

KITE REALTY GROUP TRUST
Amended and Restated Charter of the
Audit Committee

I. Purpose

The principal purposes of the Audit Committee (the “Committee”) of the Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of Kite Realty Group Trust (the “Company”) are to (A) assist the Board in the oversight of (i) the integrity of the financial statements of the Company, (ii) the compliance by the Company with legal and regulatory requirements, (iii) the qualification and independence of the Company’s independent auditors and (iv) the performance of the Company’s internal audit function and independent auditors, and (B) prepare an audit committee report as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) to be included in the Company’s annual proxy statement.

II. Composition and Qualification

The Committee shall be comprised of at least three (3) members of the Board, one of whom shall serve as Chairman of the Committee. The Chairman and all other members of the Committee shall meet the independence, experience, financial literacy and expertise requirements of the New York Stock Exchange, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the “Sarbanes-Oxley Act”), the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and applicable rules and regulations of the Commission, all as in effect from time to time. At least one member of the Committee shall be an “audit committee financial expert” as defined by the Commission. Because of the Committee’s demanding role and responsibilities, and the time commitment of each attendant to Committee membership, if a member of the Committee simultaneously serves on or, upon appointment, would simultaneously serve on the audit committees of more than three (3) public companies (including the Company), continued service or appointment is contingent on a determination by the Board that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of such member to effectively serve on the Committee.

To ensure independence and to otherwise avoid any potential conflicts of interest, members of the Committee may not (other than fees and equity received as compensation for serving as a trustee) accept or receive, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the Company or any of its subsidiaries or be an affiliated person of the Company or any of its subsidiaries. Because of the significantly greater time commitment of Committee members and in consideration thereof, the Board recognizes that it may be appropriate for members of the Committee to receive reasonable compensation greater than that paid to other members of the Board.

The Chairman and other members of the Committee shall be appointed by the Board, subject to satisfying the standards set forth above. Committee members may be removed by the Board, with or without cause. Any member of the Committee may resign at any time by giving written notice of his or her resignation to the Board.

III. Meetings

The Committee shall meet at least quarterly, or more frequently as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate. The Chairman of the Committee may call special meetings of the Committee as necessary.

IV. Goals, Authority, Responsibilities and Duties

General

The Committee shall be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of any accounting firm employed by the Company (including the resolution of disputes between management and the accounting firm regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company, and such firm shall report directly to the Committee. In the performance of its duties, the Committee shall meet separately and periodically with management, the internal auditors (or other personnel responsible for the internal audit function) and the independent auditors.

In addition, the Committee shall:

Financial Statement and Disclosure Matters

1. Review and discuss the quarterly unaudited and/or annual audited financial statements with management and the Company's independent auditors, including the results of the independent auditor's review of the financial statements, prior to the Company's issuing its quarterly or year-end earnings release and filing its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable.

Matters that will be reviewed and discussed include:

- The Company's disclosures in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations";
- Major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentations, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles, and any major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal controls;
- Analyses prepared by management and/or the independent auditor setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative GAAP methods on the financial statements;

- The effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet structures, on the Company's financial statements; and
 - In general, the type and presentation of information to be included in earnings press releases, including the use of "pro forma" or "adjusted" non-GAAP information, as well as review of any financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies.
2. Determine whether to recommend to the Board the inclusion of the annual audited financial statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the applicable fiscal year.
 3. Discuss with management the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures. The Committee shall also review and evaluate the Company's processes and policies for identifying and assessing key financial statement risk areas and for formulating and implementing steps to address such risk areas. As part of this process, the Committee should discuss guidelines and policies to govern the process by which this is handled. Consistent with the foregoing, the Committee shall also review on an ongoing basis the Company's practices and procedures implemented consistent with the Company's Interest Rate Risk Management Policy (or any similar or replacement policy adopted by the Board of Trustees) as in effect from time to time.
 4. Review with the independent auditor any audit problems or difficulties the auditor may have encountered in the course of the audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to requested information and any significant disagreements with management, and management's response. Such review should include:
 - (a) any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditor but were passed (as immaterial or otherwise);
 - (b) any communications between the independent auditor and its national office respecting auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement;
 - (c) any "management" or "internal control" letters issued, or proposed to be issued, by the independent auditor to the Company; and
 - (d) the results of the audit, including significant findings and any critical audit matters..
 5. Review the following matters with the independent auditor (such matters shall be timely reported to the Committee by the independent auditor):
 - (a) All critical accounting policies and practices to be used;
 - (b) All alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the preferred treatment of the auditor; and
 - (c) Other material written communications between the auditor and management, including any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences.
 6. Meet with the officers certifying the Company's periodic reports pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and any other officers that the Committee deems necessary or appropriate, to:

- discuss whether there are any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of the Company's internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;
 - discuss whether there has been any fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting;
 - discuss whether any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting occurred during the most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting, and whether any corrective actions were taken with regard to significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - obtain assurance that the disclosure controls and procedures have been adhered to for the relevant quarter.
7. Review and assess on at least an annual basis the Company's disclosure controls, policies and procedures.

Oversight of the Company's Relationship With the Independent Auditor

8. Be directly responsible and have the sole authority to appoint, compensate, retain, evaluate and terminate the independent auditors to be retained by the Company and to pre-approve all audit services, including the compensation of the independent auditors and all audit engagement fees and terms. The Committee may consult with management but shall not delegate these responsibilities to management. The Committee should meet with the independent auditor prior to the audit to discuss the planning and staffing of the audit.
9. Have the sole authority to, and shall, review and pre-approve, either pursuant to the Committee's Audit and Non-Audit Services Pre-Approval Policy or through a separate pre-approval by the Committee, any engagement of the Company's independent auditor to provide any permitted non-audit service to the Company that is not prohibited by law. The Committee shall have the ability to delegate the authority to pre-approve non-audit services to one (1) or more designated members of the Committee. If such authority is delegated, the delegated member(s) of the Committee shall report to the full Committee, at the next Committee meeting, all items pre-approved by the designated member(s).
10. Receive and review periodic reports, at least annually, prepared by the independent auditors regarding:
- (a) the auditors' internal quality-control procedures;
 - (b) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five (5) years, respecting one or

more independent audits carried out by the firm, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues, and

- (c) the auditor's independence and all relationships between the independent auditor and the Company.
11. Discuss the reports described in paragraph 10 above with the auditor, and take appropriate action on any disclosed relationship to satisfy itself of the auditor's independence. As part of this process, the Committee should evaluate the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor, including considering whether the auditor's quality controls are adequate and the provision of permitted non-audit services is compatible with maintaining the auditor's independence (and taking into account the opinions of management). The Committee also should receive, annually, a letter of independence from the independent auditor. The Committee shall present its conclusions to the Board.
 12. Review and evaluate the experience and qualifications of the senior members (including the lead partner) of the independent auditor team and the performance of the independent auditor (which firm ultimately is accountable to the Committee and the Board).
 13. Discuss with the independent auditor the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as amended, relating to the conduct of the audit.
 14. Request a representation letter from the Company's independent auditor prior to the commencement of the audit engagement confirming that (i) the lead (or coordinating) audit partner and the reviewing audit partner have not performed audit services for the Company for more than five (5) consecutive years, and (ii) if either of such persons performed audit services for the Company for five (5) consecutive years, the last year of such period was more than five (5) years ago.
 15. Consider whether, in order to assure continuing auditor independence, it is appropriate to adopt a policy of rotating the lead audit partner or even the independent auditing firm itself on a regular basis.
 16. Request evidence from the independent auditors confirming that such firm is registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.
 17. Obtain from the Company's independent auditor the inspection report of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

Oversight of the Company's Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

18. Review and assess the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal control, including information technology security and control over financial reporting with management, the internal auditor and the independent auditor.
19. Understand the scope of internal and external auditors' review of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, and obtain reports on significant deficiencies or material weaknesses identified and recommendations from the internal and external auditor, together with management's responses.
20. Review management's annual report on internal control over financial reporting prior to the Company's inclusion of such annual report in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

21. Review the independent auditor's attestation report regarding management's assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting prior to the inclusion of such attestation report in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.
22. Review with management any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Oversight of the Company's Internal Audit Function

23. Review with management and the internal auditor the charter, staffing and organizational structure of the internal audit function.
24. Review and approve the audit plan and scope of work to be performed by internal audit.
25. Review and assess any reports to management prepared by internal audit and management's response thereto, if any.
26. Provide periodic input and guidance as to the overall assessment of performance by internal audit and review its effectiveness, including compliance with The Institute of Internal Auditors' *Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing*.
27. Ensure there are no unjustified restrictions or limitations, and review and concur in the appointment, replacement, reassignment or dismissal of key internal audit team members.
28. On a regular basis, meet separately with internal audit to discuss any matters that committee or internal audit believes should be discussed privately.

Compliance Oversight Responsibilities

29. Review with the Company's General Counsel (or, in the absence of such officer, other legal counsel of the Company) legal matters that have been brought to the Committee's attention, or matters that have been brought to the General Counsel's attention, that may have a material impact on the Company's financial statements or the Company's compliance policies and internal controls, as well as any material reports or inquiries received from regulatory bodies.
30. Discuss with management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any employee complaints or published reports which raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies.
31. Establish and periodically review procedures for: (i) the receipt, retention, and treatment of all types of complaints and issues received by the Company (such as but not limited to legal, ethical, code of conduct, accounting, internal controls or auditing matters) and (ii) the confidential, anonymous submissions by employees regarding these matters.
32. Review the results of management's investigations of such complaints, issues and submissions and follow-up as to any instances of noncompliance.
33. Review and assess on at least an annual basis the Company's hiring policies with regard to employees or former employees of the independent auditor.
34. Obtain from the independent auditor assurance that Section 10A(b) of the Exchange Act has not been implicated.

The responsibilities and duties set forth herein are the sole responsibility of the Committee and may not be allocated to a different committee.

V. Additional Powers

The Committee shall have the power to conduct or authorize investigations into any matters within the Committee's scope of responsibilities.

The Committee shall have the authority to form, and delegate to, one or more subcommittees as it deems necessary or appropriate.

The Committee shall have the sole authority, to the extent it deems necessary or appropriate, to retain and engage advisers for advice and assistance, including any independent accounting or legal counsel, and shall have the sole authority to approve the advisers' fees and other retention terms.

The Committee shall advise the Company of the funding requirements necessary to pay (i) the auditors for the purpose of rendering the audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services, (ii) any other advisers employed by the audit committee, and (iii) ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

The Committee shall have such other authority and responsibilities as may be assigned to it from time to time by the Board.

VI. Reports to Shareholders and Board

The Committee shall prepare the report of the Committee for inclusion in the Company's annual proxy statement in accordance with applicable rules and regulations of the Commission.

The Committee shall regularly report to the Board regarding the status and disposition of the above matters.

VII. Annual Committee Review

The Committee shall conduct an annual review and self-evaluation to determine whether it is functioning effectively and report on such review and evaluation to the Board. The Committee shall annually review and reassess the adequacy of (i) its Audit and Non-Audit Services Pre-Approval Policy, (ii) the Company's Policy regarding Employment Relationships with Independent Auditor and (iii) this Charter and recommend any proposed changes to this Charter to the Board for approval.

VIII. Disclosure

This Charter shall be posted on the Company's website.

IX. Relationship with Auditors and Board

The Company's independent auditors are ultimately accountable to the Board and to the Committee, as representatives of the shareholders of the Company.

While the Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, its function is one of oversight, and it is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or other applicable rules and regulations. The planning and conduct of the audit is the responsibility of the independent auditor and the financial statements are the responsibility of management.

Last Revised: October 29, 2019

Reviewed & Approved by the Audit Committee: October 29, 2019