

Gym Topco Limited

Q3 report as of and for the
nine months ended 30 September 2018

Business overview and strategy

PureGym is the largest operator of gyms in the United Kingdom, both by number of gyms and members. As of 30 September 2018, the Group operated 218 gyms (30 September 2017: 186) across the UK and had 1.0m members (30 September 2017: 0.9m).

PureGym has a powerful and highly disruptive customer proposition that is differentiated from traditional UK gym operators and appeals to a broad range of consumers. The key elements of the proposition include affordable membership fees, no fixed term contracts, and "24x7x365" access to high quality gyms. The proposition is underpinned by PureGym's differentiated low cost, capital efficient, and technology-enabled gym operating model, which enables our gyms to support high levels of membership, operate on low costs, and generate strong unit economics, cash flow conversion, and ROCE.

The group's strategy is to continue to roll out new gyms with high returns on capital, as well as driving the operational and financial performance of its existing gym estate.



Presentation of financial information

Unless otherwise indicated, the financial information presented in this report is the historical consolidated financial information of Gym Topco Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). The report does not include any historical financial information relating to Pinnacle Bidco plc (the "Issuer"), which is the immediate parent company of Gym Topco Limited, as it was incorporated on 30 October 2017 and as a result limited historical information is available in relation to the Issuer.

The Group has prepared consolidated financial statements as of and for the nine months ended 30 September 2018 in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the European Union.

Director/Officer Change

Alex Wood joined PureGym in early September as an Executive Director, succeeding Adam Bellamy as PureGym's Chief Financial Officer. Alex joins PureGym from Gala Bingo, where he was CFO and Interim CEO. Prior to that, Alex was Group Mergers & Acquisitions Director of Gala Coral Group and a Director at KPMG, where he spent the majority of his career in corporate finance.

As previously announced, Adam Bellamy stepped down from his role as an Executive Director of the Group after six successful years with PureGym. Adam remains on the Board as a Non-Executive Director.

Ownership and funding

On 30 November 2017 Gym Topco Limited and subsidiaries (the "Company") were acquired by the group of companies known as Leonard Green & Partners LP ("LGP", collectively the "Group"). LGP restructured the Group's finances such that as at 31 December 2017, the Company was party to a £420 million financing facility with five international institutions (Barclays Bank PLC, Jefferies Finance LLC, Royal Bank of Canada, Credit Suisse AG and ING Bank N.V), collectively the "Lenders" consisting of a £360 million bridging loan and a £60 million revolving credit facility agreement.

On 24 January 2018, the bridging loan was replaced with £360 million of 6.375% senior secured notes for which Gym Topco Limited and certain subsidiaries are guarantors.

On 22 June 2018, the Group acquired Ovalhouse Limited (trading as Soho Gyms). The acquisition was initially financed through a £25 million drawing under the Revolving Credit Facility. On 20 July, the Group announced that it had secured commitment to issue £30 million of 6.375% Senior Secured Notes via a private placing, to repay the £25 million drawing made under the Revolving Credit Facility. With the issuance of the additional notes, Senior Secured Notes due in 2025 now total £390 million.

The Group's facilities provide additional headroom both for its working capital requirements and for the roll out of new gyms in line with its strategy.



Q3 2018 highlights

Financial highlights – Q3 2018 vs Q3 2017

- Revenue increased by 15.5% to £57.3 million.
- Average number of members per gym reduced to 4,774 (Q3 2017: 4,992) due to the inclusion of Soho gyms and 2 new SBF gyms
- Average revenue per member per month increased by 3.5% to £18.70.
- Adjusted EBITDA increased by 9.3% to £19.7 million.
- Adjusted EBITDA margin remained strong at 34.5% in Q3 2018.
- Operating cashflow conversion of 66.9% of Adjusted EBITDA.

Financial highlights – nine months to 30 September 2018

- Revenue increased by 16.4% to £170.6 million.
- Average number of members per gym reduced to 5,023 (2017: 5,110) due to the inclusion of Soho gyms and 2 new SBF gyms.
- Average revenue per member per month increased by 3.1% to £18.45.
- Adjusted EBITDA increased by 17.8% to £62.3 million[1].
- Strong adjusted EBITDA margin of 36.5% in the nine months to 30 September 2018 compared to 36.1% in the first nine months of 2017.
- Operating cashflow conversion of 89.1% of Adjusted EBITDA, compared to 97.0% in the nine months to 30 September 2017.

Operational highlights – Q3 2018

- Number of members increased by 10.5% year on year to 1,020k as at 30 September 2018.
- Continued rollout of new sites and investment in estate with 218 gyms trading at period end, an increase of 23 PureGyms and 9 gyms operating under the Soho model compared to 30 September 2017.
- Good progress with planned refurbishment of selected mature sites across 2018.
- Following the acquisition of Soho Gyms in Q2 2018, consisting of 10 fitness clubs based in prime London locations, one Soho Gym has now been converted to the PureGym brand.



[1] YTD Adjusted EBITDA includes a £0.8m restatement to reduce the non-cash rent adjustment for the 6 months ended 30 June 2018.

Results of operations

Quarter 3 2018 compared with Quarter 3 2017

Revenue

Revenue increased by 15.5% to £57.3 million from £49.6 million in 2017. An analysis of revenue by product line is as follows:

£m	Q3 2018	Q3 2017	% change
Member income	52.9	45.8	+15.6%
Vending income	1.6	1.5	+5.2%
Other income	2.8	2.3	+20.1%
Total	57.3	49.6	+15.5%

Member income, comprising membership fees and joining fees, grew by 15.6% to £52.9 million in Q3. This was primarily a result of the contribution from new gyms opened during the quarter, the higher proportion of mature gyms in the portfolio compared to 2017 and the increased yield resulting from Extra and Multi products, which are charged at a premium to members. The Multi product provides members with the ability to attend more than one gym, whilst Extra provides further additional benefits, such as the ability to book exercise classes earlier than standard members.

Vending income increased 5.2% while other income, which reflects sales of day passes, income from personal trainers and promotional income, grew by 20.1%.

Adjusted EBITDA

Administrative expenses before exceptional items increased 14.4% to £46.5 million in Q3 2018 from £40.7 million in Q3 2017. The increase is primarily a result of the growth in the number of trading PureGyms from 186 to 218, and investment in the group's head office function to support further strong growth.

Reflecting this, Adjusted EBITDA increased by 9.3% to £19.7 million, with the margin remaining strong at 34.5% in Q3 2018 compared to 36.4% in Q3 2017.

Exceptional items

Exceptional items were £0.4m in Q3 2018, relating to the acquisition, transition and integration of Soho Gyms. Exceptional items in Q3 2017 totaled £1.9m and primarily relate to costs associated with the sale of the group to Leonard Green & Partners LP.

Net finance costs

Net finance costs decreased by 16.4% to £6.9 million in Q3 2018 compared to £8.3 million in 2017, following the Group's refinancing in January 2018.

Tax charge

Our income tax expense for the quarter ended 30 September 2018, based on the Group's expected effective tax rate for the year ending 31 December 2018, was £0.8 million, an increase of £0.1 million compared to an expense of £0.7 million in the quarter ended 30 September 2017.



Results of operations

Nine months ended 30 September 2018 compared with the nine months ended 30 September 2017

Revenue

Revenue increased by 16.4% to £170.6 million, from £146.6 million in 2017. An analysis of revenue by product line is as follows:

£m	For the nine months ended 30 Sep 2018	For the nine months ended 30 Sep 2017	% change
Member income	**157.9**	135.9	+16.2
Vending income	**5.0**	4.5	+11.9
Other income	**7.7**	6.3	+22.1
Total	**170.6**	146.6	**+16.4**

Member income, comprising membership fees and joining fees, grew by 16.2% to £157.9 million in the period. This was primarily a result of the contribution from new gyms opened during the year, the higher proportion of mature gyms in the portfolio compared to 2017 and the increased average revenue per member resulting from Extra and Multi products.

Vending income grew by 11.9%, ahead of the 10.5% growth in member numbers. Other income grew by 22.1% and comprises mainly income from sales of day passes, income from personal trainers and promotional income.

Adjusted EBITDA

Administrative expenses before exceptional items increased 12.9% to £134.3 million in 2018 from £119.0 million in 2017. This increase was primarily a result of the growth in the number of trading PureGyms from 186 to 218.

Overall, adjusted EBITDA increased by 17.8% to £62.3 million, corresponding to a strong adjusted EBITDA margin of 36.5% in the nine months to 30 September 2018, compared to 36.1% in the first nine months of 2017.

Exceptional items

Exceptional items were £0.9 million in 2018 (2017: £2.0 million). The costs in 2018 related to the acquisition of Ovalhouse Limited (trading as Soho Gyms) and subsequent integration and transition of those gyms to the PureGym model. The costs in 2017 primarily relate to the sale of the group to Leonard Green & Partners LP.

Net finance costs

Net finance costs decreased by 17.6% to £20.4 million in 2018, compared to £24.7 million in 2017, following the Group's refinancing in January 2018.

Tax charge

Our income tax expense for the 9 months ended 30 September 2018 was £2.3 million, a decrease of £0.1 million compared to £2.4 million in the nine months ended 30 September 2017.

Cashflow and Liquidity

Summary of cashflow statement £m	As of and for the quarter ended 30 September 2018	 2017	As of and for the nine months ended 30 September 2018	 2017
Net cash generated from operating activities	17.2	14.9	59.2	35.9
Net cash used in investing activities	(6.8)	(9.5)	(42.2)	(23.4)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(11.0)	1.4	3.0	4.1
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**(0.6)**	**6.8**	**20.0**	**16.6**
Cash and cash equivalents on the first day of the period	15.8	24.3	(4.8)	14.5
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	**15.1**	31.1	**15.1**	31.1

Net cash generated from operating activities

Net cash generated from operating activities was £17.2 million for the quarter ended 30 September 2018, compared to £14.9 million cash generated from operating activities in the same period in 2017. The improvement versus 2017 is primarily due to lower interest payments following the Group's refinancing in January 2018.

Operating cashflow conversion on Adjusted EBITDA remained strong at 89% for the nine months to 30 September. This is down from 97% for the nine months to 30 September 2017 due to working capital fluctuations and planned maintenance and refurbishment capex investment in period.

Net cash outflow from investing activities

Net cash outflow from investing activities decreased to £6.8 million in Q3 2018, compared to £9.5 million in Q3 2017, reflecting the impact of consolidating Soho Gyms in the period. Excluding the impact of the Soho acquisition, net cash outflow from investing activities totalled £10.1m, an increase of £0.6m on Q3 2017.

Net cash generated from financing

Net cash generated from financing was £3.0 million in the nine months ending 30 September 2018 due to an increase in intergroup borrowings.

Capital expenditure

The following table shows our capital expenditure for the periods indicated

£m	As of and for the quarter ended 30 September 2018	 2017	As of and for the nine months ended 30 Sep 2018	 2017
Expansionary Capital Expenditure	5.2	7.8	16.6	19.9
Maintenance and Corporate Capital Expenditure	4.7	1.9	7.6	4.2
Total Capital Expenditure	9.9	9.7	24.2	24.1

Estate summary

The Group opened 4 new organic gyms and completed one Soho conversion in Q3 2018 and has opened 16 new organic gyms and one Soho conversion in the first nine months of 2018, compared to 4 new gyms in Q3 2017 and 14 in the first nine months of 2017. The Group did not close or relocate any gyms during Q3 2018 and had 218 trading gyms operating as at 30 September 2018, including 9 operating under the Soho Gyms brand. Of the 10 acquired Soho sites, one has now converted to the PureGym brand.

Key performance indicators

£m	As of and for the quarter ended 30 September 2018	2017	As of and for the nine months ended 30 Sep 2018	2017	Last 12 months as of and for the year ended 30 Sep 2018
Total number of PureGyms	209	186	209	186	209
Total number of unconverted Soho Gyms	9	-	9	-	9
Total number of gyms	218	186	218	186	218
Total number of Mature Gyms	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total number of members ('000s)	1,020	923	1,020	923	1,020
Average number of members per PureGym gym	4,774	4,992	5,023	5,110	4,887
Average revenue per PureGym member per month (£)	18.70	18.06	18.45	17.89	18.36
Adjusted EBITDA (£ million)	19.7	18.1	62.3[1]	52.9	80.9
Adjusted EBITDA margin	34.5%	36.4%	36.5%	36.1%	36.4%
Gym Site Adjusted EBITDA (£ million)	25.6	22.4	78.0	65.2	101.2
Gym Site Adjusted EBITDA margin	44.7%	45.1%	45.7%	44.5%	45.6%
Run-Rate Adjusted EBITDA (£ million)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	93.4
Operating Cash Flow (£ million)	13.2	18.5	55.5	51.3	71.6
Operating Cash Flow Conversion	66.9%	102.1%	89.1%	97.0%	88.6%
Pro Forma Net Debt (£ million)	379.3	n/a	379.3	n/a	379.3
Ratio of Pro Forma Net Debt to Group Run-Rate Adjusted EBITDA (L12M)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4.1x
Ratio of Run Rate Adjusted EBITDA to Pro Forma Net Interest Expense	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3.6x
Mature gym EBITDA (£ million)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Average mature gym EBITDA (£'000)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Average mature gym EBITDA margin	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Average mature gym ROCE	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Average initial capital investment for mature gyms (£'000)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

[1] YTD Adjusted EBITDA includes a £0.8m restatement to reduce the non-cash rent adjustment for the 6 months ended 30 June 2018.

Reconciliation from Profit/(Loss) to Adjusted EBITDA and Run-Rate Adjusted EBITDA

£m	As of and for the quarter ended 30 September 2018	2017	As of and for the nine months ended 30 Sep 2018	2017	Last 12 months as of and for the year ended 30 Sep 2018
Profit / (Loss) for the year/period	2.6	(1.9)	12.8	(1.5)	(3.8)
Income tax	0.8	0.7	2.3	2.4	3.4
Net finance cost	6.9	8.3	20.4	24.7	33.4
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7.7	6.7	22.3	19.4	29.3
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	-	-	-	0.2	-
(Profit) / loss on disposal of property, plant & equipment	0.1	0.8	-	0.5	0.2
Exceptional administrative expenses	0.4	1.9	0.9	2.0	12.7
Other extraordinary items	-	0.3	-	1.3	0.5
Pre-Opening Costs	0.6	0.9	1.8	2.2	3.3
Non-Cash Rent Adjustment	0.5	0.5	1.8	1.6	1.9
Adjusted EBITDA	19.7	18.1	62.3[1]	52.9	80.9
Head office costs	5.9	4.3	15.7	12.3	20.3
Site Adjusted EBITDA	25.6	22.4	78.0	65.2	101.2
Adjusted EBITDA	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	80.9
Run-Rate Adjustment	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	12.5
Run-Rate Adjusted EBITDA	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	93.4

[1] YTD Adjusted EBITDA includes a £0.8m restatement to reduce the non-cash rent adjustment for the 6 months ended 30 June 2018.

Further information for noteholders

This report was prepared in accordance with the indenture dated 24 January 2018 among Pinnacle Bidco plc, as issuer, the guarantors named therein, Deutsche Trustee Company Limited, as trustee, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, as paying agent and security agent and Deutsche Bank Luxembourg SA as transfer agent and registrar.

This report may include forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this report, including those regarding the Group's financial position, business and acquisition strategy, plans and objectives of management for future operations are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Group, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding the Group's present and future business strategies and the environment in which the Group will operate in the future. Many factors could cause the Group's actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements should, therefore, be construed in light of such risk factors and undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. The Group expressly disclaims any obligations or undertaking, except as required by applicable law and applicable regulations to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in the Group's expectations with regard thereto or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Use of non-IFRS financial information

Certain parts of this report contain non-IFRS measures and ratios. The Group believes that these measures are useful indicators of our ability to incur and service our indebtedness and can assist certain investors, security analysts and other interested parties in evaluating us. Because all companies do not calculate these measures on a consistent basis, our presentation of these measures may not be comparable to measures under the same or similar names used by other companies. Accordingly, undue reliance should not be placed on these measures in this report. In particular, Adjusted EBITDA and Run Rate Adjusted EBITDA are not measures of our financial performance or liquidity under IFRS and should not be considered as an alternative to (a) net income/(loss) for the period as a measure of our operating performance, (b) cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as a measure of our ability to meet our cash needs or (c) any other measures of performance under IFRS. The Group defines our non-IFRS measures as set forth on page 10.

Risks

The Directors are responsible for the Company's risk management and monitor risks on an on-going basis to ensure these are being appropriately mitigated in line with its risk appetite. The Directors consider that the principal risks and uncertainties which could have a material impact on the Group's performance over the 2018 financial year remain substantially the same as those stated on pages 10 to 21 of our Annual Report and Accounts for the 52 weeks ended 31 December 2017, which is available on our website corporate.puregym.com.

Glossary

"Average Revenue per Member per Month"
revenue for that period divided by the number of months in that period and further divided by the average number of members during that period. The average number of members during that period is calculated as the average of the number of members as of the beginning of the first month and the end of every month in that period.

"Adjusted EBITDA"
the Group's profit or loss for a certain period before income tax expense, net finance cost, depreciation of property, plant and equipment, amortisation of intangible fixed assets, profit/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, exceptional administrative expenses, and other extraordinary items, after adding back Pre-Opening Costs and the Non-Cash Rent Adjustment.

"Adjusted EBITDA margin"
Adjusted EBITDA for that period divided by revenue for that period.

"Expansionary Capital Expenditure"
the Initial Capital Investment and the capital costs of expanding gym sites incurred in that period.

"Gym Site Adjusted EBITDA"
Adjusted EBITDA for that period, excluding Head Office Costs.

"Head Office Costs"
all non-gym specific costs, other than depreciation and amortisation, related to the operation of head office functions in a given period.

"Initial Capital Investment"
the capital cost of bringing a new gym into operation, including expenditures on site fit out, fixtures, fittings and equipment.

"Large Box Format (LBF)"
Large Box Format (LBF) gyms are gyms that are typically 15,000-20,000 square feet in size.

"Maintenance and Corporate Capital Expenditures"
the total capital expenditure incurred in a period less Expansionary Capital Expenditure incurred in that period.

"Mature Gym EBITDA"
profit for a certain period before income tax expense, net finance cost, depreciation of property, plant and equipment, amortisation of intangible fixed assets, profit/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, exceptional administrative expenses and Head Office Costs for Mature Gyms. Mature Gym EBITDA does not include the Non-Cash Rent Adjustment or adjustments for Pre-Opening Costs or other extraordinary items that were added back to Group Adjusted EBITDA and Gym Site Adjusted EBITDA.

"Mature gyms"
the Group's gyms that have been open as PureGyms for 24 months or more as of the end of the relevant reporting period.

"Net Debt"
as total senior indebtedness of the Group less cash and cash equivalents.

"New gyms"
the Group's gyms that have been open as Pure Gyms for less than 24 months as of the end of the relevant reporting period.

"Non-Cash Rent Adjustment"
adding back the non-cash rent expense charged to the income statement in the period (less amounts added back as part of Pre-Opening Costs), as management believes that this is a better reflection of our actual earnings. This is because the Group typically receive a rent-free period of one year or more as an incentive from developers or property owners to lease space in their buildings. Under IFRS, the benefit of this rent-free period is spread out over the life of the lease (as a deduction in the rent payable over the entire lease period), even though on a cash basis, the Group have no cash outlay for the rent-free period.

"Number of gyms"
the total number of gyms that are open and trading under the PureGym, LA Fitness Group and Soho Gym brands as well as the total number of LA Fitness and Soho Gyms that are closed and in the process of being converted to PureGyms, as of the specified date or the end date of the relevant period.

"Number of members"
the total number of active members, including the total number of members who have suspended ("freeze" or "frozen") their memberships, of PureGym (for the period subsequent to our acquisition of LA Fitness and Soho gyms and prior to our completing the conversion or disposition of LA Fitness and Soho branded gyms) LA Fitness and Soho branded gyms, but excluding the total number of members who have cancelled their memberships and the total number of pre-opening members of organic gyms that have yet to open, as of a specified date or the end date of the relevant period.

"Operating Cash Flow"
Group Adjusted EBITDA plus Working Capital Cash Flow (as adjusted for the non-cash Rent Adjustment) and less Maintenance and Corporate Capital Expenditures for that period.

"Operating Cash Flow Conversion"
Group Operating Cash Flow for that period divided by Group Adjusted EBITDA for that period.

"Pre-Opening Costs"
the total of all gym site operating costs incurred during the pre-opening periods of gyms in that period. Pre-Opening Costs primarily consist of staff, marketing and rent expenses.

"Pro forma"
giving pro forma effect to the issuance of the Senior Secured Notes as if they were issued on 1 January 2017.

"Pro forma interest cover"
The ratio of Run-Rate Adjusted EBITDA for the most recently ended four consecutive fiscal quarters, in each case on a Pro Forma basis to the sum of consolidated interest expense during the most recently ended four consecutive fiscal quarters.

"Pro forma net interest expense"
represents the net of interest payable/receivable for the twelve months ended on the reporting date after giving pro forma effect to the recent refinancing and the application of the proceeds therefrom as if the £360m bond issue occurred on 1 January 2017.

"PureGyms"
the combined New Gym and Mature Gym portfolios.

"ROCE"
EBITDA divided by Initial Capital Investment and refers to return on capital employed.

"Run-Rate Adjustment"
the adjustment made to those gyms which are less than three years old at the end of the reporting period. These adjustments replace the Adjusted EBITDA earned by these sites in the last twelve month period with the projected Adjusted EBITDA for their third year of operation.

"Run-Rate Adjusted EBITDA"
Group Adjusted EBITDA including Run-Rate Adjustments.

"Small Box Format (SBF)"
Small Box Format (SBF) gyms are gyms that are typically 5,000-8,000 square feet in size.

"Soho Gyms"
The trading name of Ovalhouse Limited.

"Working Capital Cash Flow"
cash movements in working capital less the Non-Cash Rent Adjustment.

Gym Topco Limited

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for the 9 months ended 30 September 2018

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Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the 9 months ended 30 September 2018

	Note	**9 months ended 30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000**	9 months ended 30 September 2017 (Unaudited) £'000
Revenue	2	**170,563**	146,580
Other administrative expenses		**(134,293)**	(118,988)
Exceptional administrative expenses	4	**(865)**	(1,956)
Administrative expenses		**(135,158)**	(120,944)
Operating profit	3	**35,405**	25,636
Finance income		**39**	34
Finance costs		**(20,384)**	(24,731)
Profit before income tax		**15,060**	939
Income tax charge	5	**(2,279)**	(2,391)
Profit for the period		**12,781**	(1,452)
Total comprehensive income for the period		**12,781**	(1,452)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 September 2018

	Note	**30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000**	31 December 2017 (Audited) £'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	**186,436**	179,216
Intangible assets	7	**189,057**	170,695
Deferred tax asset		**6,535**	8,160
		382,028	358,071
Current assets			
Inventories		**1,026**	1,160
Trade and other receivables		**17,482**	15,477
Cash and cash equivalents		**15,161**	173
		33,669	16,810
TOTAL ASSETS		**415,697**	374,881
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		**(76,876)**	(70,391)
Borrowings	8	**(1,252)**	(5,949)
		(78,128)	(76,340)
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	8	**(363,095)**	(336,848)
		(363,095)	(336,848)
TOTAL LIABILITIES		**(441,223)**	(413,188)
NET LIABILITIES		**(25,526)**	(38,307)
Equity			
Share Capital	11	**16**	16
Share premium account		**48,882**	34,376
Capital contribution reserve		**-**	14,506
Merger reserve		**922**	922
Retained earnings		**(75,346)**	(88,127)
TOTAL EQUITY		**(25,526)**	(38,307)

Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

for the 9 months ended 30 September 2018

	Note	**9 months to 30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000**	9 months to 30 September 2017 (Unaudited) £'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations (pre exceptional items)	12	**61,230**	52,044
Exceptional costs paid		**(739)**	(1,956)
Bank interest and similar charges paid		**(166)**	(12,084)
Bank interest received		**39**	34
Loan note interest paid		**(686)**	-
Interest element of finance lease payments		**(221)**	(325)
Issue costs from bank borrowings		**-**	(1,500)
UK corporation tax		**(300)**	(299)
Net cash generated from operating activities		**59,157**	35,914
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of subsidiary undertakings	15	**(18,254)**	-
Net cash acquired with subsidiary undertakings	15	**312**	-
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	6	**(24,441)**	(24,123)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipment		**195**	692
Net cash used in investing activities		**(42,188)**	(23,431)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issue of share capital		**-**	12
Repayment of bank borrowings		**(2,762)**	-
Proceeds from borrowings	13	**-**	5,122
Capital element of finance lease payments	13	**(759)**	(1,000)
Proceeds from intercompany borrowings	13	**6,525**	-
Net cash generated from financing activities		**3,004**	4,134
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		**19,973**	16,617
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		**(4,842)**	14,486
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	13	**15,131**	31,103

Condensed Consolidated Statement of changes in Equity

for the 9 months ended 30 September 2018

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Merger reserve £'000	Capital contribution reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
Balance as at 1 January 2017	**12**	**71**	**922**	**-**	**(70,077)**	**(69,072)**
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	(1,452)	(1,452)
Proceeds from shares issued	-	12	-	-	-	12
Balance as at 30 September 2017	**12**	**83**	**922**	**-**	**(71,529)**	**(70,512)**
Balance as at 1 January 2018	**16**	**34,376**	**922**	**14,506**	**(88,127)**	**(38,307)**
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	**-**	**-**	**-**	-	12,781	**12,781**
Proceeds from shares issued	-	14,506	-	(14,506)	-	-
Balance as at 30 September 2018	**16**	**48,882**	**922**	**-**	**(75,346)**	**(25,526)**

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

1 General information

Gym Topco Limited is a Company incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006 and is a private company. The address of the company's registered office is Town Centre House, Merrion Centre, Leeds, West Yorkshire, LS2 8LY. The condensed financial statements are unaudited and were approved by the Board of Directors on 20 November 2018.

This financial information for the nine months ended 30 September 2018, including comparative financial information, has been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out in the last annual report and accounts (with the exception of new standards applied in the period and the basis of consolidation as noted below) and in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the European Union. This report does not include all the notes of the type normally included in an annual financial report and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

In preparing the condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the group's accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same, in all material respects, as those applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

New standards

Certain new accounting standards and amendments were issued during the period but have not been applied in preparing this report as they have not yet come into effect:

- *IFRS 16 Leases* will result in almost all leases being recognised on the balance sheet, as the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals are recognised. The only exceptions are short-term and low-value leases. The standard will affect primarily the accounting for the group's property leases. As at the reporting date, the group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of £492,110,000 (note 14). The group is currently in the process of reviewing its leases against the guidance but has not yet determined to what extent these commitments will result in the recognition of an asset and a liability for future payments and how this will affect the group's profit and classification of cash flows. The standard is mandatory for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and at this stage, the group does not intend to adopt the standard before its effective date.

On the 1 January 2018 IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* and IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* became mandatory standards. Management have performed an assessment for the potential impact of these new standards and concluded that they have not resulted in any changes to existing accounting policies or treatment.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued)

Going concern assumption

The group meets its day to day working capital requirements through its cash reserves and borrowing facilities (as detailed in note 8). The group's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the group should be able to operate within its existing facilities. Taking into account the nature and maturity profile of its liabilities, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue to remain a going concern for the foreseeable future and therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Information extracted from 2017 Annual Report

The financial figures for the year ended 31 December 2017, as set out in this report, do not constitute statutory accounts but are derived from the statutory accounts for that financial year.

The statutory accounts for the year ended 31 December 2017 were prepared under IFRS and have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies. The audit report was unqualified, did not draw attention to any matters by way of emphasis and did not include a statement under Section 498(2) or 498(3) of the Companies Act 2006.

2 Revenue

Revenue relates wholly to sales in the United Kingdom and is analysed by service or product as follows:

	9 months ended 30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	9 months ended 30 September 2017 (Unaudited) £'000
Member income	**157,920**	135,852
Vending income	**4,983**	4,452
Other income	**7,660**	6,276
	170,563	146,580

Pure Gym experiences a small degree of seasonality. The majority of members join in January, February and March, and joiner rates also increase in September and October. Seasonality is generally positively driven by consumers' desire to improve their fitness at the start of the year and the start of new university and school terms, and is negatively driven by Christmas and summer holidays. Marketing expenditure is generally focused around peak joining periods, particularly the January/February period.

Member income and the majority of other income is recognised over time to reflect the period over which the customer receives the services provided. Vending income is recognised at a point in time.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued)

3 Operating profit

A reconciliation from operating profit to Group EBITDA is as follows:

	9 months ended 30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	9 months ended 30 September 2017 (Unaudited) £'000
Operating profit	**35,405**	25,636
Depreciation	**22,328**	19,437
Amortisation	**-**	229
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	**16**	539
Exceptional costs (note 4)	**865**	1,956
Group EBITDA	**58,614**	47,797

4 Exceptional items

Items that are material either because of their size or their nature, and that are non-recurring are considered as exceptional items and are presented within the line items to which they best relate. These items are analysed further below:

	9 months ended 30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	9 months ended 30 September 2017 (Unaudited) £'000
Costs relating to acquisition of subsidiary undertaking	**592**	-
Integration and transition costs	**273**	43
Costs relating to the private sale	**-**	2,275
Costs relating to the Initial Public Offering	**-**	(362)
	865	1,956

On the 21 June 2018 the group purchased the entire share capital of Ovalhouse Limited (see note 15) and in doing so incurred costs of £592,000 associated with the acquisition (9 months ended 30 September 2017: £nil) and a further £273,000 of non-recurring costs associated with the transition and integration of the Soho business into the Pure Gym model (9 months ended 30 September 2017: £43,000 of residual costs associated with the integration and transition of LA Fitness sites following the acquisition in May 2015).

During the 9 months ended 30 September 2017, the group was in the process of a private sale of the business, resulting in non-recurring, exceptional professional fees of £2,275,000.

4 Exceptional items (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2016 the group made plans to proceed with an initial public offering ("IPO") of Pure Gym onto the London Stock Exchange. Subsequently the group decided that executing an IPO in volatile market conditions would not be in the long-term interests of the group and its stakeholders and decided not to proceed. Following confirmation of previously estimated fees, a credit of £362,000 arose in the prior year upon release of surplus accruals.

5 Income tax

	9 months ended 30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	9 months ended 30 September 2017 (Unaudited) £'000
Current tax:		
- UK Corporation tax charge on profit for the period	**957**	1,753
Total current tax charge	**957**	1,753
Deferred tax:		
- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	**1,322**	510
- Adjustments in respect of prior periods	**-**	128
Total deferred tax charge	**1,322**	638
Total tax charge in the condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income	**2,279**	2,391

The charge for taxation for the 9 months to 30 September 2018 is based on the estimated effective rate of 19% (30 September 2017 – 19.25%).

6 Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold costs £'000	Leasehold improvements £'000	Fixtures & Fittings £'000	IT equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost					
1 January 2017	6,863	140,318	78,365	4,592	230,138
Additions	1,091	25,206	11,238	1,588	39,123
Disposals	(20)	(2,482)	(997)	(168)	(3,667)
31 December 2017	**7,934**	**163,042**	**88,606**	**6,012**	**265,594**
Depreciation					
1 January 2017	1,419	28,683	29,865	2,207	62,174
Charge for the period	496	12,826	11,796	1,264	26,382
Disposals	(18)	(1,338)	(755)	(67)	(2,178)
31 December 2017	**1,897**	**40,171**	**40,906**	**3,404**	**86,378**
Net book value					
31 December 2017	**6,037**	**122,871**	**47,700**	**2,608**	**179,216**

	Leasehold costs £'000	Leasehold improvements £'000	Fixtures & Fittings £'000	IT equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost					
1 January 2018	7,934	163,042	88,606	6,012	265,594
Additions	534	15,490	7,272	1,145	24,441
Disposals	-	(608)	(657)	(226)	(1,491)
Acquisitions (see note 15)	-	3,869	1,449	-	5,318
30 September 2018	**8,468**	**181,793**	**96,670**	**6,931**	**293,862**
Depreciation					
1 January 2018	1,897	40,171	40,906	3,404	86,378
Charge for the period	417	10,974	9,709	1,228	22,328
Disposals	-	(491)	(562)	(227)	(1,280)
30 September 2018	**2,314**	**50,654**	**50,053**	**4,405**	**107,426**
Net book value					
30 September 2018	**6,154**	**131,139**	**46,617**	**2,526**	**186,436**

7 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £'000	Brands £'000	Customer Lists £'000	Total £'000
Cost				
1 January 2017 & 31 December 2017	170,695	1,217	1,375	173,287
Accumulated amortisation				
1 January 2017	-	1,217	1,146	2,363
Charge for the period	-	-	229	229
31 December 2017	-	1,217	1,375	2,592
Net book value				
31 December 2017	**170,695**	**-**	**-**	**170,695**

	Goodwill £'000	Brands £'000	Customer Lists £'000	Total £'000
Cost				
1 January 2018	170,695	1,217	1,375	173,287
Additions in the period (note 15)	18,362	-	-	18,362
30 September 2018	189,057	1,217	1,375	191,649
Accumulated amortisation				
1 January 2018	-	1,217	1,375	2,592
Charge for the period	-	-	-	-
30 September 2018	-	1,217	1,375	2,592
Net book value				
30 September 2018	**189,057**	**-**	**-**	**189,057**

A full impairment review of goodwill was performed as at 31 December 2017 and there have been no indicators of impairment since that date.

8 Borrowings

Current

	30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) £'000
Finance leases	**1,222**	934
Bank overdraft	**30**	5,015
	1,252	5,949

Non-current

	30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) £'000
Finance leases	**3,220**	3,535
Amounts owed to group undertakings	**359,875**	333,313
	363,095	336,848

Maturity profile

	30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) £'000
Within 1 year	**1,252**	5,949
Between 1 and 2 years	**1,294**	934
Between 2 and 5 years	**1,926**	2,601
After 5 years	**359,875**	333,313
	364,347	342,797

Intercompany balances have a right of offset and can be settled net within the group. Amounts owed to group undertakings accrue interest at 8% and are repayable on 30 November 2027.

8 Borrowings (continued)

Bank loans and overdrafts

On 30 November 2017 the Gym Topco group restructured its financing and in doing so repaid its bank loans in full and became party to a £420 million group bridging facility with five international institutions (Barclays Bank PLC, Royal Bank of Canada, Credit Suisse AG, ING Bank N.V. and Jefferies Finance LLC, collectively "the Lenders"), consisting of a £360 million bridging loan repayable in full on 30 November 2017 and a £60 million revolving credit facility agreement repayable on 30 November 2024, held by parent company, Pinnacle Bidco plc.

Both facilities were secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets and undertakings of certain subsidiaries of the Gym Topco group.

On 24 January 2018 the £360 million bridging loan was repaid and replaced with a £360 million senior secured notes issue for which Gym Topco Limited and certain of its subsidiaries are guarantors. A further £30 million of senior secured notes were issued on 27 July 2018, taking the total to £390 million. The notes are held by parent company Pinnacle Bidco plc, accrue interest at a rate of 6.375% payable half yearly in February and August, commencing August 2018, and are due to be repaid in full on 15 February 2025.

The £60 million revolving facility remains in place and will be subject to quarterly covenant testing of its adjusted leverage ratio from September 2018 onwards. At 30 September 2018 the total amount undrawn on the revolving credit facility was £60 million (31 December 2017: £55 million).

Prior to the refinancing, the group was party to a £240 million committed financing facility with four international banks (Ares Management, Barclays Bank, Goldman Sachs and Haymarket Financial, collectively "the Lenders"). This facility consisted of a £150 million term loan, a £75 million capex facility and a £15 million overdraft facility and was subject to quarterly covenant testing of the following ratios: fixed charge cover, adjusted leverage and maximum levels of capital expenditure. All outstanding amounts under this facility were repaid in full on 30 November 2017.

The group has been in compliance with all covenants during the current and prior financial years.

Finance leases

Finance leases are secured against the assets to which they relate.

Loan notes

During the year ended 31 December 2017 the group had £90,969,506 unsecured, non-convertible loan notes in issue accruing interest at a fixed rate of 9.4% (2016: £90,969,506), with principal and interest repayable in full on 23 May 2021, or earlier on sale of the business. On completion of the sale of the Group to the Leonard Green group on 30 November 2017, the loan notes and related interest were repaid in full.

Preference shares

During the year ended 31 December 2017 the group had Preferred A Ordinary shares accruing fixed interest at 9.4% of the issue price. On completion of the sale of the group to the Leonard Green group on 30 November 2017, the preference shares were converted to ordinary share capital and the cumulative accrued interest of £14,822,505 was converted to an amount payable to the new parent company (Pinnacle Bidco plc) and then subsequently waived, creating a capital contribution reserve.

9 Financial instruments

The Group entered into an interest rate cap which restricted the LIBOR element of interest payable on £100 million of its drawn borrowings at a rate not higher than 1.75%. The cap expired in May 2018 and has not been replaced. In accordance with IAS 39, the cap was considered to be closely related to the debt instrument and was therefore not recognised separately as an embedded derivative. The premium payable to acquire the cap was amortised to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt. The Group does not enter into derivative contracts for speculative purposes.

All of the group's financial instruments are classified as loans and receivables. Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values of all of the financial instruments as carried in the financial statements. The fair value of financial derivatives and borrowings are calculated by discounting the future cash flows at prevailing market interest rates, categorised as a Level 2 valuation, as detailed below:

Fair value hierarchy

IFRS 7 requires fair value measurements to be recognised using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in the value measurements:

- Level 1: inputs are quoted prices in active markets
- Level 2: a valuation that uses observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices in active markets; and
- Level 3: a valuation using unobservable inputs i.e. a valuation technique.

There were no transfers between levels throughout the periods under review.

The fair values of the other financial instruments approximates closely with their carrying values.

	Carrying Value		**Fair Value**	
	30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) £'000	**30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000**	31 December 2017 (Audited) £'000
Financial assets				
Trade and other receivables	**3,749**	3,526	**3,749**	3,526
Cash and cash equivalents	**15,161**	173	**15,161**	173
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	**32,271**	31,317	**32,271**	31,317
Finance leases	**4,442**	4,469	**4,442**	3,005
Bank overdrafts	**30**	5,015	**30**	5,015
Bank loan	**-**	360,000	**-**	360,000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	**359,875**	-	**359,875**	-

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued)

10 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks and the Group's objectives, policies and procedures for measuring and managing risk. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The key market risk affecting the group is interest rate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings, deposits and derivative financial instruments.

Interest rate risk

As at 31 December 2017 Pinnacle Bidco plc had a temporary bridging facility in place and therefore only 1% of the group's borrowings were in fixed rate instruments and after taking into account the effect of interest rate caps and finance leases, 29% of the group's borrowings were at fixed rates of interest.

On 24 January 2018, the temporary bridging facility was exchanged for £360 million of senior notes at a fixed rate of 6.375% (with a further £30 million senior secured notes issued in July 2018) thereby limiting the Group's exposure to interest rate risk going forwards to that on the £60 million revolving credit facility only. As at 30 September 2018, 100% of the group's external borrowings were therefore in fixed rate instruments.

The annual impact of a notional 0.5% interest rate movement on its drawn debt as at 30 September 2018 is limited to its overdraft and equates to £nil (31 December 2017: £25,000 relating to the overdraft only). This sensitivity analysis relates to the position as at 30 September 2018 and 31 December 2017. The analysis has been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt and the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt and derivatives are all constant at the amount at those dates.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors. The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and operational liabilities and by maintaining adequate cash reserves. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities:

10 Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

	30 September 2018 (Unaudited)				
	Within 1 year £'000	**Between 1-2 years £'000**	**Between 2-5 years £'000**	**More than 5 years £'000**	**Total £'000**
Trade and other payables	32,271	-	-	-	**32,271**
Borrowings	1,519	1,464	1,987	359,875	**364,845**
Total financial liabilities	**33,790**	**1,464**	**1,987**	**359,875**	**397,116**

	31 December 2017 (Audited)				
	Within 1 year £'000	Between 1-2 years £'000	Between 2-5 years £'000	More than 5 years £'000	Total £'000
Trade and other payables	31,317	-	-	-	**31,317**
Borrowings	6,348	1,207	2,720	333,313	**343,588**
Total financial liabilities	**37,665**	**1,207**	**2,720**	**333,313**	**374,905**

Credit risk

The group's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, trade and other receivables and investments. The group's credit risk is low as it has limited trade receivables. The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

11 Share capital and premium

	30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	**30 September 2018 (Unaudited) No.**	31 December 2017 (Audited) £'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) No.
Allotted				
Ordinary shares of £0.0001	**16**	**156,311,179**	16	156,311,177

On 30 January 18, Gym Topco Limited allotted 2 ordinary shares of £0.0001 each to its sole shareholder Pinnacle Bidco plc, for a total of £14,505,822 satisfied by utilising the capital contribution reserve of the same amount.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued)

12 Reconciliation of profit before tax to cash generated from operations

	30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	30 September 2017 (Unaudited) £'000
Profit before tax	**15,060**	939
Adjustments for:		
Net finance cost	**20,345**	24,697
Depreciation	**22,328**	19,437
Amortisation	**-**	229
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	**16**	539
Exceptional costs	**865**	1,956
Changes in working capital		
Inventories	**169**	165
Trade and other receivables	**(1,030)**	1,069
Trade and other payables	**3,477**	3,013
Cash generated from operations (pre exceptional items)	**61,230**	52,044

13 Analysis of net debt

	1 January 2018 (Audited) £'000	**Acquired £'000**	**Cash flow £'000**	**Non-cash £'000**	**30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000**
Cash at bank and in hand	173	312	14,676	-	**15,161**
Bank overdrafts	(5,015)	-	4,985	-	**(30)**
Cash and cash equivalents	(4,842)	312	19,661	-	**15,131**
Bank loans	-	(2,762)	2,762	-	**-**
Finance leases	(4,469)	(732)	759	-	**(4,442)**
Loan note interest	(686)	-	686	-	**-**
Amounts owed to group undertakings	(333,313)	-	(6,525)	(20,037)	**(359,875)**
	(343,310)	**(3,182)**	**17,343**	**(20,037)**	**(349,186)**

13 Analysis of net debt (continued)

	1 January 2017 (Audited) £'000	Cash flow £'000	Non-cash £'000	30 September 2017 (Unaudited) £'000
Cash at bank and in hand	14,486	16,617	-	**31,103**
Bank loans	(215,000)	-	-	**(215,000)**
Finance leases	(669)	1,000	(5,123)	**(4,792)**
Preference share capital	(34,297)	-	-	**(34,297)**
Preference share interest	(11,556)	-	(2,411)	**(13,967)**
Loan note capital	(90,970)	-	-	**(90,970)**
Loan note interest	(34,702)	-	(8,733)	**(43,435)**
	(372,708)	**17,617**	**(16,267)**	**(371,358)**

14 Capital and other commitments

The group had the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	30 September 2018 (Unaudited) £'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) £'000
Not later than one year	**36,528**	33,518
Later than one year and not later than five years	**151,241**	143,025
Later than five years	**304,341**	306,575
	492,110	483,118

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued)

15 Business combinations

On 21 June 2018, the group acquired 100% of the share capital of Ovalhouse Limited for cash consideration of £18,754,000 with £18,254,000 cash paid on completion and £500,000 deferred, pending successful extension of a property lease. Ovalhouse Limited is registered in the United Kingdom and provides physical fitness facilities across 10 gyms in the London region under the brand of "Soho Gym".

Goodwill of £18,362,000 arising from the acquisition is attributable to the attractive property portfolio, enabling the group to increase its presence in the London market and achieve economies of scale by transitioning the acquired Soho sites to the Pure Gym model. None of the goodwill recognised is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table summarises the consideration paid for Ovalhouse Limited and the fair value of assets and liabilities acquired.

	Fair value £'000
Cash consideration	18,254
Deferred cash consideration	500
Total consideration	**18,754**
Recognised amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed	
Cash and cash equivalents	312
Property, plant and equipment	5,318
Inventories	35
Trade and other receivables	1,022
Trade and other payables	(2,498)
Borrowings (including finance leasing)	(3,494)
Deferred tax liabilities	(303)
Total identifiable net assets	**392**
Residual goodwill arising on acquisition	**18,362**

A purchase price allocation exercise was carried out as part of the acquisition of Ovalhouse Limited, concluding that there are no intangibles assets of significant value and that goodwill represents the attractive property portfolio, the acquired workforce and the revenue and cost synergies of operating the acquired sites within the larger Pure Gym group.

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income of Gym Topco Limited for the nine months ended 30 September 2018 includes revenue and loss before tax contributed by Ovalhouse Limited of £1,771,000 and £128,000 respectively.

PureGym
Town Centre House
Merrion Centre
Leeds
LS2 8LY
United Kingdom

