales of operating properties, net	87,727	103,022		87,727	103,113	
Gain on deconsolidation of joint venture	60,625	—		60,625	—	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4,226)	(2,281)		(4,564)	(2,815)	
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$ 161,304	\$ 110,318		\$ 172,698	\$ 134,048	

- (1) Same Property NOI excludes the following: (i) Chastain Market and Founders Square, which were acquired in May 2026, and Village Commons and Legacy West, which were acquired in January and April 2025, respectively; (ii) The Corner – IN, which was reclassified from active development into our operating portfolio in March 2025; (iii) Eastgate Crossing, which was reclassified from our operating portfolio in September 2025 due to significant disruption caused by severe flooding as a result of Tropical Storm Chantal; (iv) our active development projects at One Loudoun; (v) Hamilton Crossing Centre and Edwards Multiplex – Ontario, which were reclassified from our operating portfolio into redevelopment in June 2014 and March 2023, respectively; (vi) properties sold or classified as held for sale during 2025 and 2026; and (vii) standalone office properties, including the Carillon medical office building.
- (2) Excludes leases that are signed but for which tenants have not yet commenced the payment of cash rent. Calculated as a weighted average based on the timing of cash rent commencement and expiration during the period.
- (3) Same Property NOI for all periods presented includes (i) 52% of the NOI from three previously wholly owned properties that were contributed to the Seed Asset Joint Venture in June 2025 and (ii) 55% of the NOI from the One Loudoun Phase 1 Apartments (which 55% represents the Company's expected final ownership percentage) and excludes the results of the Company's insurance captive.
- (4) Includes non-cash activity as well as NOI from properties not included in the Same Property Pool.

Appendix: NAREIT and Core Funds from Operations



Kite Realty Group
NAREIT Funds From Operations ("FFO")⁽¹⁾
(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

	<u>Three Months Ended June</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>
Net income	\$ 165,530	\$ 112,599	\$ 177,262	\$ 136,863
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in properties	(56)	(81)	(126)	(151)
Less: gain on sales of operating properties, net	(87,727)	(103,022)	(87,727)	(103,113)
Less: gain on deconsolidation of joint venture	(60,625)	—	(60,625)	—
Add: impairment charges	980	—	6,868	—
Add: depreciation and amortization of consolidated and unconsolidated entities, net of noncontrolling interests	90,996	104,469	182,820	203,146
NAREIT FFO of the Operating Partnership⁽¹⁾	109,098	113,965	218,472	236,745
Less: Limited Partners' interests in FFO	(2,789)	(2,466)	(5,412)	(4,929)
FFO attributable to common shareholders ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 106,309</u>	<u>\$ 111,499</u>	<u>\$ 213,060</u>	<u>\$ 231,816</u>
FFO, as defined by NAREIT, per share of the Operating Partnership – basic	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.51	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.05
FFO, as defined by NAREIT, per share of the Operating Partnership – diluted	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.51	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.05
Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic	<u>202,231,374</u>	<u>219,835,322</u>	<u>203,949,318</u>	<u>219,775,829</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted	<u>202,327,190</u>	<u>219,949,868</u>	<u>204,041,751</u>	<u>219,888,939</u>
Weighted average common shares and units outstanding – basic	<u>207,539,135</u>	<u>224,684,910</u>	<u>209,131,933</u>	<u>224,451,187</u>
Weighted average common shares and units outstanding – diluted	<u>207,634,951</u>	<u>224,799,456</u>	<u>209,224,366</u>	<u>224,564,297</u>
Reconciliation of NAREIT FFO to Core FFO⁽²⁾				
NAREIT FFO of the Operating Partnership ⁽¹⁾	\$ 109,098	\$ 113,965	\$ 218,472	\$ 236,745
Add:				
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1,850	1,751	3,657	3,395
Non-cash compensation expense and other	3,674	3,221	6,889	5,881
Less:				
Straight-line rent – minimum rent and common area maintenance	2,979	2,835	5,120	5,413
Market rent amortization income	2,253	1,879	4,342	5,421
Amortization of debt discounts, premiums and hedge instruments	1,030	890	2,059	3,646
Core FFO of the Operating Partnership	\$ 108,360	\$ 113,333	\$ 217,497	\$ 231,541
Core FFO per share of the Operating Partnership – diluted	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.50	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.03

(1) "NAREIT FFO of the Operating Partnership" measures 100% of the operating performance of the Operating Partnership's real estate properties. "FFO attributable to common shareholders" reflects a reduction for the redeemable noncontrolling weighted average diluted interest in the Operating Partnership.

(2) Includes the Company's pro rata share from unconsolidated joint ventures.

Appendix: Reconciliation of EBITDA to Net Income



Kite Realty Group
Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA")
(dollars in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2026
Net income	\$ 165,530
Depreciation and amortization	81,604
Interest expense	31,743
Income tax expense of taxable REIT subsidiaries	426
EBITDA	279,303
Unconsolidated EBITDA, as adjusted	11,005
Impairment charges	980
Gain on sales of operating properties, net	(87,727)
Gain on deconsolidation of joint venture	(60,625)
Other income and expense, net	(1,825)
Adjustments for acquisitions and dispositions ⁽¹⁾	(4,068)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 137,043
 Annualized Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾	 \$ 548,172
 Company share of Net Debt:	
Mortgage and other indebtedness, net	\$ 2,842,758
Add: Company share of unconsolidated joint venture debt	276,348
Add: debt discounts, premiums and issuance costs, net	2,411
Less: Partner share of consolidated joint venture debt ⁽³⁾	(220)
Company's consolidated debt and share of unconsolidated debt	3,121,297
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(144,578)
Less: restricted cash and escrow deposits	(176,831)
Less: Company share of unconsolidated joint venture cash and cash equivalents	(15,676)
Company share of Net Debt	\$ 2,784,212
 Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA	 5.1x

- (1) Relates to current quarter GAAP operating income for the acquisitions of Chastain Market and Founders Square and the sale of seven properties during the three months ended June 30, 2026 during the period of ownership.
- (2) Represents Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended June 30, 2026 (as shown in the table above) multiplied by four.
- (3) Partner share of consolidated joint venture debt is calculated based upon the partner's pro rata ownership of the joint venture, multiplied by the related secured debt balance.